

**THE CITY OF WEST JORDAN, UTAH
ORDINANCE NO. 21-10**

**AN ORDINANCE REGARDING LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS,
AMENDING THE 2009 WEST JORDAN CITY CODE
(TITLE 13, CHAPTER 13 AND DEFINITIONS IN SECTION 13-2-3)**

WHEREAS, the City of West Jordan (“City”) adopted West Jordan City Code (“City Code”) in 2009; and

WHEREAS, Title 13 of the City Code has been adopted as a set of “Land Use Regulations”, as defined by Utah Code Ann. Subsection 10-9a-103(32) or successor provisions; and

WHEREAS, the City desires to amend and repeal and replace certain sections of the City Code, which have been adopted as Land Use Regulations (“proposed City Code amendments”); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission of the City (“Planning Commission”) held a public hearing on March 2, 2021, and an additional public meeting on March 16, 2021, regarding the proposed City Code amendments, and forwarded a positive recommendation to the City Council of the City (“City Council”) regarding the proposed code amendments; and

WHEREAS, after reviewing the Planning Commission’s recommendation, and after the City Council holding its own public hearing on April 14, 2021 regarding the proposed City Code amendments, and having held an additional public meeting, and having considered additional changes to said provisions of the City Code, the City Council finds it to be in the best interest of the public health, safety, and welfare to adopt the following amendments to the City Code.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WEST JORDAN, UTAH AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Repeal and Replace. Sections 13-13-1 through 13-13-13 inclusive, of Title 13, Chapter 13 of the City Code, are hereby repealed and replaced with the attached Sections 13-13-1 through 13-13-10 inclusive, so that these Sections shall now read as shown on Attachment 1 to this Ordinance.

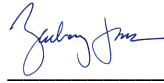
Section 2. Amendment. The definitions in Section 13-2-3 of the City Code are added to or amended so that they shall now read as shown on Attachment 2 to this Ordinance (without affecting any of the other existing definitions in this Section).

Section 3. Severability. If any provision of this Ordinance is declared to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder shall not be affected thereby.

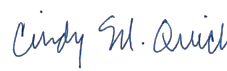

Section 4. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon posting or publication as provided by law and either (i) the Mayor signing the Ordinance, (ii) the City Council duly overriding the veto of the Mayor as provided by law, or (iii) the Mayor failing to sign or veto the Ordinance within fifteen (15) days after the City Council presents the Ordinance to him.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WEST JORDAN, UTAH, THIS 9th DAY OF JUNE, 2021.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN

By: 
Zach Jacob
Council Chair

ATTEST:

 
Cindy M. Quick, MMC
Council Office Clerk

VOTING BY THE CITY COUNCIL

	"YES"	"NO"
Council Chair Zach Jacob	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Vice Chair Kelvin Green	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Chad R. Lamb	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Christopher McConnehey	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member David Pack	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Kayleen Whitelock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Melissa Worthen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



PRESENTED TO THE MAYOR BY THE CITY COUNCIL ON Jun 15, 2021.

Mayor's Action: X Approve Veto

By: 
Mayor Dirk Burton

Jun 15, 2021
Date

ATTEST:



 
Tangee Sloan
City Recorder

STATEMENT OF APPROVAL OE PASSAGE (check one)

 x The Mayor approved and signed Ordinance No. 21-10.

 The Mayor vetoed Ordinance No. 21-10 on _____ and the City Council timely overrode the veto of the Mayor by a vote of _____ to _____.

 Ordinance No. 21-10 became effective by operation of law without the Mayor’s approval or disapproval.

Tangee Sloan
City Recorder

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION

I, Tangee Sloan, certify that I am the City Recorder of the City of West Jordan, Utah, and that the foregoing ordinance was published in the Legal Section, of the Salt Lake Tribune, on the _____ day of _____, 2021 pursuant to Utah Code Annotated, 10-3-711.

Tangee Sloan
City Recorder

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION

I, Tangee Sloan, certify that I am the City Recorder of the City of West Jordan, Utah, and that a short summary of the foregoing ordinance was published on the Utah Public Notice Website on the 15 day of June , 2021. The fully executed copy of the ordinance is retained in the Office of the City Recorder pursuant to Utah Code Annotated, 10-3-711.

Tangee Sloan
City Recorder

(Continued on the following pages)

Attachment 1

**[Attachment to ORDINANCE NO. 21-10
AN ORDINANCE REGARDING LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS,
AMENDING THE 2009 WEST JORDAN CITY CODE
(TITLE 13, CHAPTER 13 AND DEFINITIONS IN SECTION 13-2-3)]**

Clean Version:

CHAPTER 13
LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS

SECTION:

- 13-13-1: Purpose
- 13-13-2: Applicability
- 13-13-3: Fees and Submittals
- 13-13-4: Approvals, Inspections and Bonding
- 13-13-5: Water Efficiency Standards
- 13-13-6: Landscape Requirements for Specific Land Uses
- 13-13-7: Parking Lot Landscaping
- 13-13-8: Landscaped Buffers
- 13-13-9: Adopted Streetscape Plans
- 13-13-10: Landscape Maintenance

13-13-1: PURPOSE:

- A. The city finds that it is in the public interest to conserve public water resources and promote water efficient landscaping through planning and education. The city strives to protect and enhance the community's environmental, economic, recreational, and aesthetic resources by promoting efficient use of water, reducing water waste, and establishing guidelines for design, installation, and maintenance of water efficient and attractive landscaping.

13-13-2: APPLICABILITY:

- A. Except as set forth in subsections B and C of this section, this chapter applies to all new construction and includes all building additions, expansions, changes, or intensification of use, filed after the effective date hereof, which results in a new landscaped area greater than one thousand (1,000) square feet. The landscaping and irrigation plans required by this chapter shall be provided as a condition of building permit issuance. In the case of building expansions, only the expansion area shall be required to meet the requirements of this chapter.
- B. New Single Family Residential Construction. New single family residential is only required to follow section 13-13-5 "Water Efficiency Standards" of this chapter. As an aid, a residential landscape design guide is available from the city and is located on the city's website.

- C. Existing Single Family Residential. Single Family Residential landscaping that exists at the effective date of this chapter is not required to follow the regulations of this chapter. Landscaping can be maintained as installed or the property owner is free to follow the provisions of this chapter. As an aid, a residential landscape design guide available from the city located on the city's website.

13-13-3: FEES AND SUBMITTALS:

- A. Submittal: Landscape, irrigation, summary data, as-built drawings and planting plans shall be submitted with final site plans following the checklist provided by the city.
- B. Fees: All fees shall be submitted according to the consolidated fee schedule.

13-13-4: APPROVALS, INSPECTIONS AND BONDING:

- A. Landscape and irrigation plans are approved according to city code.
- B. Landscaping and irrigation inspection verifying that the landscaping and irrigation system was installed according to the approved plans shall be conducted by the City prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
 - 1. Water Meter: For all commercial landscapes, a separate water meter shall be installed for landscape irrigation systems. The landscape water meter shall be separate from the water meter installed for indoor uses. The size of the meter shall be determined based on irrigation demand. The landscape water meter shall not be a "submeter" but shall be installed and billed separately from any indoor meters.
 - 2. Irrigation Systems: Irrigation systems shall be pressure checked and inspected prior to backfilling to obtain a final certificate of occupancy.
- C. Cash Bond: Temporary occupancy of a building may be granted by the city.
 - 1. If the property owner desires to occupy a building or premises before landscaping or irrigation improvements are completed a cash bond or other approved financial instrument shall be made with the city according to section 13-1-9 (private projects) of this title and section 8-3C-2 (public improvements) of this code.
 - 2. The cash bond or other approved financial instrument shall be released when a final inspection has taken place and the building or site is issued a final certificate of occupancy from the city.

13-13-5: WATER EFFICIENCY STANDARDS

- 1. All new construction shall comply with the water efficiency standards listed below. Upgrades or relandscaping should strive to meet these same standards.
- 2. All irrigation shall be appropriate for the designated plant material to achieve the highest water efficiency.
 - a. Drip irrigation or bubblers shall be used except in lawn/sod/turf areas.
 - b. Drip irrigation systems shall be equipped with a pressure regulator, filter, flush-end assembly, and any other appropriate components.
- 3. If installed each irrigation valve shall irrigate landscaping with:
 - a. Similar site;
 - b. Similar slopes;

- c. Similar soil conditions; and
 - d. Plant materials with similar watering needs.
4. Lawn/sod/turf and planting beds shall be irrigated on separate irrigation valves if an irrigation system is installed.
5. Drip emitters and sprinklers shall be placed on separate irrigation valves if an irrigation system is installed.
6. Landscaped areas shall be provided with a smart irrigation controller which has the ability to automatically adjust the frequency and/or duration of irrigation events in response to changing weather conditions. All controllers shall be equipped with automatic rain delay or rain shut-off capabilities.
7. A minimum of 3 to 4 inches of mulch, permeable to air and water, shall be used in planting beds.
8. At maturity it is recommended that landscapes have enough plants (trees, perennials, and shrubs) to create at least 50% living plant cover at maturity.
9. Lawn/sod/turf shall not be installed in:
 - a. Park strips;
 - b. Paths less than 8 feet (8') wide; and
 - c. On slopes with a grade greater than twenty five percent (25%) or 4:1 slope.

13-13-6: LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIFIC LAND USES:

A. Multiple-Family Developments:

1. Landscaped Areas: Not less than forty percent (40%) of the total development site of a multiple-family project shall be landscaped. A contiguous recreation area for the multi-family development may be planted in lawn/sod/turf/sod/turf and may be of any size practical for recreation purposes. Detention basins may also be planted entirely of lawn/turf/sod if used for recreation purposes.
2. The front yard and side yards adjacent to public streets, except those portions devoted to driveways and sidewalks shall be landscaped. The minimum width of landscaped areas adjacent to public streets shall be twenty five feet (25') wide. This planting area shall meet all requirements of this chapter.
3. Site Trees: A minimum of one tree per two thousand (2,000) square feet of landscaped area is required, in addition to any park strip, parking lot landscaping or landscaped buffer requirement of this chapter.
4. Park Strip Landscaping: Any combination of ornamental plants, shrubs, herbaceous perennial, ground cover plants, pavers, ornamental gravel, ornamental concrete, boulders, bark mulch and artificial turf is permitted in the park strip. Lawn/sod/turf is prohibited in park strips. One tree per twenty five feet (25') of frontage is required.
5. Parking Lot Landscaping: Parking lot landscaping shall meet the requirements of this chapter.
6. Landscaped Buffer: A landscaped buffer is required for any multi-family development adjacent to an existing lower density residential development. Buffers shall meet the requirements of this chapter.
7. On site detention basins shall be considered part of the landscaped area of the site and shall be landscaped unless stored underground or as part of the paved parking area.

B. Business/Research Park Zone:

1. Landscaped Areas: Landscaped areas shall comprise not less than twenty five percent (25%) of the site. The front yard and side yards adjacent to public streets, except those portions devoted to driveways and sidewalks, shall be landscaped. Lawn/sod/turf shall be limited to twenty percent (20%) of the landscaped area.
2. Site Trees: A minimum of one tree per two thousand (2,000) square feet of landscaped area is required, in addition to any park strip, parking lot landscaping or landscaped buffer requirement.
3. Park Strip Landscaping: Any combination of ornamental plants, shrubs, herbaceous perennial, ground cover plants, pavers, ornamental gravel, ornamental concrete, boulders, bark mulch and artificial turf is allowed in the park strip. Lawn/sod/turf is prohibited in park strips. One tree per twenty five feet (25') of frontage is required.
4. Parking Lot Landscaping: Parking lot landscaping shall meet the requirements of this chapter.
5. Landscape Buffers: Landscape buffers may be required in areas that abut less intense or incompatible land uses or as visual barriers around parking and utility areas. Buffers shall meet the requirements of this chapter.
6. On site detention basins shall be considered part of the landscaped area of the site and shall be landscaped unless stored underground or as part of the paved parking area.

C. Commercial and Professional Office:

1. Landscaped Areas: Landscaped areas shall comprise not less than fifteen percent (15%) of a commercial or professional office site. Front and side yards adjacent to a public street, except those portions devoted to driveways and sidewalks, shall be landscaped. Lawn/sod/turf shall be limited to twenty percent (20%) of the landscaped area.
2. Site Trees: A minimum of one tree per two thousand (2,000) square feet of landscaped area is required, in addition to any park strip, parking lot landscaping or landscaped buffer requirement.
3. Landscaped Buffer: A landscaped buffer is required for any commercial or professional office adjacent to an existing residential development. Buffers shall meet the requirements of this chapter.
4. Park Strip Landscaping: Any combination of ornamental plants, shrubs, herbaceous perennial, ground cover plants, pavers, ornamental gravel, ornamental concrete, boulders, bark mulch and artificial turf is allowed in the park strip. Lawn/sod/turf is prohibited in park strips. One tree per twenty five feet (25') of frontage is required.
5. On site detention basins shall be considered part of the landscaped area of the site and shall be landscaped unless stored underground or as part of the paved parking area.

D. Manufacturing Developments:

1. Landscaped Areas: Landscaped areas shall comprise not less than ten percent (10%) of a manufacturing site. A minimum of one tree per two thousand (2,000) square feet of landscaped area is required, in addition to any park strip, parking lot landscaping or landscaped buffer requirement. Lawn/sod/turf shall be limited to twenty percent (20%) of the landscaped area.

2. Park Strip Landscaping: Any combination of ornamental plants, shrubs, herbaceous perennial, ground cover plants, pavers, ornamental gravel, ornamental concrete, boulders, bark mulch and artificial turf is allowed in the park strip. Lawn/sod/turf is prohibited in park strips. One tree per twenty five feet (25') of frontage is required.
3. Landscaped Buffers: A landscaped buffer is required for any manufacturing development adjacent to an existing residential development. Buffers shall meet the requirements City Code.
4. On site detention basins shall be considered part of the landscaped area of the site and shall be landscaped unless stored underground or as part of the paved parking area.

E. Nonresidential Uses in Residential Districts:

1. Landscaped Areas: Landscaped areas shall comprise not less than fifteen percent (15%) of a nonresidential site. Front and side yards adjacent to a public street, except those portions devoted to driveways and sidewalks, shall be landscaped. Lawn/sod/turf shall be limited to twenty percent (20%) of the landscaped area.
2. Site Trees: A minimum of one tree per two thousand (2,000) square feet of landscaped area is required, in addition to any park strip, parking lot landscaping or landscaped buffer requirement.
3. Landscaped Buffer: A landscaped buffer is required for any nonresidential adjacent to an existing residential development. Buffers shall meet the requirements of this chapter.
4. On site detention basins shall be considered part of the landscaped area of the site and shall be landscaped unless stored underground or as part of the paved parking area.
5. Exemption: Nonresidential uses in residential districts are exempt from the field inspection requirements of section 13-13-4 of this chapter. (2001 Code § 89-6-711; amd. 2009 Code; Ord. 11-01, 3-23-2011; Ord. 19-50, 12-11-2019, Effective at 12 noon on January 6, 2020)

F. City constructed buildings, parks, recreation and open spaces and recreation and open spaces for educational facilities in any zone.

1. Landscaped Areas: Landscaped areas shall comprise not less than twenty five percent (25%) of the site containing a public building such as city hall, courts, public safety buildings, public works buildings, water tanks/reservoirs, administration buildings. The front yard and side yards adjacent to public streets, except those portions devoted to driveways and sidewalks, shall be landscaped. Lawn/sod/turf shall be limited to twenty percent (20%) of the landscaped area surrounding public buildings. This requirement does not apply to accessory buildings or structures of public parks, open space, or recreation areas.
2. Site Trees: A minimum of one tree per two thousand (2,000) square feet of landscaped area is required, in addition to any park strip, parking lot landscaping or landscaped buffer requirement of this chapter. Landscaped area does not include areas used for parks, open spaces, or recreation areas.
3. Park Strip Landscaping: Any combination of ornamental plants, shrubs, herbaceous perennial, ground cover plants, pavers, ornamental gravel, ornamental concrete, boulders, bark mulch and artificial turf is permitted in the park strip. Lawn/sod/turf

is prohibited in park strips. One tree per twenty five feet (25') of frontage is required.

4. Parking Lot Landscaping: Parking lot landscaping shall meet the requirements of this chapter.
5. On site detention basins shall be considered part of the landscaped area of the site and shall be landscaped unless stored underground or as part of the paved parking area.
6. Parks and recreation facilities. There is no limitation on the amount of lawn/sod/turf used in parks or recreation areas. Tree placement in parks, open spaces and recreation areas will be according to the overall design of the park, open space, or recreation area.

13-13-7: PARKING LOT LANDSCAPING:

- A. Landscaping is required within automobile parking areas that have fourteen (14) parking spaces or more to break up large expanses of pavement, to provide relief from reflected glare and heat, and to guide vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- B. Materials and Installation:
 1. Irrigation: All landscaped areas in parking lots that contain any plants or trees shall be irrigated. Irrigation design shall follow the requirements of the application checklist.
 2. Interior Parking Lot Landscaping:
 - a. Shade trees shall be provided at no less than one tree per seven (7) parking spaces (i.e., 70 spaces divided by 7 equals 10 trees).
 - b. Within landscaped areas, plants shall be of sufficient number and spacing to provide fifty percent (50%) surface coverage at maturity, not including tree canopies.
 - c. Interior parking lot landscaping shall be evenly dispersed throughout the parking lot. Planting that is required along the perimeter of a parking lot or adjacent to buildings shall not be considered as part of the interior parking lot landscaping.
 3. Perimeter Parking Lot Landscape Areas: Where a parking lot is located within a required, front, side, or rear yard or within twenty feet (20') of a property line, landscaping shall be provided around the perimeter of the parking lot. The perimeter landscaping planting area shall be a minimum of eight feet (8') wide and shall be designed, contained, planted and irrigated according to this chapter and the application checklist.
 4. Landscaped Areas: The minimum interior dimensions of any landscaped area or planting median shall be eight feet (8') wide. Each landscaped area shall be protected by concrete vertical curbs. Curbs may be designed to allow stormwater to enter the landscaped area. Where such curbs serve as a wheel stop for parking spaces, thirty six inches (36") shall be provided in the planting area between the curb stop and the tree locations. Other low growing plants, mulch, gravel, or ornamental concrete shall be placed in this tree exclusion area.

13-13-8: LANDSCAPED BUFFERS:

- A. Landscape buffers shall mitigate the transition between more intense land uses and/or between different development types. Only the more intense land use shall be required to provide the landscape buffer.
- B. Materials and Installation:

1. Landscaped buffers shall be not less than twenty feet (20') wide. The area of this buffer may be counted toward the required landscape area. Sidewalks and walking paths may be included in a landscape buffer.
 2. Buffers shall be designed with sufficient number, size and density of trees and shrubs to mitigate visual and auditory impacts. A minimum of one tree for each four hundred (400) square feet, or fraction thereof, of the landscaped buffer shall be planted. This requirement is in addition to the required park strip landscaping and parking lot landscaping.
- C. Exceptions:
1. Where a landscape buffer already exists along the property line of an abutting property, the landscape buffer requirement for the subject property may be waived or reduced in width by the Zoning Administrator. (2001 Code § 89-6-710; amd. Ord. 11-01, 3-23-2011; Ord. 13-17, 4-24-2013)

13-13-9: ADOPTED STREETSCAPE PLANS:

- A. A streetscape plan is required in those cases where a wall is required between a development and an arterial or collector street. The plan shall show in detail the landscape treatment of the space between the wall and the street curb line. A streetscape plan is also required for all commercial, office, manufacturing, institutional and multi-family residential developments that are five (5) contiguous acres and larger which abut arterial streets.
 1. Where an adopted streetscape plan is in place, the developer shall follow such plan.
 2. Where no adopted streetscape plan is in place, the developer shall coordinate with city staff and receive approval from the planning commission through the subdivision or site plan process on development of a streetscape plan and on the installation of the irrigation system and plant materials.
- B. Streetscape plan requirements for developed areas five (5) contiguous acres and larger along arterial streets are as follows:
 1. Adjacent to Residential Developments: Unless part of a previously approved master plan, development plan or streetscape plan, single-family and two-family residential developments adjacent to arterial streets shall contain a minimum ten foot (10') landscaped area, with plants arranged and approved by the city's parks department and the city's urban forester. The required ten foot (10') landscaped area shall be installed by the developer following provisions contained in this chapter from the back of sidewalk to the adjacent property line. Waterwise plants should be used extensively and may be used exclusively and shall be used as much as possible. The required street wall shall be installed beyond the landscaped area adjacent to the property line. The required ten foot (10') landscaped area adjacent to single-family and two-family residential shall be dedicated to the City.
 2. Adjacent to Commercial, Office, Industrial, Institutional and Multi- Family Developments: Unless part of a previously approved master plan, development plan or streetscape plan, commercial, office, industrial, institutional, and multi-family developments adjacent to arterial streets shall contain a minimum ten foot (10') landscaped area. The required ten foot (10') landscaped area shall be installed between

the back of sidewalk to the adjacent development line (parking area, building area, etc.) along the entire area adjacent to the arterial street. Decorative or retaining walls no greater than two feet (2') in height may be installed in this area. Decorative boulders may be installed in this area. The required ten foot (10') landscaped area adjacent to commercial, office, industrial and multi-family developments shall be installed and maintained by the commercial, office, industrial, institutional, and multi-family development. This area may be counted as part of the development's overall landscaping percentage requirement. The landscaped area shall comply with the provisions governing landscaping in this chapter. Waterwise plants should be used extensively and may be used exclusively and shall be used as much as possible. (2001 Code § 89-6-708; amd. 2009 Code; Ord. 10-09, 2-24-2010; Ord. 11

13-13-10: LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE:

- A. Intent: The developer, his successor and/or subsequent owners of a site for which landscape plans were required shall be responsible for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of all landscaping elements. Park strips shall be maintained by the owner of property abutting city easements, rights of way and park strips.
- B. Irrigation Systems: Irrigation systems shall be maintained in good working condition and adjusted to ensure optimal operation and efficient water use.
- C. Malfunctioning systems that are no longer conveying water as specified shall be repaired or replaced.
- D. Landscaping: All landscape plants shall be maintained in good condition to present a healthy, neat, and orderly appearance. Plants not in this condition shall be removed and replaced when necessary.
- E. Trees: Tree maintenance and pruning on private property shall be the responsibility of the property owner or tenant.
 - 1. For any tree in a park strip or within the landscape setback area where there is no park strip, property owners or tenants are not permitted to remove or conduct major pruning (20 percent or more of the crown), without prior approval from the city's urban forester. As a condition of such approval, the permittee may be required to replace the tree.
 - 2. Protect trees against damage caused by maintenance equipment, such as lawn/sod/turf mowers, weed trimmers, snowblowers and snowplows.
- F. Grounds Maintenance: Landscaped areas shall be kept free of refuse and debris.
- G. Clearance and Visibility. Any portion of a tree that is in the park strip public right of way or that overhangs the public right of way from private property may be removed up to the property line at any time without notice by the City. However, the requirements below are minimums that shall be maintained.
 - 1. Trees adjacent to pedestrian walkways shall have a minimum canopy clearance of eight feet (8') above grade.
 - 2. Tree canopies that extend over streets shall be pruned to provide canopy clearance of at least fifteen feet (15') above street pavement in travel lanes and parking lanes.
 - 3. Plants in the intersection sight triangle shall be pruned to maintain maximum heights specified in this standard. (Ord. 11-01, 3-23-2011; Ord. 19-50, 12-11-2019, Effective at 12 noon on January 6, 2020)

Attachment 2

**[Attachment to ORDINANCE NO. 21-10
AN ORDINANCE REGARDING LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS,
AMENDING THE 2009 WEST JORDAN CITY CODE
(TITLE 13, CHAPTER 13 AND DEFINITIONS IN SECTION 13-2-3)]**

The definitions in Section 13-2-3 of the City Code are added to or amended so that they shall now read as shown on Attachment 2 to this Ordinance (without affecting any of the other existing definitions in this Section):

Legislative Version:

13-2-3: DEFINITIONS:

ACTIVE RECREATION AREA: An area that is dedicated to active play where turf grass may be used as the playing surfaces. Examples of active recreation areas include sports fields, play areas, and other similar uses.

BRAMBLE: any of a genus (Rubus or Ribes) usually prickly shrubs of the rose family including the raspberries, gooseberries, and blackberries.

CHECK VALVE: A device used in sprinkler heads or pipe to prevent water from draining out of the pipe through gravity flow.

CONTROLLER: A device used in irrigation systems to automatically control when and how long sprinklers or drip systems operate.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT: A person who holds a license to practice landscape architecture in the state of Utah. Per State Code, licensed landscape architects, licensed architects, licensed land surveyors, and licensed engineers can professionally stamp plans that fall under the practice of landscape architecture. This includes commercial landscape and irrigation plans. Each municipality has the authority to require that only a licensed landscape architect can stamp plans that fall under the practice of landscape architecture.

LANDSCAPE DESIGNER: A landscape architect, professional engineer, land surveyor or architect, as set forth by state law. Landscape Designer: A person who may or may not hold professional certificates for landscape design/architecture and cannot legally create commercial landscape plans. Landscape Designers generally focus on residential design and horticultural needs of home landscapes.

LANDSCAPE DOCUMENTATION PACKAGE: The preparation of a graphic and written criteria, specifications, and detailed plans to arrange and modify the effects of natural features such as plantings, ground and water forms, circulation, walks and other features to comply with the provisions of this ordinance. The Landscape Documentation Package shall include a project data sheet, a Site Plan, a Planting Plan, an Irrigation Plan, Construction Details, and a Grading Plan.

LANDSCAPE GRADING PLAN: The Grading Plan shows all finish grades, spot elevations, drainage as necessary and existing and new contours with the developed landscaped area.

LOCALSCAPES®: A locally adaptable and environmentally sustainable urban landscape style that requires less irrigation than traditional Utah landscapes (see www.Localscapes.com). Mulch: Any material such as rock, bark, wood chips or other materials left loose and applied to the soil.

PARK STRIP: The area within a street right of way located between the curb and sidewalk or, if there is no sidewalk, between the curb and private property line (a typically narrow landscaped area).

POP-UP SPRAY HEAD: A sprinkler head that sprays water through a nozzle in a fixed pattern with no rotation.

PRESSURE COMPENSATING: A drip irrigation system that compensates for fluctuating water pressure by only allowing a fixed volume of water through drip emitters.

PRESSURE REGULATING VALVE: A valve installed in an irrigation mainline that reduces a higher supply pressure at the inlet down to a regulated lower pressure at the outlet.

ROADBASE: Aggregate used under the paved portion of a road or parking lot.

SPRAY SPRINKLER: An irrigation head that sprays water through a nozzle.

STREAM SPRINKLER: An irrigation head that projects water through a gear rotor in single or multiple streams.

SUBSOIL: the layer of soil under the topsoil on the surface of the ground. Composed of a variable mixture of small particles such as sand, rock, silt and clay, but without organic matter and humus.

TOPSOIL: The material on the surface of the ground in which plants grow.

WASTE OF WATER: Means and includes, but is not limited to:

A. The use of water for any purpose, including landscape irrigation, which consumes, or for which is applied substantial amounts of excess water beyond the reasonable amount required by the use, whether such excess water remains on the site, evaporates, percolates underground, goes into the sewer system, or can run into the gutter or street. Every water consumer is deemed to always have under control the water lines and facilities, other than water utility facilities, through which water is being supplied and used to his premises, and to know the manner and extent of his water use and excess runoff;

B. The excessive use, loss or escape of water through breaks, leaks, or malfunctions in the water user's plumbing for any period of time after such escape of water should reasonably have been discovered and corrected. It shall be presumed that a period of forty eight (48) hours after the water user discovers such break, leak or malfunction or receives notice from the city of such condition, whichever occurs first, is a reasonable time to correct such condition; or

C. Washing sidewalks, driveways, parking areas, tennis courts or other paved areas except to alleviate immediate fire, health, or safety hazards.

Clean Version:

13-2-3: DEFINITIONS:

ACTIVE RECREATION AREA: An area that is dedicated to active play where turf grass may be used as the playing surfaces. Examples of active recreation areas include sports fields, play areas, and other similar uses.

BRAMBLE: any of a genus (*Rubus* or *Ribes*) usually prickly shrubs of the rose family including the raspberries, gooseberries, and blackberries.

CHECK VALVE: A device used in sprinkler heads or pipe to prevent water from draining out of the pipe through gravity flow.

CONTROLLER: A device used in irrigation systems to automatically control when and how long sprinklers or drip systems operate.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT: A person who holds a license to practice landscape architecture in the state of Utah. Per State Code, licensed landscape architects, licensed architects, licensed land surveyors, and licensed engineers can professionally stamp plans that fall under the practice of landscape architecture. This includes commercial landscape and irrigation plans. Each municipality has the authority to require that only a licensed landscape architect can stamp plans that fall under the practice of landscape architecture.

LANDSCAPE DESIGNER: Landscape Designer: A person who may or may not hold professional certificates for landscape design/architecture and cannot legally create commercial landscape plans. Landscape Designers generally focus on residential design and horticultural needs of home landscapes.

LANDSCAPE DOCUMENTATION PACKAGE: The preparation of a graphic and written criteria, specifications, and detailed plans to arrange and modify the effects of natural features such as plantings, ground and water forms, circulation, walks and other features to comply with the provisions of this ordinance. The Landscape Documentation Package shall include a project data sheet, a Site Plan, a Planting Plan, an Irrigation Plan, Construction Details, and a Grading Plan.

LANDSCAPE GRADING PLAN: The Grading Plan shows all finish grades, spot elevations, drainage as necessary and existing and new contours with the developed landscaped area.

LOCALSCAPES®: A locally adaptable and environmentally sustainable urban landscape style that requires less irrigation than traditional Utah landscapes (see www.Localscapes.com). Mulch: Any material such as rock, bark, wood chips or other materials left loose and applied to the soil.

PARK STRIP: The area within a street right of way located between the curb and sidewalk or, if there is no sidewalk, between the curb and private property line (a typically narrow landscaped area).

POP-UP SPRAY HEAD: A sprinkler head that sprays water through a nozzle in a fixed pattern with no rotation.

PRESSURE COMPENSATING: A drip irrigation system that compensates for fluctuating water pressure by only allowing a fixed volume of water through drip emitters.

PRESSURE REGULATING VALVE: A valve installed in an irrigation mainline that reduces a higher supply pressure at the inlet down to a regulated lower pressure at the outlet.

ROADBASE: Aggregate used under the paved portion of a road or parking lot.

SPRAY SPRINKLER: An irrigation head that sprays water through a nozzle.

STREAM SPRINKLER: An irrigation head that projects water through a gear rotor in single or multiple streams.

SUBSOIL: the layer of soil under the topsoil on the surface of the ground. Composed of a variable mixture of small particles such as sand, rock, silt and clay, but without organic matter and humus.

TOPSOIL: The material on the surface of the ground in which plants grow.

WASTE OF WATER: Means and includes, but is not limited to:

A. The use of water for any purpose, including landscape irrigation, which consumes, or for which is applied substantial amounts of excess water beyond the reasonable amount required by the use, whether such excess water remains on the site, evaporates, percolates underground, goes into the sewer system, or can run into the gutter or street. Every water consumer is deemed to always have under control the water lines and facilities, other than water utility facilities, through which water is being supplied and used to his premises, and to know the manner and extent of his water use and excess runoff;

B. The excessive use, loss or escape of water through breaks, leaks, or malfunctions in the water user's plumbing for any period of time after such escape of water should reasonably have been discovered and corrected. It shall be presumed that a period of forty eight (48) hours after the water user discovers such break, leak or malfunction or receives notice from the city of such condition, whichever occurs first, is a reasonable time to correct such condition; or

C. Washing sidewalks, driveways, parking areas, tennis courts or other paved areas except to alleviate immediate fire, health, or safety hazards.












Ordinance No. 21-10 Landscaping Amendments


Final Audit Report

2021-06-15


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