# City of West Jordan State of Utah

## **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

**Prepared by:** Finance Department

#### CITY OF WEST JORDAN

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

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#### City of West Jordan

8000 South Redwood Road West Jordan, UT 84088 (801) 569-5000

November 30, 2012

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of West Jordan:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of West Jordan, Utah (the City) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2012 is submitted herewith. This report has been prepared by the City's Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Overview

State law requires that general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements in accordance with GAAP within six months of the close of each fiscal year. State law also requires that the report be audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accounts.

As required by State law, an annual audit has been completed by an independent firm of certified public accountants. The City of West Jordan's financial statements have been audited by Keddington & Christensen, LLC, in order to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is included in the financial section of this report.

The City is required to undergo a single audit in accordance with the provisions of the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." Information related to the single audit, including the opinion on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the auditors' reports on compliance and internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards (GAGAS), and the auditors' report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, are available in a separate report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in

conjunction with it. The City's MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors' report.

This CAFR has been prepared by the City's Finance Department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures and supplementary information, rests with the City's management. Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse; and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The City's internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

#### Government Profile

The City of West Jordan was incorporated on January 10, 1941. The City of West Jordan has a population of 107,201, making it the fourth largest city in the state, and a city of the first class, as defined by the State of Utah. At build-out, the City is projected to have a population of 140,000. The City of West Jordan is located within the Salt Lake metropolitan area, and is approximately 32.02 square miles in size.

The City provides a full range of services to its businesses and residents. These include police and fire protection, culinary water, sanitary sewer, solid waste and recycling collection and disposal, construction and maintenance of roadways, parks and recreation facilities, street lighting, celebrations, and other cultural events.

West Jordan operates under the council-manager form of municipal government. The City Council, composed of the mayor and six City Council members, is the legislative branch of city government. The Mayor and council members each serve four-year terms. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, and appointing committees and the city manager. The city manager, subordinate officers, and employees are the executive branch of city government. The city manager is responsible for directing the day-to-day operations of the city, and for carrying out the ordinances and policies adopted by the City Council.

Component units are entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are considered to be part of governmental operations, and so are included in the City's budget reporting and financial statements.

Utah state law requires the City to adopt a budget for all funds on an annual basis, and requires that all funds maintain a balanced budget, with some limited exceptions. State law also requires that departmental expenditures do not exceed appropriated funding levels, except in cases of emergency (such as a natural disaster). Budgetary control is maintained at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Authority to revise approved budgets rests with the City Council, which may be accomplished following the completion of noticing and hearing requirements.

#### **Economic Condition**

Utah as a whole has not been affected by the Great Recession to the degree that other western states have. While certain impacts have nonetheless been severe and pronounced, especially with regard to residential building, the City has begun to realize some increase in sales tax receipts and an uptick in residential building. While the City does project modest increases in sales tax for the coming year and continued moderate building activity, it will remain cautious, vigilant, and realistic with regard to economic recovery. Several significant threats continue to influence our fiscal policies. Among these threats are growing federal deficits and debt, unstable state budgets, and federal tax policies.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The City continues to be responsive to trends and the effects of our underlying economy on our ability to sustain city-provided services. Our reporting systems provide adequate tracking and warning of potential problems, and our efforts to design and implement a comprehensive performance-based program and accountability budgeting and management system to improve accountability and transparency are firmly in place.

Growing fund balance and, consequently, the City's ability to appropriately address any contingency is a priority. In the past year, we were successful in significantly increasing our general operating fund balance. Our efforts are firmly focused now on the development of a long-term fiscal strategic plan, which will provide policies for financial management, set the philosophy and values of the City pertaining to financial management, provide five-year projections of revenue and expenditures, and prescribe specific methodologies to address the contingencies of the future.

Meanwhile, the City has been and will continue to be judicious in the use of debt financing. Currently, the City enjoys a strong bond rating and remarkably low debt for a typical community of West Jordan's size. Better monitoring and evaluation tools will help assure measured and safe progress while still addressing the challenging needs of a growth community.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

Cash during the year was invested in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund, statement savings, and repurchase agreements. The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. The City's bank deposits are uncollateralized and insured up to \$250,000 per institution by the FDIC. Utah operates under state statute allowing investments to be un-collateralized if state guidelines are followed.

The City is self-insured for unemployment costs. The City is also self-insured to \$15,000 for general liability, automotive liability, and errors and omissions. The City has purchased commercial insurance for workers compensation, property damage to its buildings, and damage to its heavy equipment, large fire apparatuses, street sweepers, and sewer trucks.

The City pays unused vacation, holiday, compensatory time, and executive leave balances at termination. Retired employees are eligible to apply their remaining unused sick leave toward their monthly health insurance premium at a rate of 40-70%, dependent upon their length of

service. In order to qualify, the employee is required to notify their department head at least one year prior to retirement.

Utah state law requires the City to adopt a budget for all funds on an annual basis, and requires that all funds maintain a balanced budget, with some limited exceptions. State law also requires that departmental expenditures do not exceed appropriated funding levels, except in cases of emergency (such as a natural disaster). Management cannot overspend at the department level without approval of City Council. This may be accomplished following the completion of noticing and hearing requirements.

#### Awards & Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of West Jordan for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This marks the 31<sup>st</sup> consecutive year the City has received this award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award and recognizes the conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, with contents conforming to program standards.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. This report has been prepared to strictly follow the guidelines recommended by the GFOA, and has been submitted to determine its eligibility for a Certificate of Achievement.

Additionally, the City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for fiscal year 2011. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In closing, without the leadership and support of the governing body of the City, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully Submitted,

Richard Davis City Manager Janice Larsen Finance Manager/CFO

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

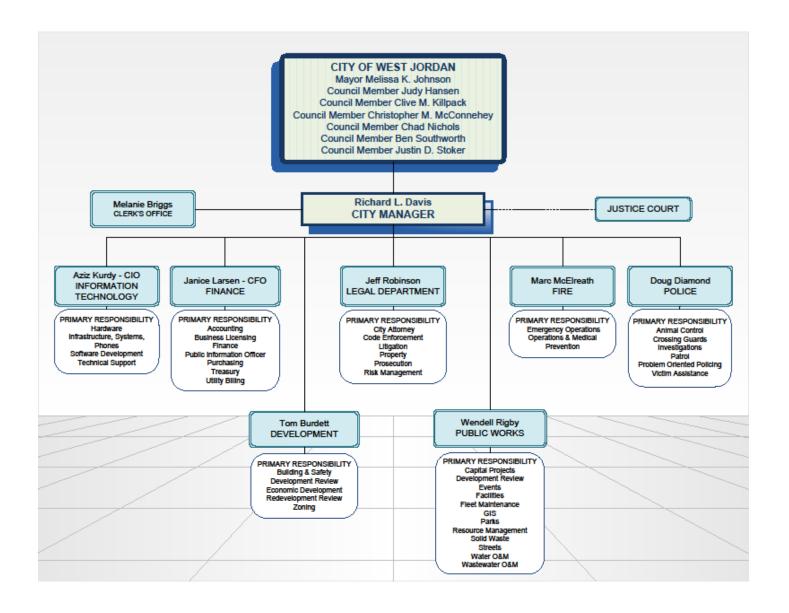
Presented to

## City of West Jordan Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.





#### CITY OF WEST JORDAN LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

**Title** 

Mayor

Mayor Pro-Tem/Councilmember Councilmember

Councilmember

Councilmember

Councilmember Councilmember

City Manager

City Attorney

City Clerk

City Treasurer

**Chief Information Officer** 

Community Development Director

Finance Manager / CFO

Fire Chief

Justice Court Judge

Police Chief

**Public Works Director** 

**Name** 

Melissa K. Johnson

**Chad Nichols** 

Judy Hansen

Clive M. Killpack

Christopher McConnehey

Ben Southworth

Justin Stoker

Richard L. Davis

Jeff Robinson

Melanie S. Briggs

David Zobell

Aziz Kurdi

Tom Burdett

Janice Larsen

Marc McElreath

Ronald Kunz

Doug Diamond

Wendell Rigby



Gary K. Keddington, CPA Brent E. Christensen, CPA Phyl R. Warnock, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of West Jordan West Jordan City, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of West Jordan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of West Jordan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type-activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of West Jordan as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 29, 2012, on our consideration of City of West Jordan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as noted on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in the appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Telephone (801) 590-2600 Fax (801) 265-9405 5292 So. College Dr., Suite 102 Salt Lake City, Utah 84123

#### Independent Auditors Report – Continued

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of West Jordan's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Keddington & Christensen, LLC

November 29, 2012

#### Introduction

As management of the City of West Jordan, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an overview of the City's financial activity. It is also intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues including identifying changes in the City's financial position, identifying any material deviations from the approved budget, and identifying individual fund issues or concerns. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter and the City's financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

- The City's net assets increased by \$8,712,057. The governmental net assets decreased by \$19,354,740 and the business-type net assets increased by \$28,066,797. As of July 1, 2011, the city created a new storm water enterprise fund. The storm water capital assets, in the amount of \$22,005,047 (net of depreciation), were transferred from the governmental funds to the new storm water fund.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$462,854,726. Of this amount, \$42,959,129 (*unrestricted net assets*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds (reflected on a current financial resource basis) reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,206,904, an increase of \$2,908,829 in comparison with the prior year.
- The unassigned fund balance for the General fund at year end was \$8,262,619 or approximately 21.2% of total General fund expenditures. The fund balance for the General fund increased by \$5,152,918, from the previous year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements** – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of West Jordan's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of West Jordan is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed

during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of West Jordan that are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to cover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of West Jordan include general government, community development, police, fire, public works, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of West Jordan include water, sewer, and solid waste.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also two legally separate entities, the Redevelopment Agency and the Municipal Building Authority, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is blended with the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 29-30 of this report.

**Fund financial statements** – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of West Jordan, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City of West Jordan can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains thirteen individual governmental funds, four major funds, and nine non-major funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the redevelopment agency fund, the capital support fund, and the road capital improvement fund, which are considered major funds. Financial information for the other nine funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-34 of this

report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. The basic financial statements include budgetary comparison statements for the General fund and the redevelopment agency fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary funds – The City of West Jordan maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City maintains three individual enterprise funds. Information is presented separately in the proprietary statement of net assets and the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets for the water fund, sewer fund and the solid waste fund which are all considered major funds. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of West Jordan uses internal service funds to account for its fleet maintenance, risk management activities and a fund for computer replacement (Information Technologies Fund). Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included principally within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements but are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-40 of this report.

*Notes to the financial statements* – The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41-77 of this report.

**Other information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major funds and internal service funds are presented as supplementary information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2012, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$462,854,726. By far the largest portion, approximately 87%, of the City's net assets are composed of capital assets, less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of any related outstanding debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### City of West Jordan's Net Assets

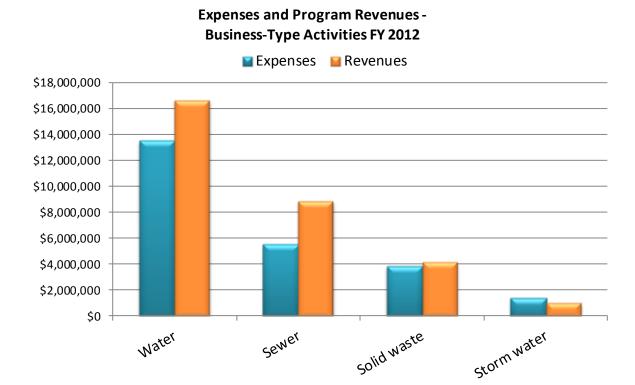
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type				
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Current and other assets	\$ 62,359,397	\$ 59,324,652	\$ 45,669,191	\$ 38,751,111	\$108,028,588	\$ 98,075,763		
Capital assets	278,140,670	302,930,621	132,370,305	108,031,644	410,510,975	410,962,265		
Total assets	340,500,067	362,255,273	178,039,496	146,782,755	518,539,563	509,038,028		
Other liabilities	22,493,733	18,041,387	2,718,188	2,257,840	25,211,921	20,299,227		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	28,545,614	31,892,675	1,927,301	2,703,456	30,472,915	34,596,131		
Total liabilities	51,039,347	49,934,062	4,645,489	4,961,296	55,684,836	54,895,358		
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net								
of related debt	255,043,663	276,142,423	146,127,052	105,552,765	401,170,715	381,695,188		
Restricted	15,204,118	17,176,241	3,520,764	6,472,563	18,724,882	23,648,804		
Unrestricted	19,212,938	19,002,547	23,746,191	29,796,131	42,959,129	48,798,678		
Total net assets	\$ 289,460,719	\$312,321,211	\$173,394,007	\$141,821,459	\$462,854,726	\$454,142,670		

A portion of the City's total net assets, \$18,724,882 (or 4%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets in the amount of \$42,959,129 is available to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### City of West Jordan's Net Assets

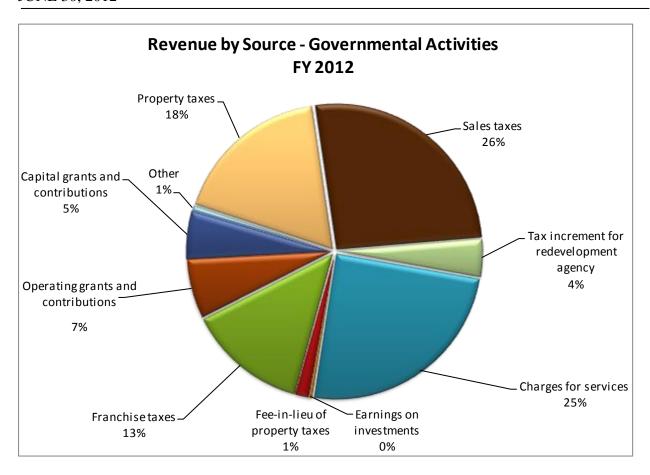
		nmental vities		ss-type vities	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 9,534,824	\$ 13,549,365	\$ 26,817,922	\$ 24,523,167	\$ 36,352,746	\$ 38,072,532		
Operating grants and								
contributions	3,675,138	3,478,389	-	-	3,675,138	3,478,389		
Capital grants and								
contributions	2,908,877	2,393,179	3,867,206	2,141,867	6,776,083	4,535,046		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	12,908,372	10,494,095	-	-	12,908,372	10,494,095		
Sales taxes	14,467,761	13,559,906	-	-	14,467,761	13,559,906		
Other taxes	7,409,499	10,772,945	-	-	7,409,499	10,772,945		
Other	628,848	1,848,522	504,962	61,839	1,133,810	1,910,361		
Total revenues	51,533,319	56,096,401	31,190,090	26,726,873	82,723,409	82,823,274		
F								
Expenses:	7.297.220	0.204.600			7.296.220	0.204.600		
General government	7,386,329	9,204,699	-	-	7,386,329	9,204,699		
Community development	3,079,432	4,430,459	-	-	3,079,432	4,430,459		
Police	13,795,007	14,368,579	-	-	13,795,007	14,368,579		
Fire	9,396,340	8,949,115	-	-	9,396,340	8,949,115		
Public works	11,661,882	14,836,808	-	-	11,661,882	14,836,808		
Parks and recreation	3,365,411	4,065,496	-	-	3,365,411	4,065,496		
Interest on long-term debt	1,085,582	1,330,674	12 400 024	10 406 040	1,085,582	1,330,674		
Water	-	-	13,499,824	12,496,849	13,499,824	12,496,849		
Sewer	-	-	5,528,029	6,935,784	5,528,029	6,935,784		
Solid waste	-	-	3,817,376	3,771,748	3,817,376	3,771,748		
Storm water	- 40.57.00.002		1,396,140		1,396,140			
Total expenses	49,769,983	57,185,830	24,241,369	23,204,381	72,615,212	80,390,211		
Increase in net assets before								
transfers	1,763,336	(1,089,429)	6,948,721	3,522,492	8,712,057	2,433,063		
Transfers	(21,118,076)	63,458	21,118,076	(63,458)	-	-		
Changes in net assets	(19,354,740)	(1,025,971)	28,066,797	3,459,034	8,712,057	2,433,063		
N	200 015 450	214 042 417	145 225 210	120 262 425	454 140 660	452 404 042		
Net assets, beginning	308,815,459	314,042,417	145,327,210	138,362,425	454,142,669	452,404,842		
Prior period adjustment	e 200.460.710	(695,236)	e 172 204 007	e 141 001 450	e 460.954.706	(695,236)		
Net assets, ending	\$ 289,460,719	\$ 312,321,210	\$ 173,394,007	\$ 141,821,459	\$ 462,854,726	\$ 454,142,669		

**Governmental activities** – Functions that the City performs which are supported by the collection of taxes and intergovernmental revenues are "governmental activities." The governmental activities reflected in the table "City of West Jordan's Net Assets" (above) are displayed in the following chart, "Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities FY 2012."



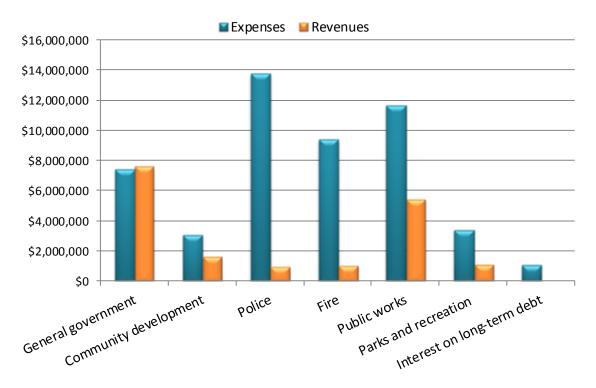
In the current year, governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$19,354,740. Key elements of the City governmental activities are as follows:

- The decrease is primarily a result of a new storm water enterprise fund created July 1, 2011. Storm water capital assets, in the amount of \$22,005,047, were transferred from the governmental funds to the new storm water fund.
- Sales tax revenue increased \$907,854. The increase is likely a result of an increase in consumers' confidence in the national economy.
- Ambulance revenues increased in the amount of \$312,863 due to increased rates. The Ambulance service rates have increased and the ambulance billing service provider, contracted during FY 2011, continues to collect a higher percentage of ambulance service receivables.
- Utility franchise tax revenue increased \$331,387.
- Revenue from Court Fines and Forfeitures decreased \$189,870. The decrease is due to a lower volume of citations issued during FY 2012.



**Business-type activities** – The City performs some functions, referred to as "business-type activities," that are not supported by tax revenue. It is intended that these functions are funded through either user fees or charges for service. Following is a graph that displays the revenues and expenses for the City's enterprise funds, which are business-type activities:

## Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities FY 2012

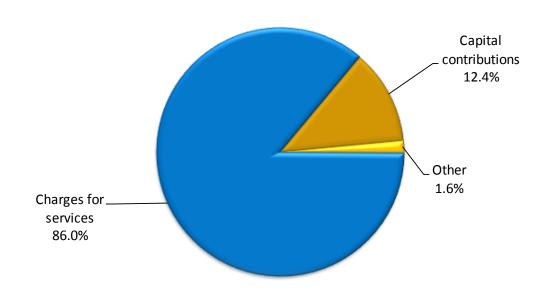


Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$28,066,797. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The City's business-type activities received \$3,867,206 from capital grants and contributions. These contributions include capital assets donated to the City by developers (\$1,295,008), impact fees (\$1,734,731) used to fund capital projects required by new growth and development within the City, and intergovernmental revenue (\$837,467).
- Effective in the second quarter of Fiscal Year 2011, charges for service for water, sewer, and solid waste were increased by 20%, 16%, and 2%, respectively, and new fee (\$1.80 per residential equivalent unit) was implemented for storm water service. For Fiscal Year 2012, the increase was effective for a full 12-month period.
- In the water fund, an additional 4% increase became effective during the last quarter of Fiscal Year 2012.
- As of July 1, 2011, the city created a new Storm water fund used to report operating and capital activities. In the previous year, storm water operating revenue and expenditures were reported in the Sewer fund, while storm water capital activities were reported in the Storm water capital fund.
- Capital assets in the amount of \$22,005,047 (net of depreciation), were transferred from governmental funds to the new Storm water fund. Capital assets from the Water fund and the Sewer fund were transferred to the new fund, in the following amounts \$74,531 (net of depreciation) and \$369,444, respectively.
- Charges for services increased in the business-type activities by a net amount of \$2,294,755 over the previous year.

- Revenues in the water fund increased \$1,186,308 due to the rate increase. Water usage is fairly stable during the winter months, but can vary during summer months when outdoor usage increases significantly.
- In Fiscal Year 2012, storm water activities were separated from sewer activities into a new enterprise fund. Charges for services increased from the previous year in both sewer and storm water funds in the amounts of \$709,617 and 335,518, respectively.
- Solid waste revenues decreased by \$4,106. The decrease is attributed to lower occupancy in single family dwellings as a result of bankruptcy and foreclosures.





#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of West Jordan uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance in the General fund and assigned funds in other governmental funds may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

• At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,206,904, a net increase from the previous year of \$2,908,829. The decrease is primarily related to the creation of a new Storm water enterprise fund. The assets, liabilities, and fund balance (in the amount of \$3,505,751), were transferred from the Storm water capital fund, a governmental fund, to an enterprise fund.

Of the ending fund balance, less than 1% (\$86,493) is in a non-spendable form, including prepaid expenditures and inventory.

Another 46% (\$15,204,119) constitutes restricted fund balance. The funds are restricted by enabling legislation, third-party creditors or grantors, debt service payments, or capital projects funded through bond proceeds, C-road revenues, and impact fee revenues.

Committed fund balance is 5.6% (1,849,200) of the total fund balance. Committed funds are not available for new spending because they can only be used for specific purposes, pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, through contracts or legislation.

The remainder of the fund balance is comprised of both assigned and unassigned amounts, totaling \$16,067,092, and represents the amounts available for spending at the government's discretion. Of this total, 23.5% (\$7,804,474) is assigned and in the General fund 25% (\$8,262,619) is unassigned.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City of West Jordan. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned and assigned fund balance of the General fund was \$620,108 and \$8,262,619, respectively. Total fund balance reached \$14,891,515. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21% of total General fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 38% of that same amount.

The City's total General fund balance experienced a \$5,128,918 increase during the current fiscal year. Total revenues in the General fund were \$2,352,689 higher than the budgeted amount, due mostly to sales tax revenues exceeding budgeted revenues in the amount of \$1,811,931. This increase in the general fund is partially due to an increase in consumer confidence. However, there was also a transfer of \$750,000 from the Storm water fund to the Capital support fund. The cash transfer was used to partially fund the final sales tax bond payment, resulting in less sales tax revenue used for debt service in the Capital Support fund, and increasing the sales tax revenue in the General fund. Of the total fund balance, restricted fund balance increased \$1,590,522. Restricted cash in the General fund represents C-Road revenue restricted for qualifying road maintenance and road capital projects. Utah Code Section 17-36-16(3) provides a floor set at 5% of the total budgeted General fund revenues, below which cities may not spend their resources, except in emergencies. As of June 30, 2012, the City's Unassigned fund balance is 18% of fiscal year 2013 budgeted General fund revenues.

Unassigned fund balance was \$8,262,619, a significant increase in comparison to the prior year unassigned fund balance in the amount of \$5,015,139. During fiscal year 2012, the City took the following measures to increase and stabilize fund balance in the General fund:

- A transfer of unrestricted cash from the Roads Capital Project fund to the General fund in the amount of \$197,748. The cash was transferred from the Capital Support fund to the Roads Capital fund in prior fiscal years for specific projects. The projects were subsequently funded with restricted cash from C-Road revenues or impact fee revenues.
- A transfer of cash from the Parks Capital fund in the amount of \$270,803, was approved by Council, as a repayment of General fund unrestricted cash transferred in prior years for capital projects. The actual cost of the projects was lower than estimated.

City management has responded to continued reduced revenues by initiating a soft hiring
freeze implemented during fiscal year 2009, which has continued through fiscal year
2012. Since fiscal year 2008, there has been no cost of living adjustment or annual wage
step increase for employees. As a result of these measures, expenditures have remained
level.

The Redevelopment Agency fund had a total fund balance of \$3,061,245, an increase from the previous year in the amount of \$866,981. The increase results from a slight increase in tax increment revenues and a decrease in debt service expenditures. The Redevelopment Agency fund has fund balance restricted for debt service in the amount of \$204,808.

The Capital Support fund has a fund balance of \$1,818,003, a decrease in the amount of \$1,152,994 from the prior year. The Capital Support fund activity is primarily the receipt of property tax and sales tax revenues and payment of debt service in the amount of \$516,130 and \$2,890,939, respectively. Other activity included a transfer from the Storm water fund in the amount of \$750,000, and expenditures in the amount \$46,909 for various facility repairs and maintenance. Fund balance is committed in the amount of \$750,000 to fulfill a contract with Salt Lake County which will be contributed to the construction of the new County library located in West Jordan City. The remainder of fund balance in the amount of \$1,068,003 is assigned for building replacement and repairs projects, as designated by council.

The Road Capital Improvement fund has a total fund balance of \$5,128,634, a decrease from the prior year of \$1,473,861. The projects in the Road Capital fund are funded by impact fee revenues, telecommunication tax revenues transferred from the General fund, and B&C Road fund revenues transferred in from the General fund. Fund balance in the Road fund is restricted for road projects funded by grants in the amount of \$3,167,335. A portion of fund balance is also committed through contractual obligation in the amount of \$1,099,200, and \$862,099 is assigned for the pavement maintenance.

**Proprietary funds** – The City of West Jordan's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements business-type activities, but in more detail.

At the end of the year, unrestricted net assets in the water fund were \$7,046,655. In the current year, the water fund had a net operating gain of \$668,714, compared to an operating gain of \$488,796 in FY 2011. To address the operating losses in the water fund, the City implemented a service rate increase of 20% for FY 2011, effective October 1, 2010, and an additional service rate increase of 4% in May of 2012.

Unrestricted net assets of the sewer and solid waste funds were \$6,387,561 and \$8,984,597, respectively, remaining relatively unchanged from the previous year. Unrestricted net assets in the amount of \$1,380,532 are being reported for the new storm water fund.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year, there was an increase in appropriation between the original and final amended budget in the amount of \$1,680,516 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Budgeted transfers out to the Road Capital Improvement fund, increased by \$959,348, for which \$500,000 was for projects qualifying for use of Class B&C Road revenues. The remaining \$459,438 was a transfer for road maintenance projects.
- Budgeted expenditures (not including transfers out) increased in the amount of \$721,168. The fire department purchased two new fire engines during the FY 2012. The purchase was financed with a capital lease, which will be charged back to the fire department each year. The FY 2012 lease payment totaled \$459,348, requiring an increase in the fire department budget. The remaining budget adjustment of \$261,820 increased budget in the following departments: police operational costs, grant funded police programs, fire operational costs, public works operational costs and administration costs.
- Because of the decline in the economy and city revenues in recent years, the City Manager requested Department Heads to review departmental budgets and identify line items where actual expenditures were expected to be significantly lower than budgeted expenditures. As a result of this analysis, appropriations were reduced in the amount of \$710,929 in police, public works, and fire department budgets. An equal increase was made in the Mayor and council contingency reserve budget. The budget was shifted to council contingency to be used for a contingency.

Based on budgeted revenues and expenditures, fund balance was projected to decrease in the amount of \$2,683,258. During the year, expenditures were \$3,498,445 less than budgeted, while transfers out were \$2,249,722 less than budgeted. The transfers were primarily due to C-Road capital projects that were budgeted, but not completed in FY 2012. The lower expenditures were also a result of City management responding to the continued economic downturn and lower than expected revenues. Revenues were higher than budgeted estimates in the following areas: sales tax revenues, property tax revenues, ambulance fee revenues, and court fines. The favorable variance in revenues combined with the favorable variance in expenditures resulted in a net fund balance increase in the amount of \$5,152,918.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital assets – The City of West Jordan's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012 amounts to \$410,420,922, (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, water rights, construction in process, machinery and equipment, computer equipment, building, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Infrastructure and land was donated to the City by developers and became the City's responsibility to maintain. The estimated fair value of the infrastructure and land donated in the proprietary funds totaled \$1,285,907.
- The City spent the following amounts for improvements over the course of the fiscal year: \$1,969,047 on roads, \$1,781,411 on storm water, \$3,456,045 on water, and \$901,428 on sewer. The City also spent \$461,165 on open space projects and new parks.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

**Long-term debt** – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$32,472,915 in outstanding long-term debt.

City of West Jordan's Outstanding Debt

		Gove	rnm	ental	Busin	ess-	type					
	_	Ac	tivit	ies	 Ac	tiviti	ies	_	Total			
	_	2012		2011	 2012		2011		2012		2011	
Revenue bonds	\$	7,250,000	\$	10,130,000	\$ 1,684,438	\$	2,478,879	\$	8,934,438	\$	12,608,879	
General obligation bond	ls	7,882,132		8,329,538	-		-		7,882,132		8,329,538	
Tax increment notes												
payable to develope	rs	-		837,708	-		-		-		837,708	
Special Assessment		4,497,000		4,497,000	-		-		4,497,000		4,497,000	
Other liabilities		7,298,607		7,319,477	242,864		224,577		7,541,471		7,544,054	
Capital leases	_	1,617,873	_	778,951	 -	_	-	_	1,617,873		778,951	
Total	\$_	28,545,612	\$	31,892,674	\$ 1,927,302	\$	2,703,456	\$	30,472,914	\$	34,596,130	

The City's total debt (including compensated absences and other long-term liabilities) decreased in the amount of \$4,123,216 during the current fiscal year. The net change is a result of normally scheduled debt service payments in the amount of \$5,797,776 and amortization of discounts, premiums and refunding cost in the amount of \$53,153. During fiscal year 2012, the City entered into a new capital lease in the amount of \$1,279,552. Accrued compensated absences increased by \$740,454, and lease revenue bonds were refunded, resulting in a net decrease in the amount of \$385,000.

The City's bond rating is AAA for its lease revenue bonds, sales tax bonds, and general obligation bonds. The City has \$7,882,132 in outstanding general obligation debt as of June 30, 2012. The Utah Constitution limits general obligation debt to 4% of the market value of real property. Considering present market value, the City's debt limit is \$296,800,928.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

#### Economic Factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In FY 2012, sales tax revenue increased 6% over the previous year. Sales tax revenue for FY 2013 is budgeted to increase an additional 4%, or \$573,000. The most recent sales tax revenue estimates project actual sales tax revenues to be slightly above the original budget. However, the current strength in consumer spending may not be sustainable due to modest gains in employment and wage increases. Also, there is a set of tax increases scheduled to take effect in the New Year that may hinder consumer and business spending. The City's sales tax revenue continues to be negatively impacted by increased competition from large new retail projects in surrounding communities.

During the Fiscal Year 2013 budget process, the City held a Truth in Taxation Hearing. The outcome of the hearing was an additional \$1,560,000 in property tax revenue, resulting in

#### CITY OF WEST JORDAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

approximately a 16% increase in City property tax rates.

Development activity is expected to experience slow growth in the near future. This trend will result in small revenue increases from impact and building permit fees, as well as other general revenues. Interest in future development on the City's west side continues to be relatively strong for both residential and commercial.

City Council and management will continue to monitor the economic outlook and proactively deal with the challenges the City is experiencing.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of West Jordan's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 8000 South Redwood Road, West Jordan, Utah, 84088.



	Governmental Activities		Вı	asiness-type Activities	 Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,996,881	\$	17,663,078	\$ 40,659,959
Accounts receivable, net		594,495		3,659,156	4,253,651
Taxes receivable		20,945,122		-	20,945,122
Loans receivable		778,236		-	778,236
Intergovernmental receivable		19,201		-	19,201
Prepaid items		86,493		-	86,493
Inventory		27,306		189,466	216,772
Intangible		_		15,441,185	15,441,185
Investement in joint venture		_		4,768,152	4,768,152
Unamortized bond issuance costs		387,794		29,219	417,013
Restricted assets:		557,77		_>,_1>	.17,010
Cash and cash equivalents		16,523,869		3,918,935	20,442,804
Capital assets not being depreciated		150,586,249		3,751,127	154,337,376
Capital assets hot being depreciated, net					
		127,554,421		128,619,178	256,173,599
Total Assets	\$	340,500,067	\$	178,039,496	\$ 518,539,563
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	1,357,368	\$	2,054,396	\$ 3,411,764
Accrued liabilities		2,239,323		95,832	2,335,155
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Accounts payable		164,988		378,851	543,839
Accrued liabilities		139,927		-	139,927
Deposits		1,014,833		19,320	1,034,153
Unearned revenue		17,577,294		169,789	17,747,083
Noncurrent liabilities:		17,877,23		105,705	17,7 . 7,000
Due within one year:					
Compensated absences		2,014,237		84,720	2,098,957
Bonds payable		2,050,000		680,000	2,730,000
Capital leases		430,543		000,000	430,543
•				-	
Contracts payable		370,000		-	370,000
Due in more than one year:		2 424 250		150 142	2 502 512
Compensated absences		3,434,370		158,143	3,592,513
Bonds payable		17,579,134		1,004,438	18,583,572
Capital leases		1,187,330		-	1,187,330
Contracts payable		1,480,000			 1,480,000
Total Liabilities		51,039,347		4,645,489	 55,684,836
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		255,043,663		146,127,052	401,170,715
Projects		14,172,664		3,520,764	17,693,428
Debt service		1,031,454		- , ,	1,031,454
Unrestricted		19,212,938		23,746,191	42,959,129
Total Net Assets		289,460,719		173,394,007	 462,854,726
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	340,500,067	\$	178,039,496	\$ 518,539,563

#### CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets				
Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Functions/Programs									
Government Activities									
General governmental	\$ 7,386,329	\$ 3,014,444	\$ 12,981	\$ -	\$ (4,358,904)	\$ -	\$ (4,358,904)		
Community development	3,079,432	1,893,432	-	669,812	(516,188)	-	(516,188)		
Police	13,795,007	828,015	266,787	40,664	(12,659,541)	-	(12,659,541)		
Fire	9,396,340	1,538,673	191,640	87,644	(7,578,383)	-	(7,578,383)		
Public Works	11,661,882	1,832,517	3,203,730	1,659,310	(4,966,325)	-	(4,966,325)		
Parks and recreation	3,365,411	427,743	-	451,447	(2,486,221)	-	(2,486,221)		
Interest on long-term debt	1,085,582				(1,085,582)		(1,085,582)		
Total Governmental Activities	49,769,983	9,534,824	3,675,138	2,908,877	(33,651,144)		(33,651,144)		
Business-type Activities									
Water	13,499,824	14,071,562	-	2,576,011	-	3,147,749	3,147,749		
Sewer	5,528,029	7,790,530	_	1,087,640	-	3,350,141	3,350,141		
Solid Waste	3,817,376	4,149,462	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	332,086	332,086		
Storm Water	1,396,140	806,368		203,555		(386,217)	(386,217)		
Total Business-type Activities	24,241,369	26,817,922		3,867,206		6,443,759	6,443,759		
Total Government	\$ 74,011,352	\$ 36,352,746	\$ 3,675,138	\$ 6,776,083	(33,651,144)	6,443,759	(27,207,385)		
			General Revenues						
			Property taxes		9,811,737	_	9,811,737		
			Tax increments for i	redevelopment agency	2,282,629	_	2,282,629		
			Sales taxes	1 0 7	14,467,761	_	14,467,761		
			Franchise taxes		7,409,499	_	7,409,499		
			Fee-in-lieu of prope	erty taxes	814,006	_	814,006		
			Gain on sale of capi	•	188,175	389,957	578,132		
			Interest on investme		179,230	115,005	294,235		
			Miscellaneous		261,443	· -	261,443		
			Transfers		(21,118,076)	21,118,076			
			Total General Revenue	es and Transfers	14,296,404	21,623,038	35,919,442		
			Changes in Net Assets	S	(19,354,740)	28,066,797	8,712,057		
			Net Assets, Beginning	5	308,815,459	145,327,210	454,142,669		
			Net Assets, Ending		\$ 289,460,719	\$ 173,394,007	\$ 462,854,726		

#### CITY OF WEST JORDAN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

Access	 General	Rec	levelopment Agency	Support Fund	In	provement Fund	Gov	vernmental Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable - net Taxes receivable Loans receivable Prepaid items Intergovernmental receivable Restricted assets:	\$ 6,512,630 572,078 14,848,187 - 6,313	\$	2,856,437 - 5,130,647 - -	\$ 1,707,416 - 956,033 - - -	\$	2,562,970 - - - - - -	\$	2,466,348 1,530 10,255 778,236 80,180 19,201	\$	16,105,801 573,608 20,945,122 778,236 86,493 19,201
Cash and cash equivalents	7,114,277		204,808			3,169,080		6,035,704		16,523,869
Total Assets	\$ 29,053,485	\$	8,191,892	\$ 2,663,449	\$	5,732,050	\$	9,391,454	\$	55,032,330
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Unearned revenue Liabilities payable from restricted	\$ 403,323 1,598,499 266,102 10,782,247	\$	5,130,647	\$ 6,665 - - 838,781	\$	601,671 - - -	\$	20,619 31,505 - 825,619	\$	1,032,278 1,630,004 266,102 17,577,294
assets: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits	96,966 - 1,014,833		- - -	- - -		1,745 - -		66,277 139,927 -		164,988 139,927 1,014,833
Total Liabilities	14,161,970		5,130,647	845,446		603,416		1,083,947		21,825,426
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	6,313 6,002,475 - 620,108 8,262,619		204,808 - 2,856,437	750,000 1,068,003		3,167,335 1,099,200 862,099		80,180 5,829,500 - 2,397,827 -		86,493 15,204,119 1,849,200 7,804,474 8,262,619
Total Fund Balances	14,891,515		3,061,245	 1,818,003		5,128,634		8,307,507		33,206,904
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 29,053,485	\$	8,191,892	\$ 2,663,449	\$	5,732,050	\$	9,391,454	\$	55,032,330

#### CITY OF WEST JORDAN RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 33,206,904
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	278,140,670
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance and risk management to individual funds. The current assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	6,144,962
Accrued interest expense is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not recorded in the funds.	(140,098)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not recorded in the funds.	(28,545,614)
Costs of issuance are not amortized in the current period and therefore are not recorded in the funds.	387,794
Certain revenue is deferred in the govenrmental funds but is not in the statement of net assets because it qualifies for recognition under the economic resources measurement focus.	266,102
Total net assets - governmental activities	\$289,460,719

#### CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 General	Redevelopment Agency		Capital Support Fund		Road Capital Improvement Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues											
Taxes	\$ 31,990,925	\$	2,282,629	\$	500,350	\$	-	\$	11,728	\$	34,785,632
Licenses and permits	1,805,455		-		-		-		-		1,805,455
Intergovernmental	4,102,408		-		-		1,042,665		1,142,561		6,287,634
Charges for services	2,907,349		-		-		-		846,627		3,753,976
Fines and forfeitures	1,738,670		-		-		-		-		1,738,670
Interfund charges	4,188,392		-		-		-		-		4,188,392
Impact fees	-		-		-		705,753		555,956		1,261,709
Interest	77,382		19,138		15,780		36,050		58,747		207,097
Miscellaneous	 134,474		150,027				13,259		200,776		498,536
Total Revenues	 46,945,055		2,451,794		516,130		1,797,727		2,816,395		54,527,101
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government	8,784,265		-		-		-		-		8,784,265
Community development	1,699,041		401,505		46,909		-		1,003,312		3,150,767
Police	13,175,846		-		-		-		-		13,175,846
Fire	8,603,467		-		-		-		-		8,603,467
Public works	4,892,084		-		-		-		-		4,892,084
Parks and recreation	1,845,239		-		-		-		185,363		2,030,602
Debt service:											
Principal	29,380		770,000		2,450,000		750,736		3,790,000		7,790,116
Interest	7,162		249,341		440,939		-		361,243		1,058,685
Capital outlay:											
Roads	-		-		-		5,613,161				5,613,161
Parks	-		-		-		-		461,165		461,165
Buildings	 					_			-		
Total Expenditures	39,036,484		1,420,846		2,937,848	_	6,363,897		5,801,083		55,560,158
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures	 7,908,571		1,030,948		(2,421,718)		(4,566,170)		(2,984,688)		(1,033,057)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in	632,518		-		1,268,724		3,290,057		-		5,191,299
Transfers out	(3,388,171)		(163,967)		· -		(197,748)		(789,527)		(4,539,413)
Bond proceeds	-		-		_		-		3,290,000		3,290,000
Total Other Financing							,				
Sources (Uses)	 (2,755,653)		(163,967)		1,268,724		3,092,309		2,500,473		3,941,886
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,152,918		866,981		(1,152,994)		(1,473,861)		(484,215)		2,908,829
Fund Balance, Beginning	9,738,597		2,194,264		2,970,997		6,602,495		8,791,722		30,298,075
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 14,891,515	\$	3,061,245	\$	1,818,003	\$	5,128,634	\$	8,307,507	\$	33,206,904

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,908,829
Governmental funds have reported capital outlays, past and present, as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	(7,321,126)
Governmental funds report current capital outlays as expenditures. However, these expenditures are reported as capital assets in the statement of net assets.	4,051,262
Long term assets are not reported in the governmental fund statements. Assets transferred between a governmental fund and an enterprise fund are reported in the government-wide statemetns.	(22,005,047)
Long term liabilities are not reported in the governmental fund statements. Liabilities transferred between a governmental fund and an enterprise fund are reported in the government-wide statements.	86,971
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	7,790,116
In the statement of activities, amortization of premiums and costs of issuing of debt is recorded.	(47,058)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expense is reported when due.	41,137
The long term portion of accrued leave does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not recorded as an expenditure in the Governmental Funds.	(326,902)
The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported within the governmental activities.	(1,269,235)
Proceeds from a bond issuance are reported as revenue in the governmental fund statements, whereas in the statement activities the proceeds are reported as a long term liability	(3,290,000)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	26,313
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (19,354,740)

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with final budget		
Revenues Taxes	\$ 30,178,994	\$ 30,178,994	\$ 31,990,925	\$ 1,811,931		
Licenses and permits	1,671,198	1,671,198	1,805,455	134,257		
Intergovernmental revenues	3,678,110	3,941,584	4,102,408	160,824		
Charges for services	2,463,798	2,463,798	2,907,349	443,551		
Fines and forfeitures	2,000,500	2,000,500	1,738,670	(261,830)		
Interfund charges	4,120,608	4,188,392	4,188,392	-		
Interest income	43,000	43,000	77,382	34,382		
Miscellaneous	104,400	104,900	134,474	29,574		
Total Revenues Expenditures	44,260,608	44,592,366	46,945,055	2,352,689		
General government:						
Mayor & city council	549,094	1,259,923	373,856	886,067		
Court	816,831	831,831	758,502	73,329		
City manager	327,521	327,521	331,952	(4,431)		
Elections	160,000	160,000	156,629	3,371		
Events	210,981	210,981	159,782	51,199		
Management information systems	1,329,792	1,229,792	1,218,598	11,194		
Facilities Human resources	1,073,932	1,113,932 278,343	1,008,358	105,574		
Finance	277,843 1,142,894	1,142,894	283,094 1,075,504	(4,751) 67,390		
Utility billing	629,604	629,604	628,736	868		
Recorder	218,049	218,049	263,292	(45,243)		
Attorney	1,255,564	1,262,277	1,179,911	82,366		
Nondepartmental	1,292,355	1,292,355	1,346,051	(53,696)		
Total general government	9,284,460	9,957,502	8,784,265	1,173,237		
Community Develoment:						
Planning & zoning	801,036	801,036	802,741	(1,705)		
Economic development	219,363	219,363	172,664	46,699		
Building safety	747,787	747,787	723,636	24,151		
Total community development	1,768,186	1,768,186	1,699,041	69,145		
Police:	6.042.010	6 004 726	5 660 594	264 150		
Support services Line services	6,042,919 7,560,560	6,024,736 7,528,833	5,660,584 6,982,924	364,152 545,909		
Animal control	578,907	578,907	532,338	46,569		
Total Police	14,182,386	14,132,476	13,175,846	956,630		
Fire	8,579,707	9,001,367	8,603,467	397,900		
Public works:						
Public works administration	605,545	744,167	708,286	35,881		
Engineering	1,715,452	1,688,852	1,403,328	285,524		
Streets	2,426,882	2,022,355	1,981,869	40,486		
C road projects	1,076,369	1,076,369	798,601	277,768		
Total public works	5,824,248	5,531,743	4,892,084	639,659		
Parks and recreation:	2.010.604	1 007 007	1 725 222	251.064		
Parks Cemeteries	2,010,604 127,517	1,987,097 119,905	1,735,233 110,006	251,864 9,899		
Total Parks and recreation	2,138,121	2,107,002	1.845.239	261,763		
Debt service:	2,130,121	2,107,002	1,043,239	201,703		
Principal	36,653	36,653	29,380	7,273		
Interest			7,162	(7,162)		
Total debt service	36,653	36,653	36,542	111		
Total Expeditures	41,813,761	42,534,929	39,036,484	3,498,445		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,446,847	2,057,437	7,908,571	2,421,834		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1/2000	007.100	620 F10	(064.600)		
Transfers in Transfers out	163,966 (4,678,545)	897,198 (5,637,893)	632,518 (3,388,171)	(264,680) 2,249,722		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,514,579)	(4,740,695)	(2,755,653)	1,985,042		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,067,732)	\$ (2,683,258)	5,152,918	\$ 4,406,876		
Fund Balance, Beginning			9,738,597			
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 14,891,515			
I and Damiec, Litting			Ψ 14,051,313			

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>							
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,361,782	\$	2,651,216	\$	2,282,629	\$	(368,587)
Interest		-		-		19,138		19,138
Miscellaneous						150,027		150,027
<b>Total Revenues</b>		2,361,782		2,651,216		2,451,794		(199,422)
Expenditures								
Community development		1,218,907		1,218,907		401,505		817,402
Debt Service:								
Principal payments		770,000		770,000		770,000		-
Interest		249,341		249,341		249,341		_
Total Expenditures		2,238,248		2,238,248		1,420,846		817,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		123,534		412,968		1,030,948		617,980
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(365,584)		(365,584)		(163,967)		201,617
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(365,584)		(365,584)		(163,967)		201,617
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	123,534	\$	412,968		866,981	\$	617,980
Fund Balance, Beginning						2,194,264		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	3,061,245		

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Water		Sewer		Solid Waste		Storm Water		Total Enterprise		overnmental activities - Internal rvice Funds
Assets	- water		SCWCI		ond waste		toriii w ater		Litterprise	50	I VICE TUILES
Current Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventory	\$ 6,473,764 2,138,519 189,466	\$	5,751,365 823,915	\$	3,945,789 545,947 -	\$	1,492,160 150,775	\$	17,663,078 3,659,156 189,466	\$	6,891,080 20,887 27,306
Total Current Assets	8,801,749		6,575,280		4,491,736		1,642,935		21,511,700		6,939,273
Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents Intangible asset Investment in joint venture Bond issuance costs, net Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,187,401 - - 29,219 3,381,683 73,740,395		2,531,880 15,441,185 - - - 31,372,426		4,768,152 - - 322,082		199,654 - - - 369,444 23,184,275		3,918,935 15,441,185 4,768,152 29,219 3,751,127 128,619,178		- - - - 4.932.293
• •								_		-	
Total Noncurrent Assets	78,338,698		49,345,491		5,090,234		23,753,373		156,527,796		4,932,293
Total Assets	87,140,447		55,920,771		9,581,970		25,396,308		178,039,496		11,871,566
Liabilities											
Current Liabilities											
Accounts payable Other accrued payables	1,444,231 55,665		109,246 22,457		271,341 3,871		229,578 13,839		2,054,396 95,832		325,090 28,214
Payable from restricted assets:	22,002		22,		5,071		15,055		20,002		20,21
Accounts payable	28,248		150,949		-		199,654		378,851		-
Deposits	19,320		-		-		-		19,320		-
Unearned revenue	169,789 46,724		28,139		3,046		6,811		169,789 84,720		10.209
Current Portion, compensated absences Current Portion, bonds payable	680,000		28,139		3,040		0,811		680,000		19,298
Current Portion, capital lease payable	-		_		_		_		-		399,916
Accrued insurance losses							-				441,007
Total Current Liabilities	2,443,977		310,791		278,258		449,882		3,482,908		1,213,525
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated absences Bonds payable	67,904 1,004,438		77,731		333		12,175		158,143 1,004,438		21,973
Capital lease payable											1,069,531
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,072,342		77,731		333		12,175		1,162,581		1,091,504
Total Liabilities	3,516,319		388,522		278,591		462,057		4,645,489		2,305,029
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Projects	75,437,640 1,139,833		46,813,611 2,380,931		322,082		23,553,719		146,127,052 3,520,764		3,462,846
Unrestricted	1,139,833 7,046,655		2,380,931 6,337,707		8,981,297		1,380,532		3,520,764 23,746,191		6,103,691
Total Net Assets	83,624,128		55,532,249		9,303,379	-	24,934,251		173,394,007		9,566,537
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 87,140,447	\$	55,920,771	\$	9,581,970	\$	25,396,308	\$	178,039,496	\$	11,871,566
	- 07,210,117		22,20,771		,,,,,,,,,,	-			,,,,,,		, 1,000

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Water	Total Enterprise	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$14,071,562	\$ 7,790,530	\$ 4,085,054	\$ 806,368	\$ 26,753,514	\$ 2,994,195
Total Operating Revenues	14,071,562	7,790,530	4,085,054	806,368	26,753,514	2,994,195
Operating Expenses						
Sources of supply	7,222,642	-	-	-	7,222,642	-
Depreciation	2,040,425	917,814	161,041	635,330	3,754,610	1,626,435
Salaries and benefits	1,238,282	625,701	92,713	347,412	2,304,108	504,581
Contracted services	-	-	2,712,779	-	2,712,779	-
Sewage treatment	-	2,663,007	-	-	2,663,007	-
Fleet lease	72,711	104,792	39,195	39,800	256,498	-
Utilities and telephone	468,364	6,689	1,114	-	476,167	-
Professional and technical	21,905	11,188	221	7,914	41,228	896,892
Interfund charges	1,691,217	1,105,498	350,204	247,451	3,394,370	-
Garbage cans	-	-	144,969	-	144,969	-
Landfill	-		308,723	-	308,723	-
Supplies and maintenance	647,302	78,340	6,417	88,233	820,292	1,573,182
Total Operating Expenses	13,402,848	5,513,029	3,817,376	1,366,140	24,099,393	4,601,090
Operating Income (Loss)	668,714	2,277,501	267,678	(559,772)	2,654,121	(1,606,895)
Nonoperating Income (Expense)						
Equity income (loss) of joint venture	-	-	64,408	202.555	64,408	-
Impact fees	929,356	601,820	- 22.276	203,555	1,734,731	-
Interest earnings	29,608	44,496	22,376	18,524	115,004	21,687
Interest expense	(96,976)	-	-	-	(96,976)	(20,978)
Intergovernmental revenue	791,563	45,904	-	(20,000)	837,467	662
Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets	389,957	(15,000)		(30,000)	344,957	188,175
Total Nonoperating Income (Expense)	2,043,508	677,220	86,784	192,079	2,999,591	189,546
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	2,712,222	2,954,721	354,462	(367,693)	5,653,712	(1,417,349)
Capital contributions	855,092	439,916	-	21,918,076	23,213,084	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	432,590	432,590	148,114
Transfers out	(88,146)	(394,444)		(750,000)	(1,232,590)	
Change in Net Assets	3,479,168	3,000,193	354,462	21,232,973	28,066,796	(1,269,235)
Net Assets, Beginning	80,144,960	52,532,056	8,948,917	3,701,278	145,327,211	10,835,772
Net Assets, Ending	\$83,624,128	\$55,532,249	\$ 9,303,379	\$ 24,934,251	\$173,394,007	\$ 9,566,537

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Water	Total Enterprise	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	040.050.404	# <b>=</b> 00 <b>2</b> 200	# 4.000.00 <b>2</b>	d	A 25 005 040	
Receipts from customers and users	\$13,270,134	\$ 7,882,389	\$ 4,099,803	\$ 655,593	\$ 25,907,919	\$ - 2,989,401
Receipts from interfund services provided Payments for goods/services	(8,065,981)	(2,965,685)	(2,876,796)	288,793	(13,619,669)	(2,340,926)
Payments for interfund services used	(1,763,928)	(1,210,290)	(389,399)	(287,251)	(3,650,868)	(2,340,720)
Payments to employees	(1,240,578)	(626,596)	(93,062)	(314,587)	(2,274,823)	(485,465)
Net cash flows from operating activities	2,199,647	3,079,818	740,546	342,548	6,362,559	163,010
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing						
Activities						
Receipts from other governments	791,563	45,904	-	-	837,467	662
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	148,114
Transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)		(750,000)	(800,000)	
Net cash flows from non-capital financing				.=== ===		
activities	766,563	20,904		(750,000)	37,467	148,776
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Acquisition of capital assets	(2,619,153)	(461,514)	-	(1,781,411)	(4,862,078)	(2,008,477)
Purchase of intangible assets	-	(1,150,753)	-	-	(1,150,753)	-
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	413,820	-	-	-	413,820	85,257
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-	-	1,279,552
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal payments on bonds	(820,000)	-	-	-	(820,000)	-
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(68,057)	-	-	-	(68,057)	(411.050)
Payments on capital leases Interest paid on capital leases	-	-	-	-	-	(411,250) (21,144)
Impact fees paid to developer	_	_	-	(86,972)	(86,972)	(21,144)
Impact fees collected	929,356	601,820	-	203,555	1,734,731	-
Net seek floor from seekel oud						
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(2,164,034)	(1,010,447)		(1,664,828)	(4,839,309)	(1,076,062)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Contributions to equity investment	-	-	(410,105)	-	(410,105)	-
Interest on investments	29,608	44,496	22,376	18,524	115,004	21,687
Net cash flows from investing activities	29,608	44,496	(387,729)	18,524	(295,101)	21,687
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash						
Equivalents	831,784	2,134,771	352,817	(2,053,756)	1,265,616	(742,589)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	6,829,381	6,148,474	3,592,972	3,745,570	20,316,397	7,633,669
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 7,661,165	\$ 8,283,245	\$ 3,945,789	\$ 1,691,814	\$ 21,582,013	\$ 6,891,080

Statement continued on next page.

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds													
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities	Water		Water Sew		er Sewer _		Solid Waste		Storm Water		Total Enterprise		Α	vernmental activities - Internal rvice Funds
Earnings (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile earnings (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	\$	668,714	\$ 2	2,277,501	\$	267,678	\$	(559,772)	\$	2,654,121	\$	(1,606,895)		
Depreciation	2	,040,425		917,814		161,041		635,330		3,754,610		1,626,435		
Non cash change in investment in joint venture		-		-		308,723		-		308,723		-		
Changes in assets and liabilities														
Accounts receivable, net		(701,808)		91,859		14,749		(150,775)		(745,975)		(4,794)		
Inventory		(44,845)		-		-		-		(44,845)		1,613		
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Accounts payable		314,534		(356,969)		(11,296)		185,286		131,555		(9,865)		
Accounts payable from restricted assets		24,543		150,508		-		199,654		374,705		-		
Other accrued payables		4,527		(8,122)		755		13,839		10,999		1,888		
Compensated absences		(6,823)		7,227		(1,104)		18,986		18,286		17,228		
Customer deposits		(2,827)		-		-		-		(2,827)		-		
Unearned revenue		(96,793)		-		-		-		(96,793)		-		
Accrued insurance losses		-		-		-				-		137,400		
Net cash flows from operating														
activities	\$ 2	,199,647	\$ .	3,079,818	\$	740,546	\$	342,548	\$	6,362,559	\$	163,010		
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:														
Contributions of capital assets	\$	855,092	\$	439,916	\$	_	\$	21,918,076	\$	23,213,084	\$	-		
Net transfer of capital assets		(63,146)		(369,444)		-		432,590		-		-		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of West Jordan, Utah (the City) have been prepared in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

## A. The Reporting Entity

The City, incorporated in 1941, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The reporting entity consists of the primary government and component units. Component units are entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Data from these units is combined with data from the primary government. The West Jordan Redevelopment Agency and the West Jordan Municipal Building Authority are included as blended component units. The Redevelopment Agency was legally created as authorized by the Utah Neighborhood Development Act. The City Council is designated by ordinance as the governing body of the Agency. Therefore, the Agency is part of the reporting entity and is reported as a Special Revenue Fund. The Municipal Building Authority (MBA) is a separate legal entity and is reported as a Special Revenue Fund. The MBA was established to finance and construct municipal buildings that are then leased to the City. The City Council serves as the board of trustees for the MBA and therefore the MBA is reported as if it were part of the primary government. Separate financial statements are not issued for either of these component units. The City has no discretely presented component units.

## B. Basic Financial Statements – Government-wide Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities are government-wide and include the financial activities of the primary government. Assets and liabilities are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long term assets and receivables as well as long term debt and obligations. The City's net assets are reported in three parts; invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City as of the end of the fiscal year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function are

offset by related program revenues. Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for goods or services, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The use of impact fee revenues is restricted by the State of Utah to specific projects. Because of these restrictions impact fee revenues are included in the capital grants column. All tax revenue and internally dedicated resources are classified as general revenues. The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

The government-wide financial statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from current year activities.

### C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements present financial information in more detail. These statements focus on the major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are presented in separate columns while non-major funds are aggregated and then presented in a single column.

The financial structure of the City has been organized on the basis of individual funds. Each fund is a self-balancing set of accounts consisting of its assets, liabilities, fund balance or retained earnings, revenue, and expenditures or expenses. Detailed accounting records are maintained for each individual fund; however, to provide maximum interest earnings on all idle funds of the City, all cash of the City is pooled for investment purposes. Interest earnings are allocated based upon a percentage method using the month-end cash balances of the individual funds. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements.

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Administrative services rendered to other funds are charged to such funds and are shown as charges for services.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes and for the enforcement of special services and activities.

Capital Projects Funds – The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of the major capital facilities of the City other than those financed by the proprietary funds.

The following four funds are presented as major funds in the financial statements; (1) the General Fund, (2) the Redevelopment Agency, a fund created to account for economic development and redevelopment districts within the City, (3) Capital Support Fund, a capital project fund used to account for the construction of buildings and other improvements, and (4) Road Capital Improvement Fund, a capital project fund used to account for major road projects.

## PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

*Enterprise Funds* – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The existing enterprise funds account for construction, operation, maintenance, related debt, and property, plant and equipment within each fund. The City-owned water utility, wastewater utility, solid waste service, and storm water are presented as major funds.

*Internal Service Funds* – Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains internal service funds for fleet management, information technologies (computer replacement & management), and insurance/claims.

## D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. The proprietary fund statements distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The City records utility revenues billed to its customers on a monthly basis.

Unbilled services in the proprietary funds have been recorded as revenue and accounts receivable at June 30, 2012. The accounts receivable for these revenues are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period

or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property tax, sales tax, franchise tax, inter-governmental revenue, ambulance service revenue, and interest earned in the current period are accrued and reported as revenue. All other revenues are not subject to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not measurable. Expenditures are recorded when fund liabilities are incurred. Exceptions to this rule are (a) principal and interest on long term debt, which are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, and (b) compensated absences, which are recorded as a liability only when payment is due. Fund liabilities and expenditures are recorded for compensated absence amounts when employment is terminated.

The City applies to both government-wide and proprietary funds statements all GASB pronouncements and FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with GASB pronouncement. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in accordance GAAP.

# E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$20,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least three years. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value as of the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds and capital assets of the proprietary funds. In accordance with GAAP, all City infrastructure has been capitalized. Infrastructure includes all transportation corridors as well as storm sewer systems. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Years</u>
45
15
3
5-15
5-15
20
30
45
45
50

## F. Intangible Asset

The City has an intangible asset related to South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWRF). The City has capitalized their contributions that helped build the SVWRF sewage treatment plant for which the City has certain capacity rights for sewage treatment.

## G. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short term investments with an original maturity date of less than 90 days. Investments are stated at their fair value or amortized cost at June 30, 2012.

#### H. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted to their use. Impact fees are restricted within the capital projects, water, and sewer funds. Also, cash and investments are held by trustees for the debt service payments on bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

## I. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost that approximates market using the first-in first-out method (FIFO). The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual items are used (Consumption Method). Reported inventories are equally offset by fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are component of net current assets.

## J. Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid amounts appear in the General Fund for health insurance premiums and the Western Stampede fund for expenditures related to the July 4<sup>th</sup> celebrations. Reported prepaid expenditures are equally offset by fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

#### K. Investment in Joint Venture

The City has an investment in Trans-Jordan Cities Landfill, a joint venture. The City's 24.41% interest in this joint venture is accounted for using the equity method. The City's equity interest represents its explicit, measurable right to the net present or future resources of the joint ventures. Under this method, the Solid Waste Fund (Enterprise Fund) records its share of the joint venture's net income or loss for each period. This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial reports as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control. The complete financial statements for the Trans-Jordan Landfill, for the year ended June 30, 2012, can be obtained from the Trans-Jordan Landfill at 10873 South 7200 West, South Jordan, Utah 84095.

## L. Compensated Absences

Vacation is earned on a biweekly basis at a rate determined by an employee's years of service. Proprietary funds recognize an expense for all accrued vacation amounts when the vacation is earned. Governmental funds recognize an expenditure when vacation leave is used by employees or at termination. Comp-time is earned by non-exempt employees at a rate of time and one-half, while exempt employees earn comp time on an hour for hour basis. Exempt employees can earn a maximum of 80 hours of comp-time annually. The recognition of a liability is treated similarly to vacation.

Employees also accumulate sick leave on a biweekly basis. Each year employees are eligible to be paid out 25% of their current year accrued, unused sick leave. Governmental funds recognize an expenditure when the sick leave is used. Proprietary funds recognize 25% of the current year accrued, unused sick leave at the end of the fiscal year.

In the governmental funds, the liability for compensated absences is reported only if they have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). These compensated absences are typically liquidated through the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of these amounts for government funds is recognized within the government-wide statements and will appear as a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide statements and the fund statements.

#### M. Deferred and Unearned Revenue

Deferred revenue is reported when; 1) asset recognition occurs, 2) the revenue has been earned, and 3) the revenue has not been received within 60 days of the fiscal year end. Accounts receivable, including ambulance revenues, that were not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental fund statements, but are recognized as revenue in the entity-wide statements.

Unearned revenue is reported when; 1) asset recognition occurs because there is a legal right to an asset, and 2) the revenue is unearned or is not intended to fund the current year operations. Property taxes are levied in January of each year resulting in an enforceable claim, but are not due and payable until November 1<sup>st</sup> of the same year. Property taxes are intended to fund activities in the year of collection and not the fiscal year in which they were levied. As a result, property taxes levied in January, are reported as an accounts receivable asset and as unearned revenue in both the governmental fund statements and the entity-wide statements.

## N. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds to distribute administrative costs and construct assets. These transactions are generally reflected as "transfers" In addition, loans have been made between funds and are reflected as "due to, due from" on the respective funds' balance sheets.

## O. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from property tax is recorded as unearned revenue in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements, and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a non-exchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as unearned revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1, but are not due until November 30. Special assessments become an enforceable lien when assessed.

## P. Fund Equity Classification

Presentation of fund equity is classified in the government-wide financial statements as net assets and is displayed in three components:

- 1. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund financial statements, the requirements for the presentation of governmental fund equity have changed substantially from prior years. The governmental fund equity is presented as Fund Balance; and is further classified as Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned.

1. Non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

- 2. Restricted fund balance is fund balance with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification include those funds that can only be used for specific purposed pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, which is this government's highest level of decision making authority.
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to use the funds for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, as established by the City Council. This also includes all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted nor committed or in the General Fund, that are intended to be used for specific purposes.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Proprietary Fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, followed by assigned resources, and then unassigned resources as they are needed.

## Q. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

## R. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# S. Budgets

Utah State statute establishes budgetary procedures for the City. The basis of accounting applied to each fund budget is the same basis as the related fund's financial statements. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in

accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budget as amended.

In accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year. However, unexpended capital projects may be re-appropriated. The following are the legal procedures followed by the City:

- (1) On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the City Council in May, the City Manager, authorized under state statute to be appointed Budget Officer, submits a proposed operating budget for all governmental fund types and an operating and capital budget for all proprietary fund types for the subsequent fiscal year. The budget documents include financing sources and the proposed budget amounts requested by the department heads along with the proposed budget amounts requested by the City Manager.
- (2) A public hearing is held to receive input on all aspects of the proposed budget. The hearing is preceded by a notice in the local newspaper. The notice is given at least seven days before the hearing and includes the time, date, and place of the hearing. All budget documents are required to be available for public inspection ten days prior to the public hearing.
- (3) On or before June 30, a final balanced budget must be adopted for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. If a tax increase is proposed, a hearing must be held on or before August 10, which does not conflict with other taxing entities that have proposed a tax increase. At this time the final balanced budget is adopted.
- (4) Budgetary control is maintained at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds.
- (5) The City Manager, acting as Budget Officer, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between individual line items within any department of any budgetary fund.
- (6) The City Council, by resolution, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between the individual departments of any budgetary fund.
- (7) A public hearing, as required in (2) above, must be held to increase the total appropriations of any one governmental fund type. However, after the original public hearing, operating and capital budgets of proprietary fund types may be increased by resolution without an additional hearing.
- (8) The appropriate director or department head is the authorized officer charged with the responsibility of staying within the department budget and authorizing no expenditures in excess of said budget as required by the Utah Fiscal Procedures Act.
- (9) Monthly financial reports are prepared by the Finance Manager and reviewed by the City Manager. They are also presented to the City Council. These reports contain a budgetary statement showing a comparison of budget to actual for all budgetary funds of the City.
- (10) Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unrestricted General Fund balance until it

exceeds the sum of 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unreserved fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, meet emergency expenditures, and cover unanticipated deficits. When unreserved fund balance is greater than 18% of expected revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.

(11) Budgets for the governmental funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are automatically re-appropriated and re-encumbered as part of the subsequent year's budget.

### NOTE 2

# Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City's deposits and investments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council. Also, the City has its own written investment policies. City funds are invested only in the following: (1) negotiable or non-negotiable deposits of qualified depositories (see definition of "qualified depository" in the Utah Money Management Act), (2) repurchase agreements with qualified depositories or certified dealers, acting as principal for securities of the United States Treasury or other authorized investments (only if these securities are delivered to the custody of the City Treasurer or the City's safekeeping bank or are conducted with a qualified depository), (3) commercial paper which is rated P-1 by Moody's Investor Services or A-1 by Standard and Poor's, Inc. and having a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less (commercial paper can be purchased directly from the issuer provided proper delivery and safekeeping procedures are followed with a qualified depository or the City Treasurer's safekeeping bank or trust company), (4) bankers' acceptances that are eligible for discount at a federal reserve bank and which have a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less, (5) negotiable certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more which have a remaining term to maturity of 365 days or less, (6) obligations of the United States Treasury including United States Treasury Bills, United States Treasury Notes, and United States Treasury Bonds, and (7) the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund which is a pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer. The City maintains pooled cash and investments that are available for use by all funds. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds based on average month-end cash and investment balances.

Cash	\$ 8,158,824
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	52,943,939
Total	\$61,102,763
Included in the accompanying statement of net	
assets as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$40,659,959
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	20,442,804
Total	\$61,102,763

# A. Cash Deposits

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City complies with the custody requirement of the Utah Money Management Act and Rules of the Money Management Council. All investment securities are required to be held by the public treasurer, in safekeeping by a bank or trust company, or in a book-entry-only record maintained by a securities depository, in the federal book entry system or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security in the name of the public entity. All investment securities are held in a qualified depository certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security.

The Act requires the depositing of public funds only in a "qualified depository" or a "permitted depository." A "qualified depository" is a Utah depository institution which complies with capital ratios and public deposit limits established by rule of the Council and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions for deposit of public funds. A "permitted depository" is an out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the Council. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered.

The City's deposits are insured up to \$250,000 per institution by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Uninsured deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State statute. At June 30, 2012 the book value of cash on deposit was \$8,158,824 and the bank balance was \$10,287,426. Of this amount, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remaining bank balance of \$9,787,426 was uninsured. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by the State statute. The City does not have a formal policy relating to custodial credit risk for deposits.

### **B.** Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities.

As of June 30, 2012, the City had the following investment and maturity:

		Investment
Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	<b>Maturity</b>
Debt Securities		
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$52,943,939	85.27

## Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to interest rate risk is to comply with the Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Money Management Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

## Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Money Management Act. The Act details authorized investments which are high-grade securities and, therefore, subject to very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. The City's only investment is with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and the Fund is unrated as to credit risk.

## Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

All of the City's investments at June 30, 2012 were with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available in Note 3.

## <u>Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments</u>

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy for reducing the risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

All of the City's investments at June 30, 2012 were with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available in Note 3.

## C. Restricted Assets, Restricted Fund Balance and Restricted Net Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when external constraints are placed on the use of the assets, these constraints change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Below is a schedule of restricted cash, related liabilities and the resulting restricted fund balance:

Government Activities	Restricted	Liabilities -	Restricted		
	Cash	Restricted Cash	Fund Balance		
Restricted for bond proceeds, debt service					
and repair and replace reserves	\$ 2,181,178	\$ 66,277	\$ 2,114,901		
Restricted for impact fees	3,919,410	-	3,919,410		
Restricted for Class B & C Road projects	6,099,441	96,966	6,002,475		
Restricted for grant purposes	3,169,080	1,745	3,167,335		
Restricted community developmnet	139,927	139,927	-		
Restricted for developer and customer deposits	1,014,833	1,014,833	-		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 16,523,869	\$ 1,319,748	\$15,204,121		
Business-type Activities					
Restricted for impact fees	\$ 3,899,615	\$ 378,851	\$ 3,520,764		
Restricted for developer and customer deposits	19,320	19,320	-		
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 3,918,935	\$ 398,171	\$ 3,520,764		

Fund balances are presented on the governmental fund balance sheets, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement 54. The detail of the fund balances categories is presented below.

	General	Redevelopment Agency	Capital Support	Road Capital Improvement Fund	Total Major Government Funds
Nonspendable:					
Not Spendable - Prepaid	\$ 6,313	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,313
Total nonspendable	6,313	-	-	-	6,313
Restricted for:					
Externally imposed by creditors					
Debt reserve	-	204,808	-	-	204,808
Customer deposits	1,014,833	-	-	-	1,014,833
Less Liability	(1,014,833)	-	-	-	(1,014,833)
Imposed by law or legislation					
Capital projects - grant revenue	-	-	-	3,169,080	3,169,080
Capital projects - C Road	6,099,441	-	-		6,099,441
Less liability	(96,966)			(1,745)	(98,711)
Total restricted	6,002,475	204,808	-	3,167,335	9,374,618
Not related to restricted cash					
Commited for:					
Contractual obligations	-	-	750,000	1,099,200	1,849,200
Total committed	_	_	750,000	1,099,200	1,849,200
Assigned for:					
Capital projects - Utility tax	-	-	-	862,099	862,099
Encumbrance carry-overs					
Parks supplies	14,059	-	-	-	14,059
Consulting service	-	-	14,184	-	14,184
Capital support	-	-	1,053,819	-	1,053,819
Redevelopment agency	-	2,856,437	-	-	2,856,437
Appropriated fund balance	606,049	-	-	-	606,049
Total assigned	620,108	2,856,437	1,068,003	862,099	5,406,647
Unassigned:					
Unassigned	8,262,619	-	-	-	8,262,619
Total Fund Balances	\$14,891,515	\$ 3,061,245	\$1,818,003	\$ 5,128,634	\$24,899,397

		Special Re	venue Funds					
	Western Stampede	Fairway Estates	Kraftmaid SID	Municipal Building Authority	Park Capital Improvement Fund	Building Capital Improvement Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:								
Not Spendable - Prepaid	\$ 80,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,180
Total nonspendable	80,180	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,180
Restricted for:								
Externally imposed by creditors								
Bond Proceeds	-	-	-	-	1,149,721	-	-	1,149,721
Less liability	-	-	-	-	(66,277)	-	-	(66,277)
Debt reserve	-	-	826,646	_	-	-	-	826,646
Imposed by law or legislation								
Capital projects - impact fee	-	-	-	-	3,486,929	432,481	-	3,919,410
Community Dev/Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	139,927	139,927
Less liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	(139,927)	(139,927)
Total restricted	-	-	826,646	-	4,570,373	432,481	-	5,829,500
Assigned to respective funds:								
Total assigned	69,984	16,352	3,724	1,997,754	3,777	282,646	23,590	2,397,827
Total Fund Balances	\$ 150,164	\$ 16,352	\$ 830,370	\$ 1,997,754	\$ 4,574,150	\$ 715,127	\$ 23,590	\$ 8,307,507

## **External Investment Pool**

The Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF has securities maturing on a regular basis to fund day-to-day operating expenses. However, due to the current lack of liquidity in financial markets, if the need arose to liquidate an investment prior to maturity, a substantial loss would be realized. Any loss will be allocated fairly to pool participants. Large, extraordinary withdrawals by participants will be reviewed on a case by case basis until liquidity returns to the markets. The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e.,

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2012) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2012, the City had \$52,943,939 invested in the PTIF, which had a fair value of \$53,254,341 for a gain of \$310,402. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized gain, the fair value of the investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment.

The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

# Investment pool

Investment Type	Investment Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes  Money market accounts and certificates of deposit  U.S. Government securities	81.15% 18.64% 0.21%
	100.00%

NOTE 4

# Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending
	_	Balance	Incre	eases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	147,673,968 \$	2,55	66,423 \$	(56,000)\$	150,174,391
Construction in progress	_	2,385,783	9	3,885	(2,067,810)	411,858
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	150,059,751	2,65	50,308	(2,123,810)	150,586,249
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Machinery and equipment		16,353,680	2,40	6,442	(976,086)	17,784,036
Computer equipment		700,278	6	3,919	(19,224)	744,973
Buildings and building improvements		26,240,020	-	-	-	26,240,020
Improvements other than buildings		21,796,929	1,24	6,335	-	23,043,264
Infrastructure		222,615,639	1,96	9,047	(27,729,146)	196,855,540
Total capital assets being depreciated		287,706,546	5,68	35,743	(28,724,456)	264,667,833
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Machinery and equipment		(11,318,284)	(1,83	6,442)	926,503	(12,228,223)
Computer equipment		(656,683)	(4	3,104)	19,224	(680,563)
Buildings and building improvements		(7,479,996)	(63	34,118)	-	(8,114,114)
Improvements other than buildings		(10,324,590)	(1,09	2,365)	-	(11,416,955)
Infrastructure	_	(105,056,122)	(5,34	1,533)	5,724,097	(104,673,558)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(134,835,675)	(8,94	7,562)	6,669,824	(137,113,413)
						-
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	152,870,871	(3,26	51,819)	(22,054,632)	127,554,420
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	302,930,622 \$	(61	1,511)\$	(24,178,442)\$	278,140,669

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 (continued):

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:	-	Dalance	<u> </u>	Decreases	Dalance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	3,463,454 \$	18,200 \$	(14,258)\$	3,467,396
Water rights	Ψ	283,731	10,200 ф	(14,230)\$	283,731
2	-				
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	3,747,185			3,751,127
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings		321,357	-	-	321,357
Improvements other than buildings		145,722,840	33,868,029	(88,659)	179,502,210
Machinery and equipment		2,492,764	_	-	2,492,764
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	148,536,961	33,868,029	-	182,316,331
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_			-	
Buildings		(195,212)	(7,141)	-	(202,354)
Improvements other than buildings		(42,258,002)	(9,260,310)	34,054	(51,484,258)
Machinery and equipment		(1,799,286)	(211,255)	-	(2,010,541)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(44,252,500)	(9,478,706)		(53,697,153)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	104,284,461	24,389,323		128,619,178
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	108,031,646 \$	24,389,323 \$	\$_	132,370,305
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/pro	ora	ams of the primary	government as fo	llows.	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 337,737
Community development	60,286
Police	750,774
Fire	591,921
Public works (includes depreciation on general infrastructure assets)	5,999,200
Parks and recreation	1,207,644
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 8,947,562
Business-type activities	
Water	\$ 2,040,425
Sewer	917,814
Solid waste	161,041
Storm	635,330
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 3,754,610

## **Intangible Asset**

South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWR) was created by an Interlocal Cooperative Agreement dated June 23, 1978 for the purpose of developing, acquiring, constructing, financing, maintaining and repairing, owning and operating a regional sewage and water treatment plant and related facilities located in the south part of Salt Lake County, Utah. On May 20, 2004, the Interlocal Agreement was amended for the purpose of converting SVWRF to a separate legal entity (a special district under State law rather than a joint administrative entity) and to clarify ownership status, facilitate transfers of ownership, and clarify capacity rights. The City has determined that this should be accounted for using the cost method, rather than the equity method.

During Fiscal Year 2012, SVWRF completed an expansion project increasing the operation from 38 MGD (Million Gallons per Day) to 50 MGD. The right to the capacity has been adjusted in accordance with the proportion of the expansion paid by the participating entity. Participation in plant expansion is not required.

The following entities have rights to the Facility's capacity as of December 31, 2011 as follows:

Percent	MGD
32.40%	16.20
36.44%	18.22
17.32%	8.66
7.68%	3.84
6.16%	3.08
100.00%	50.00
	32.40% 36.44% 17.32% 7.68% 6.16%

SVWRF is administered by a board of trustees with representatives from the five participating entities. Each entity appoints one member to the board, and voting power is not related to ownership. Therefore, each entity is equal to another for voting privileges. Each entity is billed its share of operating costs based on the entity's metered usage. The City paid operating costs of \$3,352,549 and capital contributions of \$149,589 to SVWRF for the year ended December 31, 2011. The City annually assesses whether an impairment of this intangible has occurred. Impairment would occur if SVWRF could not provide the capacity the City has a right to receive.

Long-term debt

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2012 consist of the following:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds payable:					
Lease revenue refunding bonds	\$ 1,345,000	\$ -	\$ (1,345,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Lease revenue bonds	2,330,000	-	(2,330,000)	-	-
Lease revenue refunding bonds 2011	-	3,290,000		3,290,000	805,000
Sales tax revenue bonds	1,725,000	-	(1,725,000)	-	-
Tax increment revenue bonds 2005	4,730,000	-	(770,000)	3,960,000	735,000
Special assessment bonds 2008	4,497,000	-	-	4,497,000	-
General Obligation Bonds 2004	1,340,000	-	(425,000)	915,000	455,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2006	7,345,000	-	(50,000)	7,295,000	55,000
Less deferred amounts					
For issuance premiums	198,806	-	(14,201)	184,605	-
For issuance discounts	(56,900)	-	6,269	(50,631)	-
On refunding	(497,368)	-	35,526	(461,842)	-
Total bonds payable	22,956,538	3,290,000	(6,617,406)	19,629,132	2,050,000
Other liabilities:					
Capital leases	778,951	1,279,552	(440,631)	1,617,873	430,543
Contracts payable	2,215,000	-	(365,000)	1,850,000	370,000
Compensated absences	5,104,477	706,977	(362,847)	5,448,607	2,014,237
Tax increment notes payable to developers	837,708		(837,708)		
Total other liabilities	8,936,136	1,986,529	(2,006,186)	8,916,480	2,814,780
Governmental activities long-term					
liabilities	\$31,892,674	\$5,276,529	\$ (8,623,592)	\$ 28,545,612	\$4,864,780
Business-type Activities:					
Water bond - 2008	\$ 510,000	-	\$ (330,000)	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000
Water bond - 2011	2,020,000	-	(490,000)	1,530,000	500,000
Less deferred amounts					
For issuance premiums	9,854	-	(4,928)	4,926	-
On refunding	(60,975)	-	30,487	(30,488)	-
Total bonds payable	2,478,879		(794,441)	1,684,438	680,000
Other liabilities:					<u>.                                    </u>
Compensated absences	224,577	33,477	(15,190)	242,864	84,722
Total other liabilities	224,577	33,477	(15,190)	242,864	84,722
Business-type activities long-term	·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
liabilities	\$ 2,703,456	\$ 33,477	\$ (809,631)	\$ 1,927,302	\$ 764,722

## **Governmental Activities**

## Lease Revenue Bonds

The City issued 2011 lease revenue refunding bonds in the amount of \$3,290,000 to refund the 1998 lease revenue bonds and the 2001 lease revenue bonds. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$805,000 to \$840,000 through December 2015; interest at 1.11% to 2.00%, secured by City Hall and a fire station and to be repaid by the Municipal Building Authority.

\$ 3,290,000

## Tax Increment Revenue Bonds

The City issued 2005 tax increment revenue bonds in the amount of \$8,020,000 to pay for infrastructure and improvements in the redevelopment area. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$530,000 and \$865,000 through June of 2018, 4.790% to 5.375%, to be repaid by taxes levied on property in one of the City's redevelopment areas.

3,927,921

# **Special Assessment Bonds**

On January 28, 2008, the City issued special assessment bonds in the amount of \$4,497,000 to finance infrastructure within the KraftMaid Special Assessment District. Interest only payments at 4.45% are due in annual installments of \$200,117 beginning in June 2010 through June 2013. The bond annual principal installments are due in payments of \$135,000 to \$927,000, beginning in June 2014 through June 2023. The bonds are to be repaid by taxes levied on property in one of the City's redevelopment areas.

4,478,448

## **General Obligation Bonds**

The City issued 2004 general obligation bonds in the amount of \$10,920,000 to construct a justice building and for open space acquisition. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$345,000 to \$460,000 through April of 2014; with interest at 3.0% to 4.25%, repaid by the City's property tax revenue.

1.099,604

On September 28, 2006 the City issued \$7,535,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006, which have a maturity date of April 1, 2025 with interest rates of 3.55% to 4.0%, to advance refund \$6,860,000 of the outstanding 2004 Series bonds with interest rates of 5.0% to 5.25%.

6,833,162

### Capital Leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a new sewer vactor truck, street sweeper, and fire engine. The

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

original amount of the lease was \$1,107,807. The terms of the lease require annual payments of \$157,961 through December 2012, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 3.95%.	\$ 151,959
On September 29, 2009, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of fire apparatus in the amount of \$220,000. The terms of the lease require two annual payments of \$18,271 through September 2016, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 4.2%.	148,425
On June 30, 2011, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of two new 10-wheel dump trucks in the amount of \$384,342. The terms of the lease require annual payments of \$81,340 through June 2015, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 2.91%.	230,479
On May 1, 2012, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of two new fire engines in the amount of \$1,279,552. The terms of the lease require annual payments of \$192,543 through May 2018, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 1.77%.	1,087,010
Contracts Payable	
The City borrowed \$2,090,000 from HUD to finance the construction of a senior center. The contract payable is due to HUD in annual principal installments of \$65,000 to \$155,000 through August of 2019; interest at 7.5% to 7.9%.	1,100,000
On October 15, 2008, the City entered into an interlocal agreement with Salt Lake County. The City committed to pay \$1,250,000 towards the construction of a County Library to be located in West Jordan. The terms of the contract require five annual payments of \$250,000. The first payment to be due within 30 days of the commencement of the construction of the County Library; construction began during fiscal year 2011. There is no interest related to the contract.	750,000
Compensated Absences	5,448,607
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$28,545,612</u>

## **Business-type activities**

## Water Revenue Bonds:

On March 14, 2008, the City issued \$5,076,000 in Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, which have a maturity date of June 1, 2010, at an interest rate of 4.10%. The series 2008 bonds are to advance refund \$3,300,000 of the outstanding series 2003 revenue bonds, issued to finance water system expansion and improvements throughout the City, and also to advance refund the series 2004 revenue bonds in the amount of \$2,075,000, issued to finance a radio read water meter replacement program throughout the City.

\$154,438

On December 14, 2010, the City issued \$2,525,000 in Water Revenue Bonds, which have a maturity date of June 1, 2015, at an interest rate of 2.235%. The series 2010 bonds were issued to finance water system improvements throughout the City.

1,530,000

# Compensated Absences

242,864

## **Total Business-type Activities**

\$1,927,302

Over the past several years, the City defeased debt relating to the 1992 Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bonds. The defeased portion of the 1992 Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bonds was \$3,290,000 at June 30, 2012.

As of June 30, 2012, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental A	Activities-Bonds		Gov	ernmental A	ctiviti	es-Contracts
	Lease r	evenue			Con	tract	
Year Ended	refur	nding					
June 30	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest
2013	805,000	45,965		\$	370,000	\$	25,239
2014	815,000	35,996			375,000		23,886
2015	830,000	23,678			380,000		21,879
2016	840,000	8,400			135,000		19,223
2017	-	-			140,000		15,877
2018-2020					450,000		21,917
Total	\$ 3,290,000	\$ 114,039	Total	\$	1,850,000	\$	128,021

	Governmental Activities-Bonds											
		Tax inc	reme	ent		Special ass	sess	ment		General	oblig	ation
Year Ended											_	
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2013	\$	735,000	\$	209,686	\$	-	\$	200,117	\$	510,000	\$	324,564
2014		690,000		171,466		-		200,117		515,000		303,026
2015		655,000		135,103		-		200,117		535,000		281,276
2016		650,000		100,388		-		200,117		555,000		261,481
2017		700,000		65,938		-		200,117		575,000		240,669
2018-2022		530,000		28,488		3,570,000		762,957		3,250,000		851,238
2023-2026				-		927,000		41,252		2,270,000		183,800
Total		3,960,000	\$	711,069	=	4,497,000	\$ 2	1,804,794	=	8,210,000	\$	2,446,054
Less unamortized												
issuance discounts		(32,079)				(18,552)						
issuance premiums		(==,=,=,				(,)				184,605		
loss on defeasance										(461,842)		
	\$	3,927,921			\$	4,478,448			\$	7,932,763		
	÷	- 7 7-				, , .			<u> </u>	. , ,		
						D	_ 4	A	41			
							-	pe Activi	ttes			
						<del>,</del>		ue Bond				
						Water	rev	enue bon	ıds			
				Year Ende	d							
			J	Tune 30		Principa	al	Inte	rest			
			_	2013		\$ 680,	000	\$ 4	1,570	<u> </u>		
									-			
				2014		510,			3,02			
			2	2015		520,			1,622			
				Total		1,710,	000	\$ 7	6,219	<del>)</del>		
Less unamortized												
issuance premiums						4.	926	I				
loss on bond refund						(30,						
loss on bond forum	••••5					\$ 1,684,		<del></del>				
						φ 1,084,	430	_				

Amortization of compensated absences and the tax increment note payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

## Capital Leases

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when the terms of the lease agreement are met. The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012.

Fiscal Year	Gov	ernmental
Ending June 30	<u>A</u>	ctivities
2013		468,387
2014		310,425
2015		310,425
2016		229,085
2017		210,814
2018		192,543
Total minimum lease payments		1,721,679
Less: Amount representing interest		(103,807)
Present value of net minimum lease		
payments	\$	1,617,872
Equipment and related accumulated		
depreciation under capital lease are		
as follows:		
Cost of equipment	\$	2,998,914
Accumulated depreciation		1,081,354

### NOTE 8

# Pledged Revenues

A tax increment bond and a special assessment bond have been issued to finance infrastructure within the KraftMaid Special Improvement District. The bonds are payable solely from the incremental property tax generated by the increased property tax in the district. Incremental property taxes were projected to produce 140% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. The first bond was issued through the redevelopment agency in 2005 in the amount of \$8,020,000. The principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$4,671,066, payable through fiscal year 2018. For the current year, principal and interest paid were \$770,000 and \$249,341, respectively. The second bond was issued in 2008 through the KraftMaid SID in the amount of \$4,497,000. The principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$6,301,787, payable through fiscal year 2023. In the current year, interest in the amount of \$200,117 was paid, no principal payment was due or paid on the bond and total incremental property tax revenues were \$849,116.

On March 14, 2008, the City issued \$5,076,000 in series 2008 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds. The series 2008 bonds are to advance refunds the \$3,300,000 of the outstanding series 2003 revenue bonds and also to advance refund the series 2004 revenue bonds in the amount of \$2,075,000. The series 2003 bonds were issued to finance water system expansion and improvements throughout the City, and the 2004 revenues bonds were issued to finance a radio read water meter replacement program throughout the City. The estimate of projected net revenues that will be produced for the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds is not estimable. The principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$187,380 payable through fiscal year 2013. For the current year, principal and interest was paid in the amount of \$330,000 and \$20,910, respectively. The water fund income, before transfers and contributions, was \$2,712,222.

On December 14, 2010, the City issued \$2,525,000 in Water Revenue Bonds, which have a maturity date of June 1, 2015, at an interest rate of 2.235%. The series 2010 bonds were issued to finance water system improvements throughout the City. The principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$1,598,838 payable through fiscal year 2015. For the current year, principal and interest was paid in the amount of \$490,000 and \$45,147, respectively. The water fund income, before transfers and contributions, was \$2,712,222.

## Receivables

#### A. Notes Receivable

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds, nonmajor funds, proprietary funds, and internal service funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			Capital	Other	Total	
		Redevelopment	Support	Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Agency	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Receivables						
Taxes	\$14,851,801	\$ 5,130,647	\$ 956,033	\$ 11,785	\$ 20,950,267	
Accounts	870,090				870,090	
Gross Receivables	15,721,892	5,130,647	956,033	11,785	21,820,357	
Less:allowance for						
uncollectibles	(301,626)				(301,626)	
Net total receivables	\$15,420,265	\$ 5,130,647	\$ 956,033	\$ 11,785	\$ 21,518,731	
					Total Business-	Internal
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Water	type Funds	Service Funds
Receivables						
Accounts	\$ 2,183,837	\$ 848,527	\$ 562,965	\$ 150,775	\$ 3,746,104	\$ 20,887
Less:allowance for						
uncollectibles	\$ (45,318)	\$ (24,612)	(17,018)		(86,948)	
Net total receivables	\$ 2,138,519	\$ 823,915	\$ 545,947	\$ 150,775	\$ 3,659,156	\$ 20,887

### **B.** Loans Receivable

Loans receivable consist of rehabilitation loans and down payment assistance loans made with Federal grant monies. These loans bear interest at rates ranging from 0% to 6.61%, depending on the borrower's income level and family size. Certain loans are received in monthly or annual installments; others are due upon the sale or transfer of ownership of the related party. At June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance of the loans is \$778,236. In the fund financial statements, the loans are expended at inception and revenue is recognized when the expenditure is reimbursed by CDBG. Unearned revenue is recorded to offset the receivables until the payment is received.

## **Retirement Plans**

Plan Description: The City contributes to the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plans administered by the Utah State Retirement Systems (USRS):

- Local Government Contributory Retirement System
- Local Government Noncontributory Retirement System
- Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System
- Firefighters Retirement System

The USRS provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The USRS are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the Governor. The USRS issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers without Social Security coverage, and Firefighters Retirement System which are for employers without Social Security coverage. A copy of this report may be obtained by writing to the USRS, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772. The Funding Policy for USRS is that the contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the USRS are authorized by the statute and specified by the Board.

	Ended June 30		mployee tribution	con	mployee atribution paid by mployer		Employer ntribution		ary subject to retirement ontributions
Contributory System:	2012	Ф	10 410	Ф		Ф	22.005	Ф	241.262
Local Governmental Division Tier 1 and Tier 2	2012	\$	10,418	\$	-	\$	22,095	\$	241,263
	2011		10,030		-		15,647		167,170
	2010		10,777		-		13,741		179,623
	2009		11,909		-		15,106		198,494
No. 10 and 12 an	2008		12,040		-		15,270		200,661
Noncontributory System: Local Governmental Division Tier 1	2012	¢.		Ф		Ф	1 420 661	Ф	10 524 711
Local Governmental Division Tier I	2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,430,661	\$	10,534,711
	2011		-		-		1,414,351		10,788,024
	2010		-		-		1,298,699		11,138,062
	2009		-		-		1,323,123		11,386,580
Dublic Cofety Constant	2008		-		-		1,227,241		10,561,478
Public Safety System:*	2012	¢.		Ф		Ф	0.207	d.	70.207
Other Division A Contributory	2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,287	\$	79,297
Other Division B Noncontributory Tier 1	2012	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,504,823	\$	5,440,089
Canci Bivision Bivoncontainatory The I	2011	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,509,275	Ψ	5,658,929
	2010		_		_		1,429,098		5,452,485
	2009		_		_		1,391,044		5,457,223
	2008		_		_		1,348,415		5,289,898
Firefighters System:	2000						1,540,415		3,207,070
Division B Tier 1 and Tier 2	2012	\$	344,935	\$	384,611	\$	1,444	\$	5,014,752
Bit islon B fiel f and fiel 2	2011	Ψ	327,827	Ψ	365,535	Ψ	-	Ψ	4,824,410
	2010		328,410		87,147		_		4,292,924
	2009		319,462		84,773		_		4,175,965
	2008		298,419		64,364		_		3,900,915
Defined Contribution System:	2000		250,115		01,501				3,700,713
457 Plan	2012	\$	13,295	\$	55,498				
10 / Tall	2011	Ψ	12,454	Ψ	53,274				
	2010		17,459		53,241				
401(k) Plan	2012	\$	4,940	\$	3,078				
	2011		24,772		-				
	2010		14,875		-				

	Employee contribution	Employee contribution paid by employer	Employer contribution
Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1	6.00%	N/A	9.76%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2	N/A	N/A	10.33%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	N/A	13.77%
Public Safety System:			
Other Division A Contributory Tier 2	N/A	N/A	17.72%
Other Division B Noncontributory Tier 1	N/A	N/A	28.64%
Other Division B Noncontributory Tier 1	N/A	N/A	28.64%
Firefighters System:			
Division B Tier 1	7.65%	8.53%	N/A
Division B Tier 2	N/A	N/A	10.64%

Contributions were equal to the required contributions.

### **NOTE 11**

## **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the plan) through ICMA Retirement Corporation or through the Utah State Retirement System (USRS) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The ICMA plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in this plan is optional. The USRS plan is only available to part-time employees on a noncontributory basis. Both investment plans are managed by the plans' trustee under one of four investment options or a combination thereof. The choice of investment option(s) is made by the participants. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. These investments are within the legal provisions of the State of Utah.

# <u>Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan</u>

The City also participates in insured, contributory defined contribution retirement plans administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Under the plan, the City contributes amounts from 0% to 24.5% depending upon the defined contribution system to which each employee class belongs. Employees are classified as follows: Management, General Employees, Police, and Fire.

An employee is vested immediately with the first contribution to ICMA Retirement Corporation. Contributions to the plan were authorized by Council resolution. The plan was established by, and can be amended by City Council. No other federal or state laws obligate the City to participate in this plan. The program is pursuant to section 401(A) and 401(C) the Internal Revenue Service Code. Withdrawals of monies, per federal law are subject to a mandatory withdrawal penalty in the amount of 10% unless the employee has attained the age of 59 1/2. All

of the City's full-time employees participate in the ICMA Retirement Corporation. The payroll for the employees covered by the plans was \$22,486,104. The City's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$23,223,656. The contribution requirement for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$1,172,806.

## Sick Leave Conversions

At retirement employees may choose to participate in the City's health insurance programs at their own cost. Qualified employees may convert their sick leave balance, upon leaving City employment, to pay for continued medical and dental insurance premiums. To qualify for the City's sick leave conversion benefit, an employee must be a full-time employee with at least ten (10) years of service with the City or five (5) years of service with the City at age 60 to be considered a retired employee with the City of West Jordan.

The percentage of convertible sick leave hours varies based on the retiree's years of service, as follows: employees with 5 to 9 years of service are eligible to convert 40% of their sick leave hours; employees with 10 to 14 years of service are eligible to convert 50% of their sick leave hours; employees with 15 to 19 years of service are eligible to convert 60% of their sick leave hours; employees with 20 or more years of service are eligible to convert 70% of their sick leave hours. The City's regular health and dental care benefit providers underwrite the retiree's policies and 100% of the cost is the responsibility of the retiree. As of year-end, there were 15 employees participating in this program.

In the governmental funds, the liability for sick leave conversion is reported only if they have matured, (i.e., unused sick leave has been converted to pay a health insurance premium for a retired employee). These conversion costs are typically liquidated through the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of these amounts for government funds is recognized within the government-wide statements. A liability for the sick leave conversion has been accrued in the amount of \$2,328,727 for the governmental funds, and \$143,147 in the proprietary funds, for a total accrual amount of \$2,473,172.

#### **NOTE 12**

## Redevelopment Agency

Tax increment money was generated by the following project areas within the Redevelopment Agency:

1700 West 6600-7000 South	\$ 520,354
7800 South 1300-1600 West	144,809
9000 South 1300-1700 West	456,976
Independence Square Area	311,374
Kraftmaid	 849,116
Total	\$ 2,282,629

During the year, the RDA expended monies in the categories below as follows:

Administration Costs	\$ 401,505
Interest	249,341
Principal	770,000
Total	\$ 1,420,846

Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects as of June 30, 2012:

Tax increment revenue bonds 2005 \$3,960,000

NOTE 13

Interfund Transfers In/Transfers Out

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2012 were as follows:

	Transfers In						
		Road Capital	Capital	Storm	Internal		
	General	Improvement	Support	Water	Service		
Transfers Out	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	
General fund	\$ -	\$3,290,057	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 98,114	\$3,388,171	
Redevelopment agency	163,967	-	-	-	-	163,967	
Non-major	270,803	-	518,724	-	-	789,527	
Road capital	197,748	-	-	-	-	197,748	
Water	-	-	-	63,146	25,000	88,146	
Sewer	-	-	-	369,444	25,000	394,444	
Storm Water	-		750,000			750,000	
Total	\$632,518	\$3,290,057	\$1,268,724	\$432,590	\$ 148,114	\$5,772,003	

The purpose of transfers is to redistribute unrestricted cash to various funds for construction of capital assets or debt service payments, and also to allocate administrative costs amongst the funds. In the entity-wide statements, transfers within governmental activities and business-type activities are eliminated.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports transfers from governmental activities to business-type activities in the net amount of \$21,118,076. This amount is a transfer from the Storm capital fund to the new Storm water enterprise fund comprised of net capital assets in the amount of \$22,005,047 and a developer reimbursement liability in the amount of (\$86,971). The remaining \$800,000 is a transfer from the Storm water fund to Capital Support for a portion of the Sales Tax Bond debt service payment and a transfer of \$25,000 from both the Water and Sewer funds, to reimburse expenditures to the Risk Management fund, a governmental activity.

### **NOTE 14**

## Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts such as theft; damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains a self-insurance fund to finance its risk of loss. The self-insurance fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$15,000 per event for general liability and property damages. During fiscal year 1986, the City became a member of the Utah Risk Management Mutual Association (URMMA). URMMA provides general liability, automobile liability and errors and omissions coverage to its members for claims in excess of coverage provided by the self-insurance fund. At the end of fiscal year 2010, the City withdrew future participation in URMMA. Claims from prior years will be paid in full by June 30, 2013. The City is also self-insured for unemployment.

The City has purchased commercial insurance for workers compensation, property damage to its buildings and damage to its heavy equipment, large fire apparatuses, street sweepers, and sewer trucks. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years. All other City vehicles are not covered for property damage.

Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

	2012	2011
Claims liability, July 1	\$ 303,607	\$ 355,535
Claims incurred during the year and changes in estimates  Payments on claims during the year	239,289	-
Payments made by insurance	(100,961)	(50,771)
Shared loss	(927)	(927)
Claims liability, June 30	\$ 441,008	\$ 303,837

### **NOTE 15**

# Jointly Governed Organization

The City, in conjunction with other governmental entities, jointly governed URMMA. URMMA's board is comprised of one member from each participating entity. Except for the customary fees, no participant has any obligation, entitlement or residual interest.

URMMA was formed by an interlocal agreement effective September 30, 1985, pursuant to the provisions of the Utah Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Interlocal Agreement has a 50 year term. Municipalities seek membership in the association in order to provide more comprehensive and economical risk coverage, to reduce the amount and frequency of losses, and to decrease the cost incurred in handling and litigating claims. As of July 1, 2011 the City gave written notice of intent to withdraw from participation in URMMA. As a result, the City is currently self-insured.

## **NOTE 16**

## Investment in Joint Venture

The City of West Jordan has a 24.41% ownership in the Trans-Jordan Cities Landfill (Trans-Jordan) that is accounted for by the equity method. The primary purpose of the Trans-Jordan is the operation, maintenance, and control of a refuse dumping site situated east of Bingham Canyon in Salt Lake County. Residents and businesses from all member cities and Salt Lake County can use the facility by paying a tipping fee for each refuse load. Trans-Jordan is also used for the disposal of weekly garbage pickups of the cities in Trans-Jordan for which an assessment is charged. In addition to West Jordan, the Trans-Jordan Landfill is owned by the cities of Midvale, Murray, Sandy, Draper, South Jordan, and Riverton that have ownership interests of 5.36%, 8.62%, 30.53%, 9.31%, 12.18%, and 9.59% respectively. The complete financial statements for the Trans-Jordan Landfill for the year ended June 30, 2012 can be obtained from the Trans-Jordan Landfill at 10873 South 7200 West, South Jordan, Utah 84095.

Summary financial information for the Trans-Jordan joint venture at June 30, 2012, and for the year then ended is as follows:

Trans-Jordan	W.	IC %
Total Assets	\$	24,370,345
Total Liabilities		4,836,744
Total Fund Equity		19,533,601
Total Revenues	\$	5,875,804
Total Expenses		5,611,945
Net Loss Before Contributions		263,859
Contributions From Members		415,331
Changes in Net Assets	\$	679,190

#### **NOTE 17**

## Conduit Debt

The City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2012, there were nine series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the series could not be determined. However, their original issue amounts totaled \$37,472,500.

## **NOTE 18**

## Commitments & Contingencies

## A. Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits that have arisen in the normal course of operations. It is not possible to state the ultimate liability, if any, in these matters. However, the City Attorney, after consultation with the City Council, intends to vigorously defend the City's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the basic financial statements of the City.

## **B.** Construction Contracts

At year end, the City had open construction contracts. Work that has been completed, but not yet paid for, is reflected as accounts payable and construction work in progress. The unpaid balance on open contracts for work that has been contracted, but not completed as of year-end, totals approximately \$4,080,646, as of June 30, 2012.

## C. Developer Reimbursements

The City routinely enters into agreements with developers to reimburse costs of installing public improvements constructed within the City. Terms of the agreement require the City to repay the developers' costs when sufficient impact fee revenues are collected. The impact fees collected must be in excess of funds needed for current projects, before repayment to the developers is required. If sufficient impact fee revenues are not received, the City has no obligation to repay the costs. As of year-end, the City has unpaid developer reimbursement agreements in the amount of \$4,086,029.

## **D. Related Party Debt**

The City is party to an interlocal agreement with South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWRF). SVWRF is in the process of expanding plant operations from 38 MGD (Million Gallons per Day) to 50 MGD. The cost of plant expansion has been partially funded with debt.

Following is a schedule of the City's estimated share of expansion costs and related debt service payment:

Year Ended					
June 30	 Principal	Interest			
2013	\$ 420,000	\$	764,975		
2014	480,000		746,975		
2015	535,000		724,000		
2016	600,000		695,625		
2017	655,000		668,344		
2018 - 2022	3,780,000		2,879,406		
2023 - 2027	4,810,000		1,824,500		
2028 - 2032	4,795,000		493,625		
	\$ 16,075,000	\$	8,797,450		

### **NOTE 19**

# Subsequent Event

On October 2, 2012, the City reached a settlement agreement and a development agreement with a contractor for compensation and completion of an open space and park land project. The City accrued a liability in the amount of \$239,289 related to the settlement.

### **NOTE 20**

<u>Creation of a Storm Water Enterprise Fund, Closing of Storm Water Capital Fund and Stone Creek Special Revenue Fund</u>

In prior years the city accounted for storm water capital projects in a separate governmental capital project fund, while accounting for storm water operating revenues and expenditures in the sewer enterprise fund. The city council approved the creation of a new storm water enterprise fund to account for capital and operating activities in one fund.

Below is a schedule of the assets and liabilities transferred from the Storm Capital and Sewer fund into the Storm water fund.

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

	Storm Water Capital	V	Water		Sewer Interprise	~ -	orm Water Enterprise
Cash - unrestricted Cash - restricted	\$ (2,701,155) (848,889)	\$		\$	(195,527)	\$	2,896,682 848,889
Fund balance	(3,505,751)		-		(195,527)		(3,701,278)

Closing of the Stone Creek Special Revenue Fund resulted in an adjustment to the General Fund beginning fund balance in the amount of \$10,159.

### **NOTE 21**

# **Expenditures Exceeded Appropriations**

Parks and recreations expenditures in the Western Stampede Special Revenue Fund exceeded appropriations by \$22,103. The City has a policy of strictly monitoring expenditures to ensure compliance with budgetary appropriations. The expenditures in excess of appropriations were related to the city's annual Demolition Derby event, held on June 23, 2012. In prior years, the derby expenditures have been recorded in the first period of each fiscal year, along with the annual July 4<sup>th</sup> Celebration. In Fiscal Year 2012, it was determined it would be more accurate to record the expenditures in the fiscal year the event occurred. Since the derby is held in June, which is the last period of the Fiscal Year, the expenditures related to the June 23<sup>rd</sup> event have been reported in FY 2012. Expenditures for two separate derby events are reported in FY 2012. In future years the derby event expenditures will be reported correctly, one event each year, in the year the event occurs and expenditures are incurred.

# Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

## Combining Financial Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Western Stampede Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the annual July 4th celebration.

<u>Fairway Estates Special Service District</u> – This fund is used to develop and maintain recreation areas within the Fairway Estates subdivision.

<u>KraftMaid Special Improvement District</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of revenue to service debt related to the KraftMaid business development.

<u>Municipal Building Authority</u> – This fund is used to collect revenues to service debt related to Municipal Buildings constructed in the City.

## **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

<u>Park Capital Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used for the acquisition or construction of major park capital facilities.

<u>Building Capital Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for impact fee revenue and to construct buildings or major building improvements.

<u>Community Development Block Grant</u> – This fund is used to account for programs funded by Community Development Block Grant funds.

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Western Stampede		airway Estates	Kraftmaid SID		Municipal Building Authority			Total
Assets	\$	110.072	\$	16.045	\$	3.724	\$	1 007 754	¢	2 127 405
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable - net	Ф	119,072 1,530	Э	16,945	Ф	3,724	Ф	1,997,754	\$	2,137,495 1,530
Taxes receivable		1,330		10,255		-		-		10,255
Loans receivable		_		10,233		_		_		10,233
Prepaid items		80,180		_		_		_		80,180
Due from other governments		-		_		_		_		-
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		826,646		_		826,646
Total Assets	\$	200,782	\$	27,200	\$	830,370	\$	1,997,754	\$	3,056,106
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	13,354	\$	729	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,083
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		37,264		10,119		-		-		47,383
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued liabilities										
Total Liabilities		50,618		10,848				-		61,466
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		80,180		_		_		-		80,180
Restricted		-		-		826,646		-		826,646
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		69,984		16,352		3,724		1,997,754		2,087,814
Total Fund Balances		150,164		16,352		830,370		1,997,754		2,994,640
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	200,782	\$	27,200	\$	830,370	\$	1,997,754	\$	3,056,106

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

		<b></b> .								
Park Capital Improvement Fund		ling Capital provement Fund	Dev	ommunity velopment ock Grant		Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	3,777	\$ 282,646	\$	42,430	\$	328,853	\$	2,466,348		
·	-	-	·	-		-	·	1,530		
	_	-		-		-		10,255		
	_	-		778,236		778,236		778,236		
	_	-		-		-		80,180		
	-	-		19,201		19,201		19,201		
	4,636,650	 432,481		139,927	5,209,058			6,035,704		
\$	4,640,427	\$ 715,127	\$	979,794	\$	6,335,348	\$	9,391,454		
\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	6,536 31,505 778,236	\$	6,536 31,505 778,236	\$	20,619 31,505 825,619		
	66,277	_		_		66,277		66,277		
	-	 _		139,927		139,927		139,927		
	66,277	 <u>-</u>		956,204		1,022,481		1,083,947		
	4,570,373 - 3,777	- 432,481 - 282,646		- - - 23,590		5,002,854 - 310,013		80,180 5,829,500 - 2,397,827		
	4,574,150	715,127		23,590		5,312,867		8,307,507		
\$	4,640,427	\$ 715,127	\$	979,794	\$	6,335,348	\$	9,391,454		

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				Spe	cial R	Revenue Fu	nds		
		<sup>7</sup> estern ampede		airway Estates	K	raftmaid SID	Municipal Building Authority		Total
Revenues	¢		\$	11 700	\$ -		¢.	\$	11 700
Taxes	\$	-	<b>&gt;</b>	11,728	\$	-	\$ -	<b>Þ</b>	11,728
Intergovernmental Charges for services		201,272		-		-	645,355		- 846,627
Impact fees		201,272		_		_	045,555		040,027
Interest		821		104		5,988	9,954		16,867
Miscellaneous		-		-		200,116	-		200,116
Total Revenues		202,093		11,832		206,104	655,309		1,075,338
Expenditures									
Community development	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_
Parks and recreation		175,386		9,977	·	_	· -	•	185,363
Debt service:		ŕ		,					ŕ
Principal		-		-		-	3,675,000		3,675,000
Interest		-		-		200,117	135,048		335,165
Capital Outlay:									
Parks		-		-		-	-		-
Storm Water		_						_	
Total Expenditures		175,386		9,977		200,117	3,810,048		4,195,528
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		26,707		1,855		5,987	(3,154,739)		(3,120,190)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in		_		_		_	_		_
Transfer out		_		_		_	_		_
Bond proceeds		-					3,290,000		3,290,000
Total Other Financing									
Sources (Uses)							3,290,000		3,290,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		26,707		1,855		5,987	135,261		169,810
Fund Balance, Beginning		123,457		14,497		824,383	1,862,493		2,824,830
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	150,164	\$	16,352	\$	830,370	\$ 1,997,754	\$	2,994,640

Park Capital Improvement Fund		ding Capital provement Fund	De	ommunity velopment lock Grant		Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	431,533 36,287	\$ 124,423 5,593	\$	- 1,142,561 - - -	\$ - 1,142,561 - 555,956 41,880 660		\$ 11,728 1,142,561 846,627 555,956 58,747			
	468,480	 130,016	1,142,561 1,741,057				 2,816,395			
\$	1,884	\$ - -	\$	1,001,428	,001,428 \$ 1,003		\$ 1,003,312 185,363			
	-	-		115,000 26,078		115,000 26,078	3,790,000 361,243			
	461,165	- -		- -		461,165	 461,165 -			
	463,049	 		1,142,506		1,605,555	5,801,083			
	5,431	130,016		55_		135,502	 (2,984,688)			
	(270,803)	(518,724)		- - -		(789,527)	(789,527) 3,290,000			
	(270,803)	(518,724)				(789,527)	2,500,473			
	(265,372)	(388,708)		55		(654,025)	(484,215)			
	4,839,522	1,103,835		23,535		5,966,892	8,791,722			
\$	4,574,150	\$ 715,127	\$	23,590	\$	5,312,867	\$ 8,307,507			

# SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	O	riginal		Final	Actual mounts	Variance with final budget		
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	194,000	\$	194,000	\$ 201,272	\$	7,272	
Interest					 821		821	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		194,000		194,000	 202,093		8,093	
Expenditures								
Parks and recreation		153,283		153,283	\$ 175,386		(22,103)	
Total Expenditures		153,283		153,283	 175,386		(22,103)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		40,717		40,717	26,707		(14,010)	
. , .								
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	40,717	\$	40,717	26,707	\$	(14,010)	
Fund Balance, Beginning					 123,457			
Fund Balance, Ending					\$ 150,164			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amou	ints				
	o	riginal		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Taxes	\$	10,867	\$	10,867	\$	11,728	\$	861
Interest						104		104
<b>Total Revenues</b>		10,867		10,867		11,832		965
Expenditures								
Parks and recreation	\$	4,842	\$	4,842	\$	9,977	\$	5,135
Total Expenditures		4,842		4,842		9,977		5,135
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		6,025		6,025		1,855		6,100
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	6,025	\$	6,025		1,855	\$	6,100
Fund Balance, Beginning						14,497		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	16,352		

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN KRAFTMAID SID FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts			
	Original		Final	Actual mounts		iance with al budget
Revenues						
Interest	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,988	\$	5,988
Miscellaneous	_		_	 200,116		200,116
Total Revenues	 			 206,104		206,104
Expenditures Debt Service:				_		
Interest	200,117		200,117	200,117		
Total Expenditures	 200,117		200,117	 200,117		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (200,117)		(200,117)	5,987		206,104
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	201 (17		201 (17			(201 (17)
Transfers in	 201,617		201,617	 	_	(201,617)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	201,617		201,617	 		(201,617)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,500	\$	1,500	5,987	\$	206,104
Fund Balance, Beginning				 824,383		
Fund Balance, Ending				\$ 830,370		

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		riance with al budget
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	710,035	\$	710,035	\$	645,355	\$ (64,680)
Interest		7,000		7,000		9,954	 2,954
<b>Total Revenues</b>		717,035		717,035		655,309	 (61,726)
Expenditures							
Debt Service:		550,000		2 (75 000		2 (75 000	
Principal payments Interest		550,000 160,035		3,675,000 181,023		3,675,000 135,048	- 45 075
interest		100,033		161,023		155,046	 45,975
Total Expenditures		710,035		3,856,023		3,810,048	 45,975
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		7,000		(3,138,988)		(3,154,739)	(15,751)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Bond proceeds		(3,286,710)		3,290		3,290,000	 (3,286,710)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		(3,286,710)		3,290		3,290,000	 (3,286,710)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	7,000	\$	(3,138,988)		135,261	\$ (15,751)
Fund Balance, Beginning						1,862,493	
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	1,997,754	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Am	ounts				
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ (249,650)	\$	500,350	\$	500,350	\$	-
Interest	 22,943		22,943		15,780		(7,163)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	 (226,707)		523,293		516,130		(7,163)
Expenditures							
Community development Debt Service:	\$ -	\$	319,168		46,909		272,259
Principal payments	2,200,000		2,200,000		2,450,000		(250,000)
Interest	 442,439		442,439		440,939		1,500
Total Expenditures	2,642,439		2,961,607		2,937,848		23,759
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,869,146)		(2,438,314)		(2,421,718)		16,596
•	 (2,00),140)		(2,430,314)		(2,421,710)		10,570
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	 (231,276)		(231,276)		1,268,724		1,500,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (231,276)		(231,276)		1,268,724		1,500,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,869,146)	\$	(2,438,314)		(1,152,994)	\$	16,596
Fund Balance, Beginning					2,970,997		
Fund Balance, Ending				\$	1,818,003		

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN ROAD CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amounts			
		_	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	final budget	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,042,667	\$ 1,042,667	
Impact fees	1,250,000	1,250,000	705,753	(544,247)	
Interest	35,000	35,000	36,049	1,049	
Miscellaneus			13,258	13,258	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	1,285,000	1,285,000	1,797,727	512,727	
Expenditures					
Debt Service:					
Principal payments	-	750,736	750,736	-	
Capital Outlay:					
Roads	4,915,847	17,163,807	5,613,161	11,550,646	
Total Expenditures	4,915,847	17,914,543	6,363,897	11,550,646	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,630,847)	(16,629,543)	(4,566,170)	12,063,373	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	6,097,241	5,637,893	3,290,057	(2,347,836)	
Transfers out		(197,748)	(197,748)		
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	6,097,241	5,440,145	3,092,309	(2,347,836)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,630,847)	\$ (16,629,543)	(1,473,861)	\$ 12,063,373	
Fund Balance, Beginning			6,602,495		
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 5,128,634		

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN PARKS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>							
	(	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues								
Impact fees	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	431,533	\$	(468,467)
Interest		7,000		7,000		36,287		29,287
Miscellaneous				-		660		660
<b>Total Revenues</b>		907,000		907,000		468,480		(438,520)
Expenditures								
Community development	\$	-	\$	-		1,884		(1,884)
Capital Outlay:								
Parks		22,487		3,534,789		461,165		3,073,624
Total Expenditures		22,487		3,534,789		463,049		3,071,740
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		884,513		(2,627,789)		5,431		2,633,220
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(3,776,554)		(3,776,554)		(270,803)		3,505,751
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		(3,776,554)		(3,776,554)		(270,803)		3,505,751
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	884,513	\$	(2,627,789)		(265,372)	\$	2,633,220
Fund Balance, Beginning						4,839,522		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	4,574,150		

Fund

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN BUILDINGS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	Original			Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues								
Impact fees	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	124,423	\$	(55,577)
Interest		9,400		9,400		5,593		(3,807)
<b>Total Revenues</b>		189,400		189,400		130,016		(59,384)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		189,400		189,400		130,016		(59,384)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(518,724)		(783,404)		(518,724)		264,680
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(518,724)		(783,404)		(518,724)		264,680
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	189,400	\$	189,400		(388,708)	\$	(59,384)
Fund Balance, Beginning						1,103,835		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	715,127		

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,169,935	\$	1,684,234	\$	1,142,561	\$	(541,673)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	 1,169,935		1,684,234		1,142,561		(541,673)
Expenditures							
Community development	\$ 778,814	\$	1,528,848		1,001,428		527,420
Debt Service:							
Principal payments	141,078		141,078		115,000		26,078
Interest	 				26,078		(26,078)
Total Expenditures	 919,892		1,669,926		1,142,506		527,420
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	 250,043		14,308		55		(14,253)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 250,043	\$	14,308		55	\$	(14,253)
Fund Balance, Beginning					23,535		
Fund Balance, Ending				\$	23,590		

# **Combining Financial Statements – Internal Service Funds**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City and to other government units.

<u>Fleet Operations Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the costs of operating a maintenance facility for automotive equipment used by other City departments. A service fee is charged to the other departments monthly.

<u>Information Technologies Lease Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the costs of replacing, updating, or adding computer equipment within the City. A replacement schedule has been implemented ensuring that equipment is replaced in order of the highest need. A service fee is charged to the other departments monthly.

<u>Risk Management</u> – This fund is used to account for the costs of insurance premiums and claims made against the City. Monies are accumulated in this fund to pay premiums for liability and property damage insurance and other claims. The City participates in the Utah Risk Management Mutual Association for its liability and property damage insurance and is responsible for annual premiums as well as 100% of losses above the deductible in an amount equal to 20% of all net loss payments made during the previous five years on behalf of the City.

		Fleet Operations		oformation Risk chnologies Managemen			Total Internal Service Funds	
Assets Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,639,812	\$	189,886	\$	3,061,382	\$	6,891,080
Accounts receivable	Ψ	3,039,612	Ψ	109,000	Ψ	20,887	φ	20,887
Inventory		27,306		-		-		27,306
Total Current Assets		3,667,118		189,886		3,082,269		6,939,273
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets: Machinery and equipment		15,567,356		73,001		-		15,640,357
Less accumulated depreciation		(10,635,063)		(73,001)		-		(10,708,064)
Total Noncurrent Assets		4,932,293						4,932,293
Total Assets	\$	8,599,411	\$	189,886	\$	3,082,269	\$	11,871,566
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	324,256	\$	-	\$	834	\$	325,090
Other accrued payables		28,214		-		-		28,214
Compensated absences		19,298		-		-		19,298
Current portion capital lease payable		399,916		-		-		399,916
Accrued insurance loss payable				-		441,007		441,007
Total Current Liabilities		771,684				441,841		1,213,525
Non-current liabilities:								
Compensated absences		21,973		-		-		21,973
Capital lease payable		1,069,531		-		-		1,069,531
Total non-current liabilities		1,091,504		-		-		1,091,504
Total Liabilities		1,863,188		-		441,841		2,305,029
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		3,462,846		-		-		3,462,846
Projects		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		3,273,377		189,886		2,640,428		6,103,691
Total Net Assets		6,736,223		189,886		2,640,428		9,566,537
Total Liabilities and	¢	0.500.411	ф	100.007	¢	2,002,240	¢	11.071.566
Net Assets	\$	8,599,411	\$	189,886	\$	3,082,269	\$	11,871,566

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Fleet Information Operations Technologies		Ma	Risk Management		Total rnal Service Funds		
Operating Revenues Charges for services - internal	ď	1 004 440	¢		ď	1 100 755	¢	2 004 105
Charges for services - Internal		1,884,440	\$		\$	1,109,755	\$	2,994,195
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>		1,884,440				1,109,755		2,994,195
Operating Expenses								
Depreciation		1,626,435		-		-		1,626,435
Salaries and benefits		504,581		-		-		504,581
Professional and technical		8,198		-		888,694		896,892
Supplies and maintenance		1,573,182						1,573,182
Total Operating Expenses		3,712,396				888,694		4,601,090
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,827,956)				221,061		(1,606,895)
Nonoperating Income (Expense)								
Interest earnings		20,535		1,152		-		21,687
Interest expense		(20,978)		-		-		(20,978)
Intergovernmental revenue		662		-		-		662
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment		188,175						188,175
Total Nonoperating Income (Expense)		188,394		1,152				189,546
Income (loss) before transfers		(1,639,562)		1,152		221,061		(1,417,349)
Capital contributions		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		98,114				50,000		148,114
Changes in Net Assets		(1,541,448)		1,152		271,061		(1,269,235)
Net Assets, Beginning		8,277,671		188,734		2,369,367		10,835,772
Net Assets, Ending	\$	6,736,223	\$	189,886	\$	2,640,428	\$	9,566,537

# CITY OF WEST JORDAN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	C	Fleet Operations	formation hnologies	Ma	Risk magement	Inte	Total ernal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from interfund services provided Payments for goods/services Payments to employees	\$	1,884,440 (1,590,217) (485,465)	\$ - - -	\$	1,104,961 (750,709)	\$	2,989,401 (2,340,926) (485,465)
Net cash flows from operating activities		(191,242)	 		354,252		163,010
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: Intergovernmental revenue received Transfers in		662 98,114	 - -		50,000		662 148,114
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities		98,776	 		50,000		148,776
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of capital assets Payments made on capital leases Interest paid on capital leases Proceeds from capital lease Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(2,008,477) (411,250) (21,144) 1,279,552 85,257	- - - -		- - - -		(2,008,477) (411,250) (21,144) 1,279,552 85,257
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	-	(1,076,062)	 				(1,076,062)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest on investments		20,535	 1,152				21,687
Net cash flows from investing activities		20,535	 1,152				21,687
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,147,993)	1,152		404,252		(742,589)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		4,787,805	 188,734		2,657,130		7,633,669
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	3,639,812	\$ 189,886	\$	3,061,382	\$	6,891,080
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities							
Earnings (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile earnings (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	\$	(1,827,956)	\$ -	\$	221,061	\$	(1,606,895)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities		1,626,435	-		-		1,626,435
Accounts receivable, net Inventory Prepaid items Accounts payable		- 1,613 - (10,450)	- - -		(4,794) - - 585		(4,794) 1,613 - (9,865)
Other accrued payables Compensated absences Accrued insurance loss payable		1,888 17,228	- - -		137,400		1,888 17,228 137,400
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(191,242)	\$ -	\$	354,252	\$	163,010

# STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of West Jordan presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosers, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules provide information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and economic condition have changed over time.	98-110
Revenue Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources: sales taxes and property taxes	111-117
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	118-126
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place	127-128
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	129-133

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Schedule 1 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Net Assets by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007				
Governmental activities									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 234,412,518	\$ 240,135,688	\$ 248,602,336	\$ 238,532,908	\$ 252,848,661				
Restricted	5,695,208	7,265,197	10,421,928	19,323,489	11,723,148				
Unrestricted	33,258,754	34,740,396	31,220,835	32,970,642	21,389,034				
Total governmental activities net assets	273,366,480	282,141,281	290,245,099	290,827,039	285,960,843				
Business-type activities									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	69,287,844	81,835,824	86,017,788	88,067,808	95,458,024				
Restricted	400,321	3,965,664	8,346,960	12,271,910	15,125,623				
Unrestricted	25,350,504	20,609,632	21,958,590	23,441,691	18,472,701				
Total business-type activities net assets	95,038,669	106,411,120	116,323,338	123,781,409	129,056,348				
Primary government									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	303,700,362	321,971,512	334,620,124	326,600,716	348,306,685				
Restricted	6,095,529	11,230,861	18,768,888	31,595,399	26,848,771				
Unrestricted	58,609,258	55,350,028	53,179,425	56,412,333	39,861,735				
Total primary government net assets	\$ 368,405,149	\$ 388,552,401	\$ 406,568,437	\$ 414,608,448	\$ 415,017,191				

	Fiscal Year								
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012				
Governmental activities									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 254,489,657	\$ 257,846,259	\$ 281,944,748	\$ 276,142,424	\$ 255,043,663				
Restricted	13,780,323	17,459,735	16,705,648	17,176,241	15,204,118				
Unrestricted	23,859,937	21,460,099	15,392,021	19,002,545	19,212,938				
Total governmental activities net assets	292,129,917	296,766,093	314,042,417	312,321,210	289,460,719				
Business-type activities									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	99,404,483	102,008,613	107,511,850	105,552,765	146,127,052				
Restricted	14,371,221	5,602,588	4,474,702	6,472,563	3,520,764				
Unrestricted	17,783,716	26,631,846	26,375,873	29,796,131	23,746,191				
Total business-type activities net assets	131,559,420	134,243,047	138,362,425	141,821,459	173,394,007				
Primary government									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	353,894,140	359,854,872	389,456,598	381,695,189	401,170,715				
Restricted	28,151,544	23,062,323	21,180,350	23,648,804	18,724,882				
Unrestricted	41,643,653	48,091,945	41,767,894	48,798,676	42,959,129				
Total primary government net assets	\$ 423,689,337	\$ 431,009,140	\$ 452,404,842	\$ 454,142,669	\$ 462,854,726				

Schedule 2 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
Expenses								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 5,114,827	\$ 4,578,769	\$ 7,268,095	\$ 8,233,366	\$ 8,804,740			
Community development	1,851,575	2,284,598	2,162,474	9,008,307	4,160,156			
Police	9,100,682	9,741,809	10,792,590	12,311,174	12,329,732			
Fire	5,629,061	7,081,016	7,192,872	8,033,001	8,037,726			
Public works	10,211,767	11,180,441	10,157,241	10,520,361	10,821,917			
Parks and recreation	2,207,450	2,175,055	2,217,892	2,935,580	2,941,202			
Interest on long-term debt	1,353,890	1,257,289	1,636,608	1,839,223	1,666,538			
Total governmental activities	35,469,252	38,298,977	41,427,772	52,881,012	48,762,011			
Business-type activities								
Water	8,199,704	9,837,122	8,925,550	11,464,422	12,045,088			
Sewer	4,645,292	5,224,852	3,522,665	5,915,633	6,065,676			
Solid waste	2,225,315	2,660,084	2,449,861	3,224,165	3,272,976			
Storm Water								
Total business-type activities	15,070,311	17,722,058	14,898,076	20,604,220	21,383,740			
Total primary government expenses	\$ 50,539,563	\$ 56,021,035	\$ 56,325,848	\$ 73,485,232	\$ 70,145,751			
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$ 1,692,327	\$ 2,074,621	\$ 2,102,427	\$ 6,007,552	\$ 6,048,472			
Community development	2,022,160	3,047,506	2,129,639	3,064,046	2,515,228			
Police	91,109	364,893	242,823	345,409	440,271			
Fire	556,080	1,010,853	908,920	1,052,514	1,267,587			
Public works	455,769	3,434,542	2,590,112	7,264,945	7,877,397			
Parks and recreation	205,634	2,378,810	1,725,471	1,711,505	1,187,167			
Operating grants and contributions	900,802	830,090	1,224,145	1,165,432	1,099,903			
Capital grants and contributions	35,713,171	5,912,065	7,634,957					
Total governmental activities	41,637,052	19,053,380	18,558,494	20,611,403	20,436,025			

	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 9,746,551	\$ 9,764,413	\$ 9,627,266	\$ 9,204,699	\$ 7,386,329
Community development	2,109,908	2,402,580	2,852,768	4,430,459	3,079,432
Police	13,972,204	14,986,605	14,921,245	14,368,579	13,795,007
Fire	8,649,704	8,936,255	9,353,437	8,949,115	9,396,340
Public works	12,489,299	12,182,007	16,794,385	14,836,808	11,661,882
Parks and recreation	3,410,474	3,461,999	3,339,110	4,065,496	3,365,411
Interest on long-term debt	1,928,458	1,691,323	1,588,550	1,330,674	1,085,725
Total governmental activities	52,306,598	53,425,182	58,476,761	57,185,830	49,770,126
Business-type activities					
Water	13,090,117	12,335,078	12,159,629	12,496,849	13,499,824
Sewer	6,488,427	6,110,727	6,480,880	6,935,784	5,528,029
Solid waste	3,735,913	3,883,289	3,656,295	3,771,748	3,817,376
Storm Water					1,396,140
Total business-type activities	23,314,457	22,329,094	22,296,804	23,204,381	24,241,369
Total primary government expenses	\$ 75,621,055	\$ 75,754,276	\$ 80,773,565	\$ 80,390,211	\$ 74,011,495
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities					
Charges for services					
General government	\$ 6,319,951	\$ 6,800,536	\$ 7,573,566	\$ 8,016,942	\$ 3,014,444
Community development	1,583,019	2,411,231	1,475,898	1,690,057	1,893,432
Police	252,266	547,971	548,533	749,985	828,015
Fire	1,015,782	1,025,915	854,380	1,294,747	1,538,673
Public works	5,911,063	4,733,786	817,446	1,446,393	1,832,517
Parks and recreation	862,782	270,929	355,798	351,241	427,743
Operating grants and contributions	884,265	3,141,675	3,404,029	3,478,389	3,675,138
Capital grants and contributions	6,021,089	3,725,269	2,750,186	2,393,179	2,908,877
Total governmental activities	22,850,217	22,657,312	17,779,836	19,420,933	16,118,839

(continued on next page)

Schedule 2 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Changes in Net Assets (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Business-type activities					
Charges for services					
Water	8,268,126	12,453,320	12,287,321	10,078,409	10,659,352
Sewer	4,045,415	6,544,882	6,588,050	4,439,626	4,875,646
Solid waste	2,611,483	3,181,828	3,421,375	3,284,713	4,149,564
Storm Water	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	6,710,522	6,832,403	5,102,505	9,579,110	6,051,172
Total business-type activities	21,635,546	29,012,433	27,399,251	27,381,858	25,735,734
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 63,272,598	\$ 48,065,813	\$ 45,957,745	\$ 47,993,261	\$ 46,171,759
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ 6,167,800	\$(19,245,597)	\$(22,869,278)	\$(32,269,609)	\$(28,325,986)
Business-type activities	6,565,235	11,290,375	12,501,175	6,777,638	4,351,994
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ 12,733,035	\$ (7,955,222)	\$(10,368,103)	\$(25,491,971)	\$(23,973,992)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 9,014,489	\$ 8,257,155	\$ 8,545,487	\$ 9,688,247	\$ 9,869,419
Tax increments for redevelopment agency	1,927,527	1,864,268	1,001,561	985,063	837,415
Sales taxes	10,422,430	11,406,021	12,329,909	13,876,702	15,070,364
Franchise taxes	2,910,135	3,398,841	3,793,487	4,592,073	4,179,410
Fee-in-lieu of property taxes	938,140	909,928	1,024,886	1,037,038	1,141,299
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Earnings on investments	588,437	482,850	1,029,396	1,839,241	2,362,580
Miscellaneous	406,400	1,664,569	345,471	762,264	669,744
Transfers	(300,000)	36,766	2,902,899	70,921	2,000
Total governmental activities	25,907,558	28,020,398	30,973,096	32,851,549	34,132,231
Business-type activities Gain on sale of capital assets	<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Earnings on investments Transfers	112,845 300,000	118,841 (36,766)	313,942 (2,902,899)	751,354 (70,921)	924,944 (2,000)
Total business-type activities	412,845	82,075	(2,588,957)	680,433	922,944
Total primary government	\$ 26,320,403	\$ 28,102,473	\$ 28,384,139	\$ 33,531,982	\$ 35,055,175
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 32,075,358 6,978,080	\$ 8,774,801 11,372,450	\$ 8,103,818 9,912,218	\$ 581,940 7,458,071	\$ 5,806,245 5,274,938
Total primary government	\$ 39,053,438	\$ 20,147,251	\$ 18,016,036	\$ 8,040,011	\$ 11,081,183

Schedule 2 (continued)
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Changes in Net Assets (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Business-type activities					
Charges for services					
Water	10,827,252	10,733,630	10,474,173	12,885,254	14,071,562
Sewer	5,880,083	6,139,043	6,427,663	7,548,753	7,790,530
Solid waste	4,386,064	4,033,183	3,955,366	4,089,160	4,149,462
Storm Water Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	806,368
Capital grants and contributions	2,724,600	3,925,345	4,333,621	2,141,867	3,867,206
Total business-type activities	23,817,999	24,831,201	25,190,823	26,665,034	30,685,128
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 46,668,216	\$ 47,488,513	\$ 42,970,659	\$ 46,085,967	\$ 46,803,967
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$(29,456,381)	\$(30,767,870)	\$(40,696,925)	\$(37,764,897)	\$(33,651,287)
Business-type activities	503,542	2,502,107	2,894,019	3,460,653	6,443,759
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$(28,952,839)	\$(28,265,763)	\$(37,802,906)	\$(34,304,244)	\$(27,207,528)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 9,575,021	\$ 9,608,570	\$ 10,127,235	\$ 10,494,095	\$ 9,811,737
Tax increments for redevelopment agency	2,584,234	2,679,868	2,714,436	2,651,201	2,282,629
Sales taxes	16,256,386	14,598,750	13,404,929	13,559,906	14,467,761
Franchise taxes	4,919,397	6,383,768	6,911,183	7,129,083	7,409,499
Fee-in-lieu of property taxes	1,048,851	1,081,519	976,689	992,661	814,006
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	113,745	780,903	188,175
Earnings on investments	2,002,604	697,912	205,146	157,793	179,373
Miscellaneous	487,383	287,215	44,312	909,826	261,443
Transfers	(1,248,421)	66,444	60,000	63,458	(21,118,076)
Total governmental activities	35,625,455	35,404,046	34,557,675	36,738,926	14,296,547
Business-type activities					
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	389,957
Earnings on investments	751,109	247,964	88,210	61,839	115,005
Transfers	1,248,421	(66,444)	(60,000)	(63,458)	21,118,076
Total business-type activities	1,999,530	181,520	28,210	(1,619)	21,623,038
Total primary government	\$ 37,624,985	\$ 35,585,566	\$ 34,585,885	\$ 36,737,307	\$ 35,919,585
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental activities	\$ 6,169,074	\$ 4,636,176	\$ (6,139,250)	\$ (1,025,971)	\$(19,354,740)
Business-type activities	2,503,072	2,683,627	2,922,229	3,459,034	28,066,797
Total primary government	\$ 8,672,146	\$ 7,319,803	\$ (3,217,021)	\$ 2,433,063	\$ 8,712,057

Schedule 3 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
General Fund					
Reserved	\$ 4,338,551	\$ 4,093,173	\$ 4,904,561	\$ 6,460,662	\$ 5,202,356
Unreserved	5,994,981	7,956,711	8,217,575	6,348,594	6,826,800
Nonspendable	-	-	=	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	=	-
Committed	-	-	=	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	=	-
Unassigned					
Total general fund	10,333,532	12,049,884	13,122,136	12,809,256	12,029,156
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved	10,408,268	9,541,976	11,368,844	7,730,172	14,373,935
Unreserved, reported in:					
Capital projects funds	3,509,318	4,846,143	8,856,990	17,348,078	11,402,883
Special revenue funds	1,456,330	1,355,916	(245,141)	(852,943)	(3,058,083)
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned					
Total all other governmental funds	15,373,916	15,744,035	19,980,693	24,225,307	22,718,735
Total governmental funds	\$ 25,707,448	\$ 27,793,919	\$ 33,102,829	\$ 37,034,563	\$ 34,747,891

Note: Fund balance classifications changed in 2011 as part of the implementation of GASB 54.

Schedule 3 (continued)
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
General Fund						
Reserved	\$ 5,204,521	\$ 4,598,621	\$ 2,851,500	\$ -	\$ -	
Unreserved	6,057,814	3,268,157	1,809,974	-	-	
Nonspendable	-	-	-	282,415	6,313	
Restricted	-	_	-	4,411,953	6,002,475	
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	
Assigned	-	_	-	18,931	620,108	
Unassigned				5,015,139	8,262,619	
Total general fund	11,262,335	7,866,778	4,661,474	9,728,438	14,891,515	
All Other Governmental Funds						
Reserved	12,578,879	16,334,218	14,339,295	-	-	
Unreserved, reported in:						
Capital projects funds	9,458,035	10,347,383	10,933,091	-	=	
Special revenue funds	685,985	1,039,201	2,223,725	-	=	
Nonspendable	=	-	-	48,070	80,180	
Restricted	-	-	-	12,461,286	9,203,388	
Committed	=	-	-	1,001,680	1,849,200	
Assigned	=	-	-	10,564,353	7,182,621	
Unassigned						
Total all other governmental funds	22,722,899	27,720,802	27,496,111	24,075,389	18,315,389	
Total governmental funds	\$ 33,985,234	\$ 35,587,580	\$ 32,157,585	\$ 33,803,827	\$ 33,206,904	

Schedule 4
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 22,967,051	\$ 24,911,029	\$ 26,823,344	\$ 29,571,835	\$ 31,097,907
Licenses and permits	1,923,378	2,777,196	1,977,626	2,735,206	2,311,943
Intergovernmental	4,079,779	4,123,786	3,570,836	4,490,199	4,124,606
Charges for services	3,195,167	3,919,569	2,178,876	1,949,034	2,794,074
Fines and forfeitures	1,442,294	1,822,690	1,838,734	1,883,114	2,056,503
Interfund charges	-	-	-	3,846,938	3,746,899
Impact fees	4,893,627	5,512,123	3,704,156	5,683,401	4,907,779
Interest	492,384	403,806	889,975	1,531,230	2,021,415
Donations	75,000	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	129,925	396,862	345,471	762,264	720,675
Total revenues	39,198,605	43,867,061	41,329,018	52,453,221	53,781,801
Expenditures					
General government	5,903,391	6,382,793	7,266,953	7,942,655	8,209,678
Community development	1,778,198	2,269,901	2,210,631	9,943,412	4,255,681
Police	8,962,448	9,608,342	10,845,453	12,006,929	12,524,025
Fire	5,514,809	6,614,197	7,169,471	7,658,183	7,952,181
Public works	5,088,531	5,572,241	4,515,394	4,959,686	5,616,994
Parks and recreation	1,664,256	1,565,423	1,525,720	2,082,308	2,157,249
Debt Service					
Principal payments	2,674,449	3,634,301	2,997,110	2,815,000	2,983,226
Interest and fiscal charges	1,297,503	1,196,199	1,519,546	1,850,473	1,674,021
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	214,576	180,920
Capital outlay	4,629,343	7,873,749	12,078,423	7,613,265	9,167,932
Total expenditures	37,512,928	44,717,146	50,128,701	57,086,487	54,721,907
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,685,677	(850,085)	(8,799,683)	(4,633,266)	(940,106)

Schedule 4 (continued)
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 34,383,889	\$ 34,352,462	\$ 34,134,473	\$ 34,826,946	\$ 34,785,632
Licenses and permits	1,695,805	1,673,568	1,673,932	1,680,397	1,805,455
Intergovernmental	4,352,402	8,472,052	4,198,469	5,242,493	6,287,634
Charges for services	2,185,107	2,751,936	2,993,569	3,640,563	3,753,976
Fines and forfeitures	1,959,221	1,799,419	1,663,079	1,928,949	1,738,670
Interfund charges	3,968,247	4,041,904	4,608,585	4,692,945	4,188,392
Impact fees	2,752,946	3,326,905	2,513,126	1,326,688	1,261,709
Interest	1,653,469	468,217	220,715	167,323	207,240
Donations	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	489,512	626,272	240,797	984,730	498,536
Total revenues	53,440,598	57,512,735	52,246,745	54,491,034	54,527,244
Expenditures					
General government	9,444,899	9,303,529	8,665,800	8,813,422	8,784,265
Community development	2,889,794	2,366,317	2,813,022	3,408,062	3,150,767
Police	13,837,413	13,968,643	13,878,366	13,768,480	13,175,846
Fire	8,385,349	8,498,186	8,951,999	8,606,718	8,603,467
Public works	6,210,680	6,084,022	5,514,854	5,093,640	4,892,084
Parks and recreation	2,471,939	2,276,192	2,162,521	2,728,228	2,030,602
Debt Service					
Principal payments	3,963,380	4,035,472	4,214,011	4,088,184	7,790,116
Interest and fiscal charges	1,897,585	1,703,130	1,542,530	1,329,180	1,058,828
Bond issuance costs	45,686	-	-	=	-
Capital outlay	8,731,613	7,342,494	9,057,433	5,373,215	6,074,326
Total expenditures	57,878,338	55,577,985	56,800,536	53,209,129	55,560,301
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(4,437,740)	1,934,750	(4,553,791)	1,281,905	(1,033,057)

(continued on next page)

Schedule 4
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of bonds	-	1,000,000	11,218,209	8,515,000	7,535,000
Discount on bonds issued	=	=	-	-	-
Payment to bond refunding escrow agen	i -	-	-	-	(7,531,718)
Interim warrants	-	-	-	-	(495,000)
Lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	122,698	2,012,953	-	-	-
Transfers in	2,103,972	1,861,671	31,625,108	8,023,776	7,789,531
Transfers out	(2,291,175)	(1,938,068)	(28,734,724)	(7,973,776)	(8,644,379)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(64,505)	2,936,556	14,108,593	8,565,000	(1,346,566)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,621,172	\$ 2,086,471	\$ 5,308,910	\$ 3,931,734	\$ (2,286,672)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.2%	13.2%	12.0%	10.5%	10.5%

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories.

Schedule 4 (continued)
CITY OF WEST JORDAN
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of bonds	4,497,000	-	-	-	3,290,000
Discount on bonds issued	(26,982)	=	=	=	-
Payment to bond refunding escrow agen	-	-	-	-	-
Interim warrants	-	=	-	=	-
Lease proceeds	-	-	220,000	-	-
Sale of capital assets	2,936	8,645	234,834	747,390	-
Transfers in	7,036,428	6,912,152	8,615,346	4,783,521	5,191,299
Transfers out	(7,834,299)	(7,253,201)	(8,784,092)	(5,069,776)	(4,539,413)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,675,083	(332,404)	286,088	461,135	3,941,886
Net change in fund balances	\$ (762,657)	\$ 1,602,346	\$ (4,267,703)	\$ 1,743,040	\$ 2,908,829
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.0%	11.8%	10.9%	10.8%	17.2%

Schedule 5 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Tax (1)	Fe	otor Vehicle e-in-lieu of operty Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Tax (2)	Total
2003	\$ 8,696,346	\$	938,140	\$ 10,422,430	\$ 2,910,135	\$ 22,967,051
2004	9,196,239		909,928	11,406,021	3,398,841	24,911,029
2005	9,675,062		1,024,886	12,329,909	3,793,487	26,823,344
2006	10,066,022		1,037,038	13,876,702	4,592,073	29,571,835
2007	10,706,834		1,141,299	15,070,364	4,179,410	31,097,907
2008	12,159,255		1,048,851	16,256,386	4,919,397	34,383,889
2009	12,288,438		1,081,519	14,598,750	6,383,768	34,352,475
2010	12,841,671		976,689	13,404,929	6,911,183	34,134,472
2011	13,145,296		992,661	13,559,906	7,129,083	34,826,946
2012	12,094,366		814,006	14,467,761	7,409,499	34,785,632
Growth						
2003-2012	39.1%		-13.2%	38.8%	154.6%	51.5%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes penalties and interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> A telecommunications tax was implemented in 2009.

		Cate				
			Business			City Direct
Calendar			Equipment			Sales Tax
Year	Retail	Services	& Utilities	Other	Total	Rate
2002	\$ 645,256,966	\$ 56,953,637	\$ 111,821,493	\$ 28,726,768	\$ 842,758,864	1.000 %
2003	721,372,070	59,432,966	127,965,982	66,052,345	974,823,363	1.000
2004	779,610,890	65,804,244	138,978,445	44,577,138	1,028,970,717	1.000
2005	799,387,798	70,187,042	164,123,644	90,713,240	1,124,411,724	1.000
2006	840,530,400	74,945,739	225,298,732	45,877,831	1,186,652,702	1.000
2007	896,521,301	77,333,631	203,463,655	126,530,263	1,303,848,850	1.000
2008	840,773,887	80,591,718	298,670,106	102,267,897	1,322,303,608	1.000
2009	828,022,960	82,399,762	259,685,855	32,070,469	1,202,179,046	1.000
2010	793,464,695	103,958,444	254,839,010	32,502,668	1,184,764,817	1.000
2011	721,045,458	247,509,130	221,084,342	41,939,927	1,231,578,857	1.000

Schedule 7 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Primary Residential Property	Other Property	Less: Adjustments	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2003	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 2,647,019,329	0.002419	\$ 4,453,262,667	59.44 %
2004	\$ 1,913,727,274	\$ 1,089,015,730	\$ 265,116,877	2,737,626,127	0.002466	4,568,519,865	59.92
2005	2,077,650,682	1,175,997,080	218,199,952	3,035,447,810	0.002695	4,953,543,775	61.28
2006	2,300,533,795	1,244,500,864	239,861,138	3,305,173,521	0.002572	5,427,289,582	60.90
2007	2,702,458,047	1,434,515,162	260,053,168	3,876,920,041	0.002259	6,348,075,247	61.07
2008	3,511,535,262	1,748,285,317	399,449,078	4,860,371,501	0.001856	8,132,894,884	59.76
2009	3,536,115,426	2,109,356,697	380,599,510	5,264,872,613	0.001810	8,538,657,472	61.66
2010	3,148,488,044	1,996,323,713	411,371,675	4,733,440,082	0.002080	7,720,847,429	61.31
2011	3,119,933,190	1,936,404,242	348,844,042	4,707,493,390	0.002128	7,609,010,042	61.87
2012	3,015,103,177	1,938,017,434	374,382,067	4,578,738,544	0.002069	7,420,023,210	61.71

Note: Property in Salt Lake County is reassessed once every five years on average. The county assesses non-residential property at actual value and assesses residential property at 55 percent of actual value. Estimated actual value of residential property is calculated by dividing assessed value by 55 percent. Tax rates are per dollar of assessed value.

(1) Year 2003 is estimated based on ratio of assessed to market value for the prior fiscal year. Years following 2003 are estimated based on ratio of assessed to market value for the current fiscal year.

N/A = Not available

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

Schedule 8 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected					
	Total	Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections	 Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal	Tax	_	Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage	
Year	Levy	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	
2003	\$ 6,750,625	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 6,743,407	99.89	
2004	7,387,101	7,044,284	95.36	243,389	7,287,672	98.65	
2005	8,727,713	8,394,805	96.19	258,976	8,653,781	99.15	
2006	9,085,903	8,747,963	96.28	238,919	8,986,882	98.91	
2007	9,394,263	9,049,085	96.33	241,308	9,290,393	98.89	
2008	9,847,784	9,327,041	94.71	286,962	9,614,003	97.63	
2009	10,259,693	9,351,921	91.15	314,371	9,666,291	94.22	
2010	10,564,715	9,722,647	92.03	365,023	10,087,669	95.48	
2011	10,784,995	10,091,756	93.57	169,094	10,260,850	95.14	
2012	10,135,638	9,533,958	94.06	-	9,533,958	94.06	

Note: Years preceding 2004 reflect total collections, including delinquent collections, relative to the tax levy. Year 2004 begins tracking collections by levy year.

Source: Salt Lake County Treasurer

	City				Botanical,	
Fiscal	Direct	State of	Salt Lake	Mass	Cultural,	
Year	Rate (1)	Utah	County	Transit	Zoo	Total
2003	1.000	4.750	0.250	0.500	0.100	6.600 %
2004	1.000	4.750	0.250	0.500	0.100	6.600
2005	1.000	4.750	0.250	0.500	0.100	6.600
2006	1.000	4.750	0.250	0.500	0.100	6.600
2007	1.000	4.750	0.500	0.500	0.100	6.850
2008	1.000	4.650	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.800
2009	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850
2010	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850
2011	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850
2012	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to taxable sales within the City.

(1) Of the total sales taxes assessed by municipalities within the state, 50 percent is distributed based on point of sale and 50 percent is pooled and distributed based on population.

	Cit	y Direct Rates	(1)	Overlapping Rates					
Fiscal Year	Operating	Debt Service	Total Direct	Salt Lake County	Jordan School District	Other	Total		
2003	0.002419	0.000000	0.002419	0.003683	0.008344	0.000767	0.015213		
2004	0.002466	0.000000	0.002466	0.003615	0.008366	0.000789	0.015236		
2005	0.002420	0.000275	0.002695	0.003549	0.008856	0.000778	0.015878		
2006	0.002319	0.000253	0.002572	0.003378	0.008655	0.000831	0.015436		
2007	0.002043	0.000216	0.002259	0.002988	0.007347	0.000737	0.013331		
2008	0.001686	0.000170	0.001856	0.002511	0.006617	0.000725	0.011709		
2009	0.001654	0.000156	0.001810	0.002431	0.006150	0.000692	0.011083		
2010	0.001906	0.000174	0.002080	0.002842	0.005980	0.000825	0.011727		
2011	0.001953	0.000175	0.002128	0.003176	0.006485	0.000881	0.012670		
2012	0.002003	0.000066	0.002069	0.003300	0.007319	0.000912	0.013600		

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to property owners within the City. Tax rates are per dollar of assessed value.

(1) The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

		2012			2004	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Sales		Total	Sales		Total
Taxpayer	Tax (1)	Rank	Sales Tax (1)	Tax (1)	Rank	Sales Tax (1)
Wal-Mart Stores	N/A	1	N/A	N/A	1	N/A
Smith's	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	9	N/A
Sam's Club	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	2	N/A
Rocky Mountain Power	N/A	4	N/A	N/A		N/A
Target	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	8	N/A
Sysco Foods	N/A	6	N/A	N/A		N/A
The Home Depot	N/A	7	N/A	N/A	4	N/A
Lowe's	N/A	8	N/A	N/A	10	N/A
Best Buy	N/A	9	N/A	N/A		N/A
Questar Gas	N/A	10	N/A	N/A		N/A
Stock Building Supply	N/A		N/A	N/A	3	N/A
Sears Roebuck	N/A		N/A	N/A	5	N/A
BMC West	N/A		N/A	N/A	6	N/A
Macey's	N/A		N/A	N/A	7	N/A
Total	\$ 4,299,110		29.72 %	\$ 4,268,655		37.42 %

Note: Sales tax information for nine years ago is not available. Information required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles is shown prospectively from 2004.

(1) Sales tax information is considered proprietary and cannot be shown by individual payer, so the group is shown in the aggregate.

N/A = Not applicable

Schedule 12 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2012			2003	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Assessed		Total Assessed	Assessed		Total Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Jordan Landing LLC	\$ 110,133,000	1	2.41 %	\$ 81,316,835	1	2.97 %
CHC Jordan Valley Inc	43,234,500	2	0.94	16,474,000	4	0.60
Masco Cabinet Group LLC	41,749,600	3	0.91	-		-
Mtn America Credit Union	29,877,700	4	0.65	-		-
Oracle America Inc	28,454,380	5	0.62	-		-
Willowcove Intntl LLC	24,317,590	6	0.53	-		-
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	17,452,500	7	0.38	12,442,000	6	0.45
Campus View LLC	17,136,600	8	0.37	-		-
Sysco Foods	16,685,000	9	0.36	19,951,100	2	0.73
WRI West Jordan LLC	16,461,600	10	0.36	-		-
CPI West Jordan	-		-	18,926,600	3	0.69
Dannon Company Inc	-		-	13,877,800	5	0.51
Dana Commercial Credit	-		-	11,259,400	7	0.41
Grand Central Inc	=		-	10,294,700	8	0.38
Broadmoor Holdings Inc	-		-	9,959,015	9	0.36
Miller Westgate				9,658,825	10	0.35
Total	\$ 345,502,470		7.55 %	\$ 204,160,275		7.46 %

Source: Salt Lake County Assessor

Governmenta	l Activities
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					Tax		_
	General	Lease	Sales Tax	Excise Tax	Increment	Special	Notes
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	Revenue	Road	Revenue	Assessment	Payable to
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Developers
2003	\$ -	\$ 7,305,000	\$ 13,225,000	\$ 3,760,000	\$ 335,000	\$ -	\$ 2,677,333
2004	-	6,915,000	11,955,000	3,350,000	1,000,000	-	1,642,147
2005	10,455,000	6,510,000	10,645,000	2,925,000	835,000	-	1,600,690
2006	10,110,000	6,085,000	9,290,000	2,485,000	8,690,000	-	1,466,287
2007	10,430,000	5,645,000	7,890,000	2,025,000	8,555,000	-	1,363,061
2008	10,015,000	5,185,000	6,410,000	1,550,000	7,615,000	4,497,000	1,264,681
2009	9,590,000	4,705,000	4,910,000	1,050,000	6,605,000	4,497,000	1,244,209
2010	9,145,000	4,200,000	3,360,000	540,000	5,520,000	4,497,000	837,708
2011	8,685,000	3,675,000	1,725,000	-	4,730,000	4,497,000	837,708
2012	8,210,000	3,290,000	_	=	3,960,000	4,497,000	=

Note: Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See Schedule 22 for personal income and population data.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	Contracts Payable	Water Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2003	\$ 399,931	\$ 1,955,000	\$ 10,500,000	\$ -	\$ 40,157,264	1.56	\$ 456
2004	253,739	1,880,000	9,600,000	721,483	37,317,369	1.35	404
2005	78,424	1,800,000	11,185,000	583,529	46,617,643	1.58	489
2006	998,890	1,715,000	7,835,000	441,223	49,116,400	1.52	504
2007	847,843	1,625,000	5,375,000	294,427	44,050,331	1.20	432
2008	704,204	1,530,000	3,790,000	143,000	42,703,885	1.10	416
2009	574,059	1,430,000	2,465,000	-	37,070,268	0.93	357
2010	644,762	1,325,000	1,040,000	-	31,109,470	0.80	296
2011	778,951	1,215,000	2,530,000	-	28,673,659	0.71	270
2012	1,617,873	1,850,000	1,710,000	-	25,134,873	0.61	235

Schedule 14 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General Bonded Debt Outstanding							ntage	of		
	General					·	Actual				
Fiscal	Obliga	tion	Otl	her			Va	lue of		F	Per
Year	Bone	Bonds Bonds		T	Total		Property (1)		Capita (2)		
2003	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=		-	%	\$	-
2004		-		-		-		-			-
2005	10,455	,000		-	10,4	55,000		0.34			110
2006	10,110	,000		-	10,1	10,000		0.31			104
2007	10,430	,000		-	10,4	30,000		0.27			102
2008	10,015	,000		-	10,0	15,000		0.21			98
2009	9,590	,000		-	9,5	90,000		0.18			92
2010	9,145	,000		-	9,1	45,000		0.19			87
2011	8,685	,000		-	8,6	85,000		0.18			82
2012	8,210	,000		-	8,2	10,000		0.18			77

Note: Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities.

- (1) See Schedule 7 for property value data.
- (2) See Schedule 22 for population data.

Governmental Unit	(	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to West Jordan (1)	A	Estimated Amount pplicable to Vest Jordan
Jordan School District Salt Lake County	\$	85,182,300 255,420,000	30.35 % 6.30	\$	25,852,828 16,091,460
Total overlapping debt					41,944,288
City of West Jordan (2)	\$	23,424,873	100.00		23,424,873
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	65,369,161

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of West Jordan. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Jordan School District; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

	Fiscal Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007					
Debt Limit	\$ 178,130,507	\$ 182,740,795	\$ 198,141,751	\$ 217,091,583	\$ 253,923,010					
Total debt applicable to limit (1)			10,455,000	10,110,000	10,430,000					
Legal debt margin	\$ 178,130,507	\$ 182,740,795	\$ 187,686,751	\$ 206,981,583	\$ 243,493,010					
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	5.28%	4.66%	4.11%					
Legal Debt Margin Calculation	for Fiscal Year 20	11								
Estimated market value Debt limit (4% of market valu	e)	\$	7,420,023,210 296,800,928							
Debt applicable to limit (1)			8,210,000							
Legal debt margin		\$	288,590,928							

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

_			Fiscal Year		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Debt Limit	\$ 325,315,795	\$ 341,546,299	\$ 308,833,897	\$ 304,360,402	\$ 296,800,928
Total debt applicable to limit (1)	10,015,000	9,590,000	9,145,000	8,685,000	8,210,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 315,300,795	\$ 331,956,299	\$ 299,688,897	\$ 295,675,402	\$ 288,590,928
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.08%	2.81%	2.96%	2.85%	2.77%

Schedule 17 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage Water Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

2004       12,523,702       8,095,110       4,428,592       900,000       146,086       1,046,086       4         2005       12,521,995       6,085,885       6,436,110       1,280,000       237,376       1,517,376       4         2006       13,663,327       9,293,479       4,369,848       1,250,000       335,879       1,585,879       2         2007       13,477,178       9,870,794       3,606,384       1,260,000       299,163       1,559,163       2         2008       12,514,128       10,951,456       1,562,672       1,585,000       92,225       1,677,225       0         2009       12,770,209       10,243,566       2,526,643       1,325,000       155,390       1,480,390       1         2010       12,330,587       10,044,419       2,286,168       1,425,000       101,065       1,526,065       1	
2003         \$ 9,761,397         \$ 6,621,253         \$ 3,140,144         \$ 1,145,000         \$ 68,649         \$ 1,213,649         2           2004         12,523,702         8,095,110         4,428,592         900,000         146,086         1,046,086         4           2005         12,521,995         6,085,885         6,436,110         1,280,000         237,376         1,517,376         4           2006         13,663,327         9,293,479         4,369,848         1,250,000         335,879         1,585,879         2           2007         13,477,178         9,870,794         3,606,384         1,260,000         299,163         1,559,163         2           2008         12,514,128         10,951,456         1,562,672         1,585,000         92,225         1,677,225         0           2009         12,770,209         10,243,566         2,526,643         1,325,000         155,390         1,480,390         1           2010         12,330,587         10,044,419         2,286,168         1,425,000         101,065         1,526,065         1	
2004       12,523,702       8,095,110       4,428,592       900,000       146,086       1,046,086       4         2005       12,521,995       6,085,885       6,436,110       1,280,000       237,376       1,517,376       4         2006       13,663,327       9,293,479       4,369,848       1,250,000       335,879       1,585,879       2         2007       13,477,178       9,870,794       3,606,384       1,260,000       299,163       1,559,163       2         2008       12,514,128       10,951,456       1,562,672       1,585,000       92,225       1,677,225       0         2009       12,770,209       10,243,566       2,526,643       1,325,000       155,390       1,480,390       1         2010       12,330,587       10,044,419       2,286,168       1,425,000       101,065       1,526,065       1	age
2005       12,521,995       6,085,885       6,436,110       1,280,000       237,376       1,517,376       4         2006       13,663,327       9,293,479       4,369,848       1,250,000       335,879       1,585,879       2         2007       13,477,178       9,870,794       3,606,384       1,260,000       299,163       1,559,163       2         2008       12,514,128       10,951,456       1,562,672       1,585,000       92,225       1,677,225       0         2009       12,770,209       10,243,566       2,526,643       1,325,000       155,390       1,480,390       1         2010       12,330,587       10,044,419       2,286,168       1,425,000       101,065       1,526,065       1	2.59
2006       13,663,327       9,293,479       4,369,848       1,250,000       335,879       1,585,879       2         2007       13,477,178       9,870,794       3,606,384       1,260,000       299,163       1,559,163       2         2008       12,514,128       10,951,456       1,562,672       1,585,000       92,225       1,677,225       0         2009       12,770,209       10,243,566       2,526,643       1,325,000       155,390       1,480,390       1         2010       12,330,587       10,044,419       2,286,168       1,425,000       101,065       1,526,065       1	1.23
2007       13,477,178       9,870,794       3,606,384       1,260,000       299,163       1,559,163       2         2008       12,514,128       10,951,456       1,562,672       1,585,000       92,225       1,677,225       0         2009       12,770,209       10,243,566       2,526,643       1,325,000       155,390       1,480,390       1         2010       12,330,587       10,044,419       2,286,168       1,425,000       101,065       1,526,065       1	1.24
2008       12,514,128       10,951,456       1,562,672       1,585,000       92,225       1,677,225       0         2009       12,770,209       10,243,566       2,526,643       1,325,000       155,390       1,480,390       1         2010       12,330,587       10,044,419       2,286,168       1,425,000       101,065       1,526,065       1	2.76
2009       12,770,209       10,243,566       2,526,643       1,325,000       155,390       1,480,390       1         2010       12,330,587       10,044,419       2,286,168       1,425,000       101,065       1,526,065       1	2.31
2010 12,330,587 10,044,419 2,286,168 1,425,000 101,065 1,526,065 1	).93
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1.71
2011 13 678 673 10 425 154 3 253 519 1 035 000 68 819 1 103 819 2	1.50
2011 13,070,073 10,123,131 3,233,317 1,033,000 00,017 1,103,017 2	2.95
2012 15,822,089 11,362,423 4,459,666 820,000 66,057 886,057 5	5.03

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Total revenues (including interest and impact fees).
- (2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

Schedule 18 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Sales Tax							
Year	 Revenue		Principal	Interest		Total		Coverage
2003	\$ 10,422,430	\$	1,235,000	\$	589,335	\$	1,824,335	5.71
2004	11,406,021		1,270,000		550,476		1,820,476	6.27
2005	12,329,909		1,310,000		514,175		1,824,175	6.76
2006	13,876,702		1,355,000		469,800		1,824,800	7.60
2007	15,070,364		1,400,000		422,375		1,822,375	8.27
2008	16,256,386		1,480,000		369,875		1,849,875	8.79
2009	14,598,750		1,500,000		310,675		1,810,675	8.06
2010	13,404,929		1,550,000		250,675		1,800,675	7.44
2011	13,559,906		1,635,000		184,800		1,819,800	7.45
2012	14,467,761		1,725,000		94,875		1,819,875	7.95

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule 19 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage Excise Tax Road Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Class C						
Fiscal	Road Tax						
Year	 Allotment	F	Principal	Interest		Total	Coverage
2003	\$ 2,727,564	\$	400,000	\$ 163,848	\$	563,848	4.84
2004	3,113,374		410,000	154,962		564,962	5.51
2005	2,357,115		425,000	142,413		567,413	4.15
2006	2,843,839		440,000	124,675		564,675	5.04
2007	3,124,425		460,000	108,175		568,175	5.50
2008	3,336,326		475,000	89,775		564,775	5.91
2009	2,988,010		500,000	71,725		571,725	5.23
2010	3,043,600		510,000	48,600		558,600	5.45
2011	3,147,303		540,000	25,650		565,650	5.56
2012	3,173,758		-	-		-	N/A

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

N/A = Not applicable

Schedule 20 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	1	Tax Increment	Deh	t Serv	vice Requiren	nents		
Year		Revenue	Principal		Interest	Total		Coverage
2003	\$	1,927,527	\$ 320,000	\$	35,764	\$	355,764	5.42
2004		1,864,268	335,000		18,578		353,578	5.27
2005		1,001,561	165,000		44,849		209,849	4.77
2006		985,063	165,000		266,915		431,915	2.28
2007		1,366,587	135,000		440,083		575,083	2.38
2008		2,584,234	940,000		434,413		1,374,413	1.88
2009		2,679,868	1,010,000		390,213		1,400,213	1.91
2010		2,714,436	1,085,000		341,565		1,426,565	1.90
2011		2,651,201	790,000		289,315		1,079,315	2.46
2012		2,282,629	770,000		249,341		1,019,341	2.24

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule 21 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Pledged-Revenue Coverage HUD Contract Payable Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	De <sup>e</sup> Bl	ommunity velopment ock Grant			ice Requiren	nents		
Year	F	Revenue	P	rincipal	 Interest		Total	Coverage
2003	\$	588,465	\$	70,000	\$ 150,620	\$	220,620	2.67
2004		559,642		75,000	145,475		220,475	2.54
2005		501,878		80,000	139,943		219,943	2.28
2006		541,696		85,000	134,048		219,048	2.47
2007		555,568		90,000	127,805		217,805	2.55
2008		501,969		95,000	121,167		216,167	2.32
2009		743,878		100,000	114,127		214,127	3.47
2010		451,102		105,000	106,740		211,740	2.13
2011		613,096		110,000	98,865		208,865	2.94
2012		496,435		115,000	26,078		141,078	3.52

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Fiscal Year	Population	 Personal Income (1)	 Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2003	87,969	\$ 2,581,802,181	\$ 29,349	5.9 %
2004	92,475	2,759,269,050	29,838	5.8
2005	95,422	2,949,112,332	30,906	5.1
2006	97,365	3,224,047,245	33,113	4.1
2007	101,915	3,674,545,325	36,055	2.9
2008	102,660	3,872,951,160	37,726	2.5
2009	103,740	3,973,656,960	38,304	3.3
2010	104,969	3,912,824,444	37,276	7.4
2011	106,286	4,041,206,292	38,022	7.8
2012	106,954	4,147,890,028	38,782	6.5

- (1) Estimates of total personal income are derived by multiplying per capita personal income amounts by the corresponding population.
- (2) Per capita personal income amounts are for Salt Lake County. The amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2011 are shown in fiscal year 2012. Amounts for calendar year 2011 are estimated at 2 percent greater than calendar year 2010 amounts.
- (3) Unemployment rates are for the Salt Lake City, UT metropolitan area. The rates shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., rates for calendar year 2011 are shown in fiscal year 2012.

## N/A = Not available

Sources: Population information provided by the West Jordan Community Development Department. Per capita personal income information provided by the Governor's Office of Planning & Budget. Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Schedule 23 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2012	<u> </u>	2003			
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Jordan School District	3,145	1	9.49 %	1,905	1	6.90 %	
Jordan Valley Medical Center	625	2	1.89	440	5	1.59	
Wal-Mart	581	3	1.75	480	4	1.74	
Fairchild Semi-conductor	575	4	1.73	575	2	2.08	
West Jordan City	538	5	1.62	419	6	1.52	
Sysco Intermountain Food Services	438	6	1.32	524	3	1.90	
Mountain America Credit Union	400	7	1.21	-		-	
SME Industries	375	8	1.13	-		-	
Smith's	364	9	1.10	-		-	
Target	285	10	0.86	-		-	
Ream's	_		-	292	7	1.06	
Sears Roebuck	-		-	255	8	0.92	
Macey's	-		-	250	9	0.91	
Sam's Club				250	10	0.91	
Total	7,326		22.10 %	5,390		19.52 %	

Sources: West Jordan Business License Division; Jordan School District; Wasatch Front Regional Council

Schedule 24 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Nine Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General government									
Mayor & city council	4.00	4.10	4.10	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.56	4.62	4.62
Administration	9.50	8.90	14.40	13.90	15.90	15.10	6.45	6.07	7.07
Support services	15.63	14.63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance/Admin. services	11.50	17.50	27.50	23.00	23.33	23.33	31.51	29.25	30.00
Information Technologies	-	-	-	7.00	7.00	7.00	-	-	-
Facilities	-	-	4.93	5.93	6.93	6.93	4.00	4.00	4.00
Attorney	8.75	10.75	10.75	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	11.90	12.50
Court	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Community development									
Planning & zoning	9.50	9.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	11.29	9.79	9.79
Economic development	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	1.71	1.71	1.71
Building safety	12.25	12.17	12.27	11.62	11.62	10.20	9.23	9.23	9.23
Police									
Support services	25.20	54.20	58.70	60.70	62.50	64.50	61.97	60.62	61.52
Line services	108.80	86.80	86.35	90.25	89.25	90.10	89.78	89.13	89.23
Animal control	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.28	6.28	9.28
Fire	85.00	85.00	85.00	85.00	85.00	86.00	86.00	86.00	86.00
Public works									
Public works admin.	0.75	4.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	6.75	6.00	6.00	6.00
Engineering	15.33	18.33	23.15	24.40	24.40	24.90	17.75	17.75	17.25
Streets	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	24.00	24.00	21.60	21.10	23.10
Storm drain	-	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-
Fleet operations	8.75	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	7.00	7.00	8.00
Parks and recreation	13.00	15.50	14.50	15.50	18.00	18.00	15.00	15.00	14.00
Water	17.59	14.00	15.00	15.00	18.00	17.25	18.00	19.00	17.00
Sewer	12.16	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	13.00	12.00
Solid waste	3.75	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.90	2.40	2.40
Stormwater									
Total	398.45	412.37	430.15	442.40	458.53	460.66	433.03	429.85	434.70

Note: Full-time equivalent employees shown are based on authorized positions as determined by the salary schedule and the personnel budgets for the specified year.

Source: West Jordan Human Resources Division

Schedule 25 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	Fiscal Year					
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Community development						
Residential building permits issued	1,162	1,757	1,299	1,339	957	
Commercial building permits issued	339	258	182	258	287	
Police						
Calls for service (1)	55,661	59,247	46,352	59,866	57,299	
Arrests	3,036	2,718	2,998	3,237	3,436	
Violations cited	14,724	16,158	14,942	15,531	15,975	
Fire						
Medical responses	2,610	3,473	3,251	3,296	3,038	
Fire responses	1,015	1,059	1,033	1,193	1,222	
Water						
Residential accounts serviced	16,859	17,847	18,806	19,174	19,605	
Commercial accounts serviced	943	1,044	1,107	1,099	1,234	
Average daily consumption						
(thousands of gallons)	14,202	15,611	13,980	16,455	17,001	
Sewer						
Sewer line miles inspected	N/A	64	55	45	27	
Sewer line miles cleaned (2)	N/A	214	181	105	103	

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government, public works, parks & recreation, or solid waste functions. Some of the amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2010 would be shown in fiscal year 2011.

## N/A = Not available

Sources: West Jordan Community Development Department, Police Department, Fire Department, and Public Works Department

<sup>(1)</sup> The decrease from 2004 to 2005 is due to a change in reporting methodology from Valley Emergency Communications Center, a regional dispatch center.

<sup>(2)</sup> The tracking methodology changed effective January 1, 2006. Prior to that date, multiple passes through the same section of pipe were counted toward the total cleaning, e.g., three passes through a 400 foot section of pipe would be counted as 1,200 feet cleaned. Following that date, only the lineal feet of the section being cleaned were counted, e.g., three passes through a 400 foot section of pipe would be counted as 400 feet cleaned.

Function/Program	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Community development						
Residential building permits issued	721	641	770	611	682	
Commercial building permits issued	267	270	232	188	211	
Police						
Calls for service (1)	54,506	55,183	65,186	66,820	62,414	
Arrests	3,437	3,738	3,719	3,654	3,514	
Violations cited	16,996	13,452	13,686	14,610	13,170	
Fire						
Medical responses	3,586	3,448	3,441	3,562	3,792	
Fire responses	1,558	1,356	1,286	1,233	1,218	
Water						
Residential accounts serviced	19,852	19,877	19,923	20,072	20,315	
Commercial accounts serviced	1,381	1,416	1,489	1,549	1,569	
Average daily consumption						
(thousands of gallons)	18,092	17,613	16,015	16,596	18,530	
Sewer						
Sewer line miles inspected	38	37	41	39	22	
Sewer line miles cleaned (2)	99	113	112	124	93	

Schedule 26 CITY OF WEST JORDAN Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	Fiscal Year					
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Police						
Marked patrol vehicles	N/A	71	71	71	71	
Fire						
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	
Fire engines	N/A	6	6	6	7	
Ambulances	N/A	5	5	5	5	
Public works						
Street miles	325	325	325	327	329	
Streetlights	3,605	3,834	4,303	4,528	4,633	
Parks and recreation						
Park acreage	239	274	274	280	280	
Baseball/softball diamonds	25	25	25	26	26	
Soccer fields	23	24	24	24	24	
Water						
Water main miles	N/A	272	316	326	339	
Storage capacity						
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	28,000	26,500	26,500	30,500	

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government, community development, sewer, or solid waste functions.

N/A = Not available

Sources: West Jordan Police Department, Fire Department, and Public Works Department

Function/Program	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Police						
Marked patrol vehicles	71	75	77	77	77	
Fire						
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	
Fire engines	6	6	6	6	6	
Ambulances	5	5	5	5	5	
Public works						
Street miles	335	328	309	316	329	
Streetlights	4,713	4,852	4,900	4,950	4,970	
Parks and recreation						
Park acreage	304	321	329	331	336	
Baseball/softball diamonds	19	19	19	19	19	
Soccer fields	24	24	20	20	20	
Water						
Water main miles	343	347	360	362	378	
Storage capacity						
(thousands of gallons)	30,500	30,500	30,500	30,500	30,500	